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 University of Nairobi

OECD Guidelines on Training of Inspectors on Quality Inspection

International level:

Trade facilitation through harmonised application and interpretation of international F&V



Standards

National level:

Internal harmonisation of inspection methods and interpretation of standards f

INSPECTORS !!!!

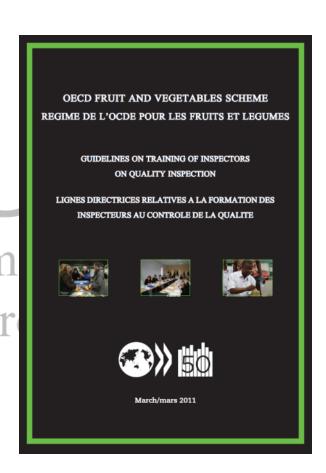


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OECD Guidelines on Training of Inspectors on Quality Inspection

Specifications:

- Adopted in 2010
- Internationally agreed reference document
- Set up the minimum level of education and training for inspectors
- Can be applied by the government as well as the private sector
- Available from the OECD website free of all charges



Purpose of the training

- Create professional harmonisation within the national inspection service(s)
- Keep the inspector well informed on
 - National legislation and international rules
 - National /international marketing standards
 - Inspection procedures
 - Latest developments in the market standards



Professional background of the inspectors

In general, inspectors need to have competent qualification for implementation of quality checks.

- Background education:
 - horticulture or agriculture or
 - adequate professional skills and expertise (e.g. food technology or human nutrition) eed Enterprises Management Institute
- + They need to pass professional trainings
- + They need to be authorised for implementation of quality inspection

Types of trainings Initial training

It is intended for new recruited inspectors without any experience in quality control.

The duration of the training is depend on the intensity and should accomplished within 1 year.

Two parts:

- Theoretical training
- Practical training, e.g. "hands-on" and "on-the-job" training under supervision of a senior inspector
- It is ended with an examination which should be completed before the authorisation.
- It is advised to set up a legal background for initial training for legal clarity.

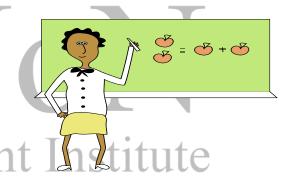
Types of trainings Initial training

Recommended subjects for the theoretical training:

- Inspection and certification procedures
- National and international legislation
- Export and import conditions and requirements



- Legal procedures Versity of Nairobi
- Psychological training (acting in challenging situations)



Types of trainings Annual training programme

The most effective way how the inspectors can be kept informed.

It is recommended to have at least one_training per year.



- New standards and amended standards
- Changes in legislation
- Specific training on selected products (e.g. before season or new product)
- Information from international trainings and activities of international organisations
- Technical visit (update on production, post harvest, etc.)
- "Hands-on" Trainings







Types of trainings Trainers

These trainings should be performed by very experienced inspectors with special interest and capability for training.

The trainers must be:

- Well informed on last developments and trends on the market
- Ideally have higher degree in horticulture
- Experince in marketing quality control



Training tools

Text of national and international standards and legislation)

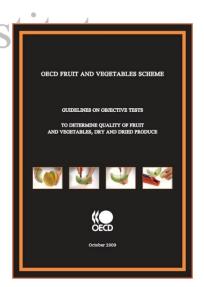


The OECD developed many inspection tools which can be also used as training materials:

- OECD explanatory brochures
- OECD guidelines for inspection procedures

 (Annex II to Council Decision C(2006)95
- OECD Guidelines on Objective Tests
- OECD colour gauges
- OECD PowerPoint Presentations
- OECD Guidelines on Risk Analysis





OECD Trade and Agriculture



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