Pre-Cleaning and Air-Screen Cleaning

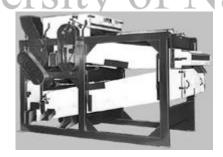
Dr. Yuh-Yuan Shyy

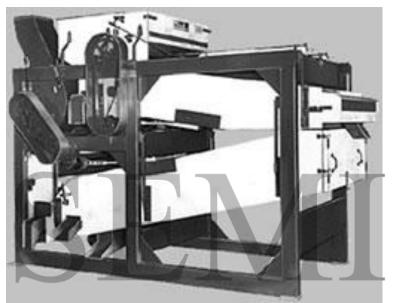
Seed Enterprises Management Institute
Scientist/Sr. Engineer/IT Management
Un Seed Science Center 1001
Iowa State University, Ames, Iowa USA

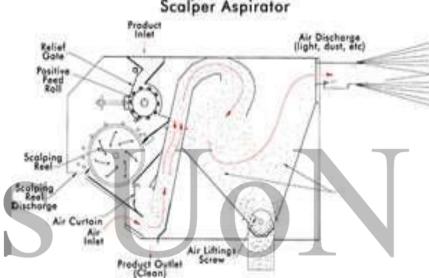
192 Seed Science Center, email: yshyy@iastate.edu



- Why?
 - Enough trash is removed to permit bulk storage and processing
 - Seed feed more evenly through down-stream equipment
 - High moisture, green material is removed decreasing time and cost of drying
 - Removal of bulk of trash permits finer top screens to be used resulting in precise separations
- Cleaning machines are more efficient ement Institute
 - Most commonly done by a scalper
- What is a scalper?







Open Circuit

Pre-cleaning air-screen cleaner, is designed for high capacity pre-cleaning and market cleaning of seeds. This model is designed for effective removal of light, large, and small waste. It begins with two screens that allow the top screen always serves as a scalper and the bottom screen functions as a sifter.

Aspirator can be used with scalper for both before and/or after product enters to precleaning cleaner. It is also designed for high capacity removal of trash from seed.

Pre-Cleaning Operation: 1,500 AC China



• Debeaders:



Seeds with awns, hairs or other chaffy appendages reduce flowability in cleaning equipment

It removes these unwanted appendages with rotary and beating arms

Huller-Scarifier

Removes bull or pods and scarifies hard seeds SPEED

- Throws seed against sandpaper or rubber concaves
 - Harsh process with potential for seed damage

Products after Pre-Cleaning:

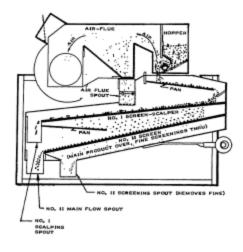


- Seeds need to be precisely cleaned for improving quality and make it legal to sale as 'seed' Germination, purity, health, and vigor
- Air-Screen Separator is the most common machine in the seed processing operation
- It combines the principles of screen and air separation. This combination of principles separates the over/under size and fine/light debris from the seed

Air-Screen Cleaning

- Basic machine in most seed processing plants
- Combines air separation with sieve operations
- Based on differences in size and weight of seeds
- Three cleaning elements:
 - Aspiration: Removal of <u>light material</u> from the seeds
 - Scalping: Removal of <u>oversize material</u> from seeds
 - Sifting: Removal of <u>undersize material</u> from seeds

Seed





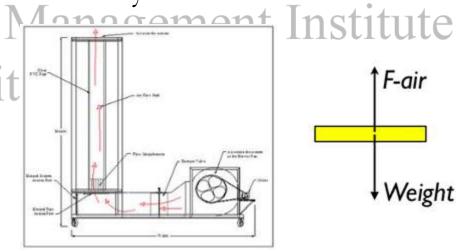
(c) Seed Science Center, ISU/Dr. Shyy/May 2012

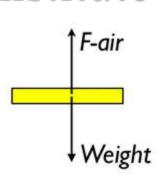
Air-Screen Cleaning - AIR



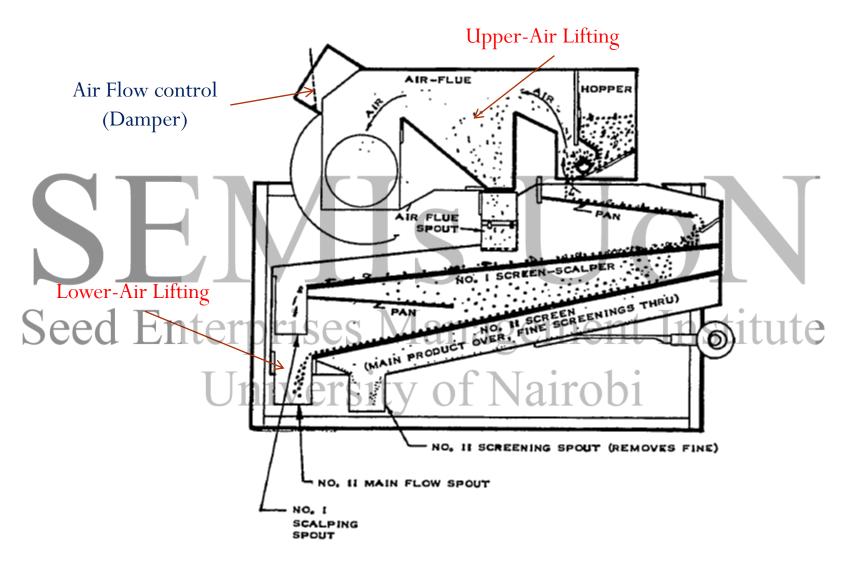
Air Separation, 1,500 AC China

- The air separation is based upon the terminal velocity difference of material
- The light material is removed from the seed by air flow since it has smaller terminal velocity
- How to measure 'Terminal Velocity'?

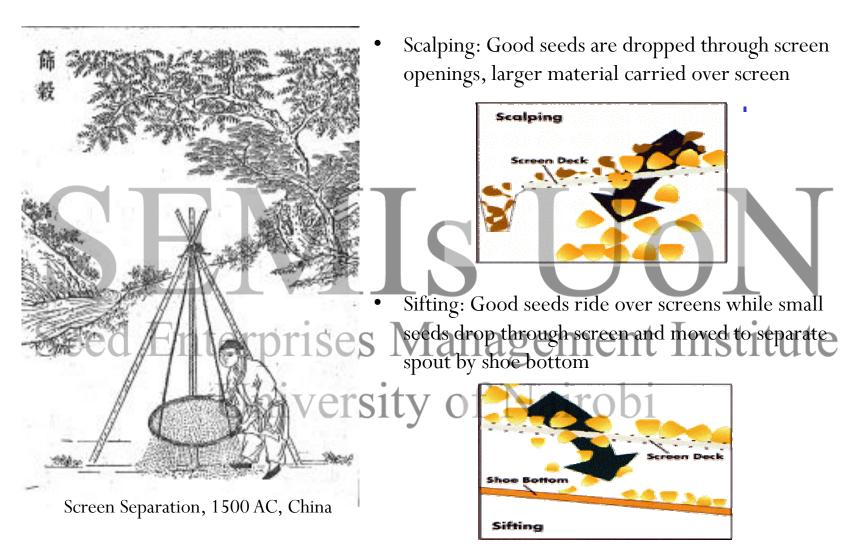




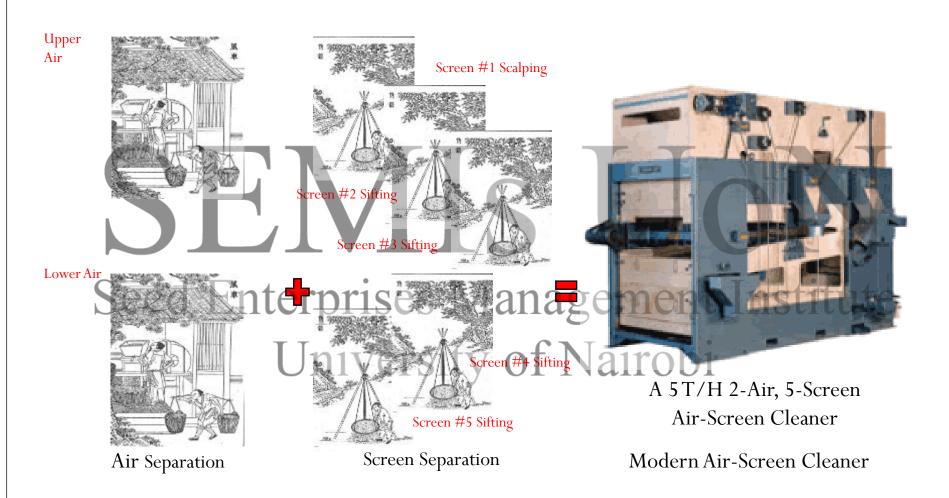
Air-Screen Cleaning - AIR

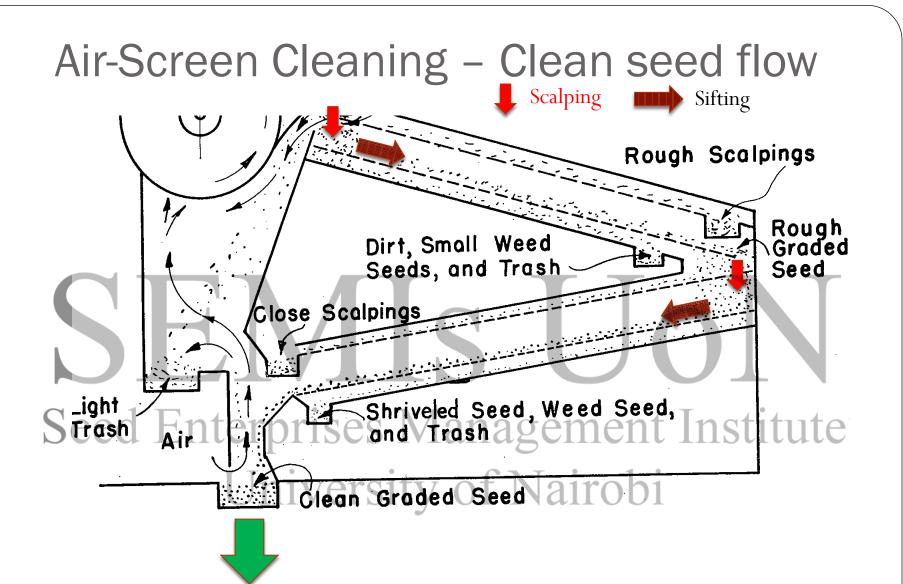


Air-Screen Cleaning - SCREENING



Air-Screen Cleaning - Cleaner





Air-Screen Cleaning - Screen Selection

• Shape:

OBLONG HOLES

ROUND HOLES

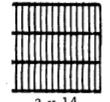


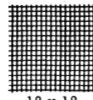
Seed Enterprises Management Institute

University of Nairobi









11/64 or 6½ V

Air-Screen Cleaning – Screen Selection

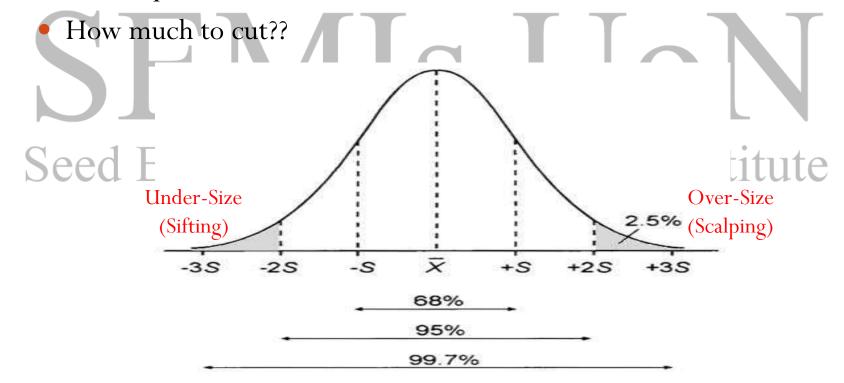
PERFORATED METAL SHEET									WIRE CLOTH			
ROUND HOLES			OBLONG HOLES		TRI- ANGLES	OBLONG ROUND OBLONG CROSS HOLE HALF SLOT SIZES		SQUARE OPENINGS OBLONG OPENINGS				
ractions	641	Its	Fractions	64ths	64ths	Finished Screens Made Only and "8" Model Widths. Sh 26" x 4116" and 26" x 1		. Sheet Sizes	3×3 4×4	2x8 2x9	4x8½ 4x15	6x1
1/25	53/4	24	1/24x3/2	5×34	5	6x34	61/2	8½x¾	5×5	2x10	4x16	6x1
1/24	6	25	1/22x1/2	55/2×3/4	8	.7x34	73/2	93/2×3/4	7×7	2x11	4x18	6x1
1/23	7 .	26	1/22x½ Diag.	6×34	9	8x34	81/2	105/2×3/4	8x8 9x9	2x12	4x19	6x1
1/22	8	27	3/64x5/16	654×34	10	9x¾	9%	11½x¾	10×10	3x14	4x20	6x2
1/21	9 '	28	1/20x3/2	7×34	11	10×34	101/2	121/2×1/4	12x12	'3x16	4x22	6x2
1/20	10	29	1/18x¾ ·	8x34-D		11x34	111/2	13½x¾	14x14	3x16 SP.	4x24	6x2
1/19	11	30	1/18x34	9x34 .		12x34	123/2	143/2×3/4	15x15	3×18	4x24 SP.	6x2
/18	12	31	1/16x34-A	10×¾4-Æ		13×34	131/2		16×16 17×17	3x20	4x26	6x2
/17	13	32	1/16x3/2	11x34-F		14×34	141/2		18x18	3x21	4x28	6x2
1/16	14	34	1/15x1/2	12x34-G		15×34	151/2		20x20		4x30	6x2
[7/15	15 1	36	1/14x¾-B	°13×34-H		16x34	165/2		22×22	T	4x32	6x2
714	16	38	1/14x34	14 x34-1		18x34	1753	eme	24×24	lins	4x34	6x.
/13	17	40	1/13×3/2	15×34-J	1 - Y	1054×34	185		26×26		4x36	6x
/12	18	42	1/12x1/2-C	16x34-K		111/4×3/4	1954		28x28 30x30			6x.
	19	44	1111	17×34	117	71234×34	205/2	2110	32×32			6x.
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Air-Screen Cleaning - Screen Selection

- Screen must be selected according to the shape of the crop seed being cleaned -
 - Round seeds: A round-hole top screen and a slotted bottom screen are generally used to clean round-shaped seeds. The round-hole top screen prevents straw, trash, pods and other large and long material (bolts/nuts, tools) from dropping through while the slotted bottom screen drops broken seeds and weed seeds thinner than the round crop seeds.
- Oblong seeds: An oblong top screen and an oblong bottom screen are generally used to clean long seeds. (how?)
 - Lens-shaped seeds: An oblong top screen and a round-hole bottom screen are generally used to clean lens-shaped seeds.

Air-Screen Cleaning - Screen Selection

- Screen size must be selected according to the result from handscreen analysis. The bottom line is that to remove most of undesirable material without losing too much good seeds
- The shape of hand-screen should match the screen on the machine



Air-Screen Cleaning - Adjustments

- Rate of feed: Although the feed gate on a feed hopper is adjustable for large changes of rate of feed, the basic adjustment is made by increasing or decreasing the speed of the feed roll
- Screen knockers and tappers: An adjustable knocker or tappers that slightly tap the screens which vibrates screens so that seeds will pass through close and small openings, and will jar loose long weed seeds that wedge so tightly in the perforations that the brushes can't remove them
- Upper and lower air suction: The suction is regulated by an adjustable damper in the air passage
 - Variable screen shake: This permit the operator to adjust the screen vibration speed from slow to very rapid
 - Screen pitch: Common range in pitch adjustment is from 4 to 20 degrees

Air-Screen Cleaning - Installation

- It should be installed properly on and securely fastened to a firm foundation.
- Proper air ducting from the cleaner is extremely important. Sharp turns, improper junctions, poor connections and poor collectors all contribute to poor air separations in a cleaner. Improper air exhaust also causes a very dirty, dusty plant
- A good system to manage good seeds and different discards both air-lifting and screening products.
- Operator safety and friendly environment!
- Computerized Air-Screen Cleaner (Dr. Shyy's US patent)....

Dr. Shyy's US Patent on Automation of Air-Screen Cleaner - 1991

United States Patent [19] 4,991,721 Patent Number: Misra et al. Feb. 12, 1991 Date of Patent: [54] AUTOMATION OF AN AIR-SCREEN SEED 4,658,964 4/1987 Williams CLEANER FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS [75] Inventors: Manjit K. Misra; Yuh-Yuan Shyy, both of Ames, lowa-0150559 9/1981 Fest Rep. of Genmany 3605353 4/1988 France Iowa State University Research [73] Assigneer 0268881 8/1970 U.S.S.R. 209/1 Foundation, Inc., Ames, Iowa [21] Appl. No.: 231,946 0667258 6/1979 U.S.S.R. 1125069 11/1984 U.S.S.R. [22] Filed: OTHER PUBLICATIONS [51] Int. CL1 B07B 9/00: B07B 4/02: "Profitability Through Computerized Conditioning". G05B 13/02 209/31; 209/37: Misra et al., Eighth Annual Seed Technology Conference, Feb. 25-26, 1986. 209/139.001; 209/257; 209/546; 209/557; 364/502: 364/552 Primary Examiner-Margaret A. Focarino Assistant Examiner-Edward M. Wacyra [58] Field of Search . 209/21, 30-37, 209/44.1, 44.2, 134-139.1, 146, 147, 149, 153. Attorney. Agent. or Firm-Zarley, McKee, Thomse, 154, 237, 238, 255, 257, 546, 549, 552, 555, 557, Voorhoes & Score 629, 639; 55/215, 218, 270, 279, 413, 423-426; ABSTRACT 364/500, 502, 552, 555; 406/28, 168, 169, 173 A cleaning system is provided for separating desired References Cited magerial from undesirable material in a mixture of par-U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS ticulate materials. The system includes an inlet for re-289,316 11/1883 Smith ceiving the mixture of materials and an outlet for dis-696,570 4/1902 Kessler 996,155 6/1911 Spenst 209/37 charging the desired materials. At least one screen is 309/37 provided for acparating undersized material from over-2 000,530 - 1/1937 109/257 Gallagher et al. sized material within the mistare, and at least one vac-2,763,506 9/1956 Fine . turn air-lift is provided for separating the lighter material from the heavier material within the mixture. A first 2,973,861 5,1963 Japer 3,079,079 2/1963 Phinner, Jr. et al. 1,494,217 2/1970 Tanaka et al. 206/1 sensor is mounted below the discharge end of the screen 20971 X for sensing the quantity of undersized material sepa-rated by the screen and a second sensor is mounted in 1,551,897 (2/1970) 364/502 X Cooper 3,606,745 971971 209/1 % 4,149,415 4,(1979) Harbour 73/865/8 the air-lift for sensing the quantity of lighter materials. 4,252,071 6/2980 Horowitz et al separated by the air-lift. The signals generated by the 366/650 4,318,906 3/1982 4,321,134 3/1982 Satake 4 209/486 sensors can be received by a processing unit which adjusts the extent of separation by the screen and by the 4,330,400 5/1982 Solumidt 209/34 X air-lift to achieve the desired efficiency of the cleaning 4,490,247 12/1984 Forsberg et al. 209/20 4,588,091 5/1986 Wade -209/546 4,634,522 1/1987 Egibolm et a 209/154 4,657,144 4/1987 Martin et al. 209/\$46 16 Claims, 23 Drawing Sheets 22 (PRIOR ART)

