

347

EAST AFR. PROT.

C.O
19016REC'D
REG'D 22 APR 16

To Mr. Col. Gossland

1916

20th & p.m.

Last previous Paper.

W.C. 24/4/16

MILITARY EXPENDITURE
OR WAR
IRREGULARITIES IN EARLY MONTHS OF WAR

Thinks in circumstances report to Treasury should go from C.O? Enclosed money in envelope to clear the situation. Asks if it is ever sent in. Asks for any general rules as to Treasury sanction for losses or irregularities in Colonial Accounts.

To Mr. Stephens.

I shall be glad to have your opinion on the Colours' views. It seems to me that the only safe way down is that when one of these Colonies or Dependencies incurs a warlike alliance regarded as a "common charge" it must be dealt with as a "common" liability even though, at the time, the action was taken as a purely Post office affair, but that when it relates to what is purely a Protectorate service (as is most of the time, which was before this could have been a C.C. the case of Aden former the agency for such an A/c) the W.O. is not concerned.

And we should make up our minds that

Next subsequent Paper.

W.C.
24/4/16

is a leakage of the E.A. Pay Compt's letter -
do not think it is out of the question
that the G.O.C.'s powers should extend
to those H.C.s. It would save much
elaboration, but my draft is com-
monable on the point - no doubt the
position will be clearer when we see the
reports which C.O. have received.

As to common charges, he stickles on
being dealt with the incidence of
report - I had in mind rather the
incidence of loss. If the accounts for a
service have been signed notwithstanding
a H.C.C. Office (as is being done for
Ordnance stores & clothing for our own
forces) it is only reasonable that
the irregularities as well as the regularities
should be wiped.

W.C.S. 3/5/16
done
H. & A.
3/5/16

19016

01607513. (F.I.)

Rec'd
Reg'd 22 APR 16

349

War Office,
Whitehall,

S.W.

20 April, 1916.

Dear Bottomley.

Re Colonial Office letter 5G260 of 3rd November 1915, enclosing a report from the Governor of the East Africa Protectorate as to irregularities in the early months of the war.

We have now received from the General Officer Commanding much fuller information in the shape of a series of enlightening reports from Major Patterson, Chief Paymaster of the East African Pay Corps. These require to be further considered in this Office before being sent to you. I should like to come to some understanding on the question of procedure, especially as regards submission to the Treasury of any losses that may have to go to them.

The irregularities specially concern various military Protectorate Departments, etc., prior to their amalgamation with the corresponding Departments, etc., of the Indian Force, and I think that the report to the Treasury

should

should go from the Colonial Office.

350

I enclose a copy of a memorandum I have written in the endeavour to clear the situation. (It has not yet been submitted for official approval here). Do you agree?

I suppose you have some general rules laying down beyond what limits the Treasury sanction for losses or irregularities? Are they set forth in any pamphlet? If you could find them, kindly send me a copy?

Yours sincerely,

circumstances. In the peculiar circumstances it does not
cost that other report could be dispensed with.

Statement or Issues of Cash relating to charges
made by the Chief Paymaster of the East Africa Pay

351

and the financial report would be that made by the
Governor. The circumstances might or might not
call for a report also from the General Officer
Commanding to the War Office.

(In regard to writing off losses the General
Order of Paymaster has been given ^{the} powers of a Commander
in Chief of an Expeditionary Force as laid down in Army
Order 82 of 1912 - see Pay Office letter 6165/1212 (Accounts 1.A)
of 6th January 1916); but this authority may apparently not
be liable to cover losses of cash in connection with the East
Africa Pay Corps Accounts. - The write-off of these losses
would naturally be governed as regards report to Colonial
Office or Treasury, by my limits laid down for the Colonial
authorities.)

(6) J.B. Crookall

F.L. PAY OFFICE,

18th April 1916.

OFFICE. In the peculiar circumstances it does not
seem that either report could be dispensed with.

The Statement or Report of Losses of Cash relating to charges
paid by the Chief Paymaster of the East Africa Pay

Corps, the usual annual report would be that made by the
Governor. The circumstances might or might not
call for a report also from the General Officer
Commanding to the War Office.

In regard to writing off losses the General
Order of Paymaster General has been given powers of a Commander
in Chief of an Expeditionary Force as laid down in Army
Order No 22 of 1912 - see War Office letter 0168/4218 (Accounts 1.A)
of 6th January 1918; but this authority must apparently not
be taken to cover losses of cash in connection with the East
Africa Pay Corps Accounts. The write-off of these losses
must apparently be forwarded as regards report to Colonial
Office or Treasury, by the lists laid down for the Colonial
activities.)

(S) J.B. Crookall

J.L. WAR OFFICE,

18th April 1918.

~~66~~ & ~~1900~~

~~1900~~

MAY

352

4 Aug 1916

Jaffa de Blante

DRAFT

J. B. Coker Esq.

Post 35/16

Box 3

for you

Dear Compt.

I am very sorry to have
not been able to answer
so far this same letter

of the 31/7/513 (7.1) of 20

April about the
regular expenditure
in East Africa.

We had signified the
matter as being only a
Protestant matter and

the C.O.
was complying with the
objection as much

as to have you a chance
to obtain your views on a

case a check if you are
concerned. Also, from

it was necessary that you
should have what advice
you can give to
your organization