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[C. No. 118.]

It is requested that any reply to this Letter may be addressed to the Comptroller of the Companies Department, 55, Whitehard Companies Department, 55, Whitehard London, 5, W. (Telegraphic Address: Commander London; and that the following number may be added: 9918



10th January 1917

Sir,

With reference to your letter of the 6th January (77/1917 transmitting a copy of correspondence relating to the proposed hiquidation of the firm of Messre. Schmuer, Welter & Company in the East Africa Pretectorate, I am directed by the Board of Trade to state for the information of Mr. Secretary Long that Mr. Max Holsapfel was up to the date of declaration of war acting as German Consul in the City of Newcastle-on-Tyne. At that time he was ill with heart trouble and in Nevember 1914 he left England for Norway.

Mr. Max Holzapfel was also the Chairman of a Company salled Reisapfels Limited and his brother Mr. A. C. A. Holzapfel was Vice-Deirman of that Company. He left England for New York in December 1914.

In June 1916 the Board of Trade appointed an Inspector in the case of Melegofels Limited and I am to forward to you an extract from the Inspectors Hepert relating to Mr. Max Melegofel and his brother.

I so to add that apart from the facts disclosed by the extract of the Ampert the Board of Trade have no information as to the character of Mr. Man Rolmapfel and they do not feel justified in expressing an epinion as to the desirability of permitting him to obtain control of the property of Manara. Schuter, Volter & Company.

I have the Honour to be. Sir,

Your obedient servant,

M. marin conto

EXTRACT FROM THE REPORT DATED of MR. THOMAS HARRISON THE INSPECTOR.

HERD

On examining the correspondence with Mr. A.C.A.Holzapfel, now in New York, I find that a strong attempt had been made by him to persuade the company to give firancial assistance to an Austrian chemist named Tiber, who had been employed by the Italian company, but who fled to Switzerland on the pupture of friendly relations between Italy and Austria. The company. however, replied to Mr. Holzaprel stating that they had no intention whatever of assisting this man.

In another letter Mr. A. .. A. Holzapfel expressed strong objections to any subscription being made by the company to any War Loansfloated by the allied powers of Ingland, France, and Russia. . . Hr. Halzapfel, also, in further correspondence put forward a scheme for the sale of the Holzar el business to a new company in which the shareholders would be exclusively Englishmen, with the possible exception of Messrs. Petri & Levin The vendor company would take shares in the new company in payment of the consideration, such shares being held by English numinees. The other directors have fully discussed the proposial which was ultimately rejected by them.

In the course of my investigations I have come across the name of Mr. Ernst Otto Macmpel who is German-born but became a naturalised Englishman in 1904. At the time when war was declared Maampel was the Newcastle Manager of the Scandinavian Turkish, Grecian, and Roumanian branches of the Company's business, but shortly afterwards he left for Norway and Swedan, and has been generally looking after the Company's interests. in the Scandinavian countries. He is persona grata with

Messrs. Max and A.C. Holzapfel, but is regarded by the Newcastle officials as being pro-German. In fact, the directors complained to Mr. Max Holzapfel that a repureached them from Norway that Maempel had been heard in Norwegian hotel, wing expression to ante-Fraitish semments, and they wished Mr. Holzapfel to densure and whim. Mr. Holzapfel replied that he attached no impost to such runours. The directors also requested Maemper to Such runours, but he refused on account of the judice which he stated had been aroused against him in England. He was in N. York in March 1916 and is no in Batavia on the company's business in the Dutch Essindies.