

E. AFRICA

40048

40048 8/17

1917
9th AUGUST

ISLAMISM

Last previous Paper.

M.O.
39191

States D.M.I. is of opinion missionary societies should be asked to assist in developing the "insulating belt".

Letter from Capt. Phillips & Revd: attached.

Sept 1917

Mr. Batter.

I think the first thing to be done is to send out a copy of the memo. to the heads of Govt. (Agenda 24009 G.E.A. Nyasaland) etc for others in Secret Committees, sending a copy of Col. French's covering note semi-officially at the same time. Govt. should be asked for copies of the tribal composition of the various units of the R.A.R.

The formation of greater admin. presents difficulties in it costs money, and it will be resisted by the Missionaries, who have profited financially by the large

Next subsequent Paper:

W.P. M.P. P.

G. 1918-19. W. 1918-19. 50,000. 1918. 1918.

which, than I think is
realized. E.g. in Uganda the
Lemba mission are established
in Gulu, and other missions have
started work in the Migezi districts
in the extreme S.W. of the Protectorate -
only to be over from the fangs shortly
before the war.

We can't ask the missions to
co-operate in the establishment of
secular schools, and I think we
must get definite suggestions from
the Govt before we approach the
missions at all (except unless we
have an opportunity of informal
discussions with Mr Oldham).

6 Oct 17.8.17

Wrote to Mr A Steel - Switzerland

We had better get the observations of
the O.A.G.'s as suggested by Mr Bottomley.
I don't conceive that we can get help from
the missionaries along this particular line.
It is a question of preventing the spread
of Islamism & atheism. The only
 reply that a missionary can make is
make it easier for people to give them
Christianity.

Hub

~~SECRET.~~

353

War Office,
Whitehall,

S.W.

C.F. 10q.

40248

8th August, 1917.

4024817

My dear Butler,

I enclose a note which I wrote to the D.M. He told me to send it on to you and added that in his opinion the step most likely to develop the "insulating belt" would be to take the heads of the big missionary societies into your confidence and find out if they would assist either on the lines suggested in my note or possibly on lines which they themselves might put forward. Normally of course missionaries fight with one another, but in the face of what may prove to be very real dangers both from north and south they might be induced to co-operate with the administrators of these protectorates.

Yours ever

C. Beach.

F. G. A. Butler, Esq., C.B., C.M.G.,

COLONIAL OFFICE.

~~SECRET~~

C.F.109.

354

D.M.L.

With reference to the attached Eastern Report No.26 (Appendix) there is, in my opinion, no doubt both that Mohammedanism is accepted readily by many of the pagan African tribes and is gradually spreading southwards and also that Ethiopianism, which is equally acceptable to the native temperament and particularly so to the partially educated is spreading northwards and eastwards. Of the two Ethiopianism (which I do not think finds its source in Abyssinia) is I believe by far the more dangerous to the white race, playing as it does upon the characteristic conceit and excitability of the African.

It is likely that, in the future, the British Empire, as holding and controlling the greatest areas in Africa, may provide a focussing point for a great rebellion of black against white and the Britisher will probably be regarded as the chief enemy of the black man, or at least of the Bantu race, in which most of the converts to Ethiopianism will be found.

With regard to the spread of these two religions it is probably correct to suppose that one or the other of them will eventually absorb practically all the natives of Africa unless steps are taken to limit and counteract their growth; and it would probably be agreed among students of native affairs that, in consequence of the effect of the war, such steps cannot be taken too soon.

Assuming that Captain Millis and Philippe are correct in urging that the policy of H.M. Government should be one of fanning national feeling within its natural divisions and developing also the "inimitable power" which sprouts from Abyssinia, with its intense but ancient

an heterogeneous, tribal rather than mixed. This, with very few exceptions, was actually the case in the King's African Rifles before the war; although the desirability of the arrangement was arguable from a military point of view, but I am not sure whether it has been found possible to adhere to this practice during the very great expansion of the force which has recently taken place.

(Signed) C. FRENCH
LIEUT-COLONEL

H.L.L.

T.D.L.Y.

Lieutenant-Colonel,
General Staff.

STEWART Hall,

To

Personal &
Private.

Station

STIRLING Date 11/VIII/17

Dear Butler,

356

In reference to Col. French's suggestion in the matter of secular schools : send you a few notes which may conceivably be of assistance to you in forming your judgment on the question.

A working paper is sometimes useful. Please excuse my troubling you with a personal letter to introduce it.

With reference to the appointment to the Imperial Intelligence Bureau at NATROB1 (see para 32 of enclosure) I should have thought that possibly the C.O. wd. have preferred one of their own officers who has in an ^{already} capacity been working in with M., BEA, & GEA for the last three years, as less knowing the types of individuals & thus minimizing any chance of friction.

Sal Secular schools : German model

357

Nkoloba (Lake Victoria) District was in the intermediate "Residentur" stage between Military & civil Administration.

A German fort exercised no direct control over natives but worked through the Sultans whose powers, save for the death penalty, were almost despotic. The Germans had found a native population of 170,000 of an unusually high grade of civilisation separated in sympathy only by domestic feuds & slight varieties of dialects.

That is today, a formidable potential enemy whose intelligence might be expected to prescribe alliance as the best means of resisting European control in its earlier stages.

have however been much struck recently
by this "district" by the intense tribal
feuds existing in small communities
under separate Sultans, and an
enmity amounting to antipathy to
neighboring tribes, with whom they are
naturally allied by some similarity of
speech & customs.

358

This is the result of a careful &
unsuccessful German policy of weakening
isolation, in which secular ~~secular~~ tribal
education is the chief factor.

ETHOD: Of the Hut Tax of Rs. 4/-⁰

Rs. 3/- accrued to Govt and
1/- to the Sultans.

With this income Sultans were expected
to maintain (1) Sultans' armed police
(2) tribal schools.

Within their Sultanates.

have however been much struck recently
in this district by the intense tribal
feuds existing in small communities
under separate Sultans, & an
hostility amounting to antipathy to
neighboring tribes with whom they are
naturally allied by some similarity of
speech & custom.

35

This is the result of a careful &
successful German policy of weakening
isolation, in which secular educational
education is the chief factor.

METHOD: Of the total sum of Rs. 4/50
Rs. 3/- was assigned to Govt. and
1/- to the Sultans.

From this income Sultans were expected
to maintain (1) Sultans' armed police
(2) tribal schools.

Within their Sultanates.

-) were unrecorded in Military schools, trained in musketry by white N.C.O's, and the basis of German auxiliary forces.
- 2) (At Burdwan) two white schoolmasters educated natives for positions as:-

- (a) Tribal Teachers
- (b) Fort. Tax collectors. 359
- (c) Sultans' clerks.
- (d) Clerks for German planters & business houses.

Subjects taught were :-

- (a) Kiswahili : the official commercial tongue.
- (b) The three R's & book-keeping.
- (c) German Imperial history.

Lastly before taking up their duties in their Sultan's School, tribal teachers were given individual attention by one of the white teachers on tribal history & the agricultural development of their districts.

11

were unrecorded in Military returns,
trained in marksmanship by white N.C.O's and
the basis of German auxiliary forces.
(At BUKOBIA) two white schoolmasters
educated natives for positions as:-

- (a) tribal teachers.
- (b) Post. (or) collectors. 359
- (c) Sultans' clerks.
- (d) clerks to German planters &
business houses.

Subjects taught were :-

- (a) Kiswahili : the official commercial tongue.
- (b) The three R's & book-keeping.
- (c) German Imperial history.

Shortly before taking up their duties
in their Sultan's School, tribal
teachers were given individual
attention by one of the white teachers
on tribal history & the agricultural
development of their districts.

It was everywhere clearly laid down
that native development was to be on
parallel not joint lines with
European civilisation.

The 'Normal' schools were built &
maintained at provincial
headquarters by Govt. 360

Libal schools were maintained by
Sultans.

In this district there are many
sanely educated pagans. German
was only taught in exceptional
cases. Results, from the German
political and ^{the} Social standpoint,
have been excellent.

It has not produced the result
of either bad manners nor any
tendency to make the native ape
the European which has sometimes
been the effect of Christian ^{mission} education.

It was everywhere clearly laid down
that native development was to be on
parallel not joint lines with
European civilization.

The 'Normal' Schools were built &
maintained at provincial
head-quarters 3³ feet.

360

Misional schools were maintained by
Lithuanians.

In this District there are many
soundly educated pagans. German
was only taught in exceptional
cases. Results, from the German
political and ^{the} Social standpoints,
have been excellent.

It has not produced the result
of either bad manners nor any
tendency to make the native ape
the European which has sometimes
been the effect of Christian ^{mission} education.

From: CAPTAIN J. G. R. HILLING, M.C.

40874

Uganda Administration.

To: THE SECRET. OF STATE FOR THE COLONIES.

Pet 15 61

Downing St., S.W.1.

361-

Sir:-

I have the honour to apply for transfer from the UGANDA administration to that of conquered territory of German East Africa.

2. Throughout the war I have been engaged on INTELLIGENCE AND POLITICAL work, under the THE OFFICE, in that territory for a longer period than that of my total residence in UGANDA.
- I have acquired, in addition to ARABIC and SWAHILI, two German-native languages which are unknown to any other British officer.
3. My services therefore, are now of more value in conquered territory than in UGANDA.
4. In the event of my return to UGANDA it would be in the "difficult" position of an Ass't. District Commissioner in an area of which I have been Chief Political Officer, possibly directly under District Officers who have served under me as Ass't. Political Officers.
- CHIEF POLITICAL OFFICER UGANDA was a military appointment, approved by the Governor and comprising both the Protectorate and the adjoining conquered territory.

5. The WAR OFFICE have recently applied for my services to establish an INTELLIGENCE BUREAU for Eastern Africa to include:-

- a. PORTUGUESE EAST AFRICA.
- b. "GERMAN" EAST AFRICA.
- c. BRITISH EAST AFRICA.
- d. UGANDA.
- e. CONGO.
- f. ABYSSINIA.
- g. THE SMALL-LANDS.

The UGANDA Government has refused.

6. My duties of the last three years, particularly as head of the Intelligence and Political Dept. of the UGANDA area (which carried responsibility for the Int'gec organisation of the Belgian line in the CONGO and G.E.A.) has afforded me almost unique opportunities for study of wider African problems, such as Cape to Cairo communications and PAN-ISLAM.

If the War Office are not permitted to utilise my experience thus gained, I trust that the Colonial Office may do so in a similar capacity, or sanction my transfer as indicated.

7. I append a précis of appointments held during the last three years.

J. E. Philpot

Memoranda on these subjects rendered,
by request, to War Office
a Colonial Office respectively,
on 15th July.

Stuart Hall,

Stirling. 6th August 1917.

Appointments held: 1914 - 15 - 16 - 17.

Note:- Commission in Reserve of officers - 27th February 1913.

(1) From 5th August 1914:-

In Asst. Intelligence Officer, M.A.E.F.
also commanding 2000 armed levies.
(Mentioned in despatches.)

(2) From 14th September 1914:-

Administrator the KIGAMBINO
District of German East Africa. 50 miles by 18,
18,000 natives.

(3) From 18th June, 1915:-

Political Officer to General
Stewart's expedition to BUKOBA (mentioned in despatches)

(4) From 18th January 1916:-

Chief Political Officer UGANDA,
with right of appointment of Asst. Political Officers.

(5) July 1916:-

(a) Nominated by Governor of Uganda to
administer the BUKOBA District of G.E.A. as D.P.O.
but required to:-

(b) G.S.O. S. (Intelligence) on staff of
General Sir Chas. Crone (to TABORO)

(6) Jan. 1917:-

(a) applied for by the Chief Political
Officer M.A.E.F. to administer BUKOBA,
but required to:-

(b) take charge of POLITICAL MISSION in
Belgian area of German East Africa.

Appointments held: 1914 - 18 - 18 - 17.

Note:- Commission in Reserve of Officers - 27th February 1913.

(1) From 5th August 1914:-

An Asst. Intelligence Officer, S.A.E.F.
also commanding 2000 armed levies.
(Mentioned in despatches.)

(2) From 14th September 1914.

Administering the KIFUMBIRO
District of German East Africa, 60 miles by 18,
10,000 natives.

(3) From 18th June, 1915:-

Political Officer to General
Stewart's expedition to SUKOBA (mentioned in despatches)

(4) From 18th January 1916.

Chief Political Officer UGANDA,
with right of appointment of Asst. Political Officers.

(5) July 1916.

(a) Nominated by Governor of Uganda to
administer the SUKOBA District of S.E.A. & D.P.O.,
but required to:-

(b) G.S.O. (Intelligence) on staff of
General Sir Chas. Grouse (to Tabora)

(6) Jan. 1917:-

(a) Applied for by the Chief Political
Officer S.A.E.F. to administer SUKOBA,
but required to:-

(b) take charge of POLITICAL MISSION in
Belgian area of German East Africa.

~~THE KING'S AFRICAN RIFLES~~

Downing Street,

4 September

24 August 1917.

Sir,

In continuation of my secret despatches of the 15th and 16th of August, I have the honour to transmit to you the accompanying copy of a Memorandum prepared in the Intelligence Division, War Office, regarding the measures to be taken for counteracting undesirable results of the spread of Mohammedanism and Ethiopianism in Africa.

S. I shall be glad to receive your observations on Lieutenant Colonel French's Memorandum. With regard to the last paragraph of the Memorandum, you should state how far it has been possible, in the expansion of the King's African Rifles, to preserve the principle of the tribal composition of companies.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient,

Faithful Servant,

(Signed) Walter H. Long

ADMINISTRATOR

H. A. MATT, ESQ., C.M.G.,

etc., etc., etc.

364 A

Downing Street,

4 September

1917.

Sir,

With reference to my confidential despatch of the 6th of August, I have the honour to transmit to you the accompanying copy of a Memorandum prepared in the Intelligence Division, War Office, regarding the measures to be taken for counteracting undesirable results of the spread of Mohammedanism and Ethiopeanism in Africa.

2. I shall be glad to receive your observations on Lieutenant Colonel P. von's Memorandum. With regard to the last paragraph of the Memorandum you should state how far it has been possible, in the expansion of the King's African Rifles, to preserve the principle of the tribal composition of companies.

3. A copy of the Memorandum referred to by Colonel French is also enclosed.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient,

noble Servant,

(signed) Walter H. Long

SIR GEORGE SMITH, K.C.B., C.B.,
Major General
G.O.C. S.A.S.

EAST AFRICA PROTECTORATE.

Darling Street,

4 September

1897.

Sir,

In continuation of my second despatch of the 15th and 16th of August, I have the honour to transmit to you the accompanying copy of a memorandum prepared in the Intelligence Division, War Office, regarding the resources to be taken for counteracting undesirable results of the great Mohammedan and Ethiopianism in Africa.

2. I shall be glad to receive your observations on Lieutenant Colonel French's memorandum. With regard to the last paragraph of the memorandum, you should state how far it has been possible, in the expansion of the King's African Rifles, to preserve the principle of the tribal composition of companies.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient,

humble Servant,

(Signed) Walter H. Hay

THE CHIEF ADMINISTERING
THE GOVERNMENT OF THE
EAST AFRICA PROTECTORATE.

~~SECRET.~~

Downing Street,

4 September

1917.

Dear Byatt,

A Memorandum by Lieutenant Colonel French, of the Intelligence Division, is going to you by this mail in an official Secret despatch on the question of combating the spread of Mohammedanism and Ethiopeianism in Africa. I enclose for your information a copy of the covering letter in which he sent the Memorandum to

We feel very great difficulty in approaching Missionary bodies on this point. We cannot expect them to welcome the idea of secular schools and they would be certain to say that the best course would be to encourage Christian Missions.

We do not propose to decide about consulting the Missions until we hear from you and the other Heads

of

A. BYATT, ESQ., C.M.G.

SECRET.

Downing Street,
4 September
August, 1917.

Dear Mr. Wallis,

A Memorandum by Lieutenant Colonel French, of the Intelligence Division, is going to you by this mail in an official Secret despatch on the question of curtailing the spread of Mohammedanism and Ethiopianism in Africa. I enclose for your own information a copy of the covering letter in which he sent the Memorandum to me.

We feel very great difficulty in approaching Missionary bodies on this point. We cannot expect them to welcome the idea of secular schools and they would be certain to say that the best course would be to encourage Christian Missions.

We do not propose to decide about curtailing the Missions until we hear from you and the other Heads

H. R. WALLIS, ESQ., C.M.G.,

SECRET.

Downing Street,
4 September
August, 1917.

Dear Mr. Wallis,

A Memorandum by Lieutenant Colonel French, of the Intelligence Division, is going to you by this mail in an official Secret despatch on the question of combating the spread of Mahomedanism and Ethiopianism in Africa. I enclose for your own information a copy of the covering letter in which he sent the Memorandum to me.

We feel very great difficulty in approaching Missionary bodies on this point. We cannot expect them to welcome the idea of secular schools and they would be certain to say that the best course would be to encourage Christian Missions.

We do not propose to decide about consulting the Missions until we hear from you and the other Heads

H. R. WALLIS, ESQ., C.M.G.,

~~SECRET~~

Tooting Street,

4 September
August, 1917.

Dear Bowring,

A Memorandum by Lieutenant Colonel French, of the Intelligence Division, is going to you by this mail in an official Secret despatch on the question of combating the spread of Mohammedanism and Ethiopianism in Africa. I enclose for your own information a copy of the covering letter in which he sent the Memorandum to me.

We feel very great difficulty in approaching Missionary bodies on this point. We cannot expect them to welcome the idea of secular schools and they would be certain to say that the best course would be to encourage Christian Missions.

We do not propose to decide about consulting the Missions until we hear from you and the other Heads of

C. C. BOWRING, ESQ., C.M.G.

of Governments in Eastern Africa with whom we
are in communication on this subject.

Yours sincerely,

(Signed) F. A. Butler

60 East Africa
40048 S.

371

~~Brab~~

September

4 ~~September~~ 1917

Sir,

DRAFT. Secret

J.A. Alder-Bryant.
Maurice OAG.
S.A.P. OAG.
General
Sir. Smith
MINUTE.

12/83

39191

40731

5246

16

4 →

In continuation of my

secret despatch of the 15th

and 16th of August, I have

with ref. to my conf. despatch of the 6th August

for the hon. to transmit to your

Mr. Bodenham, 20/8/17

Mr. Butler 20/8/17

Mr.

Mr. Grindle.

Mr. Lambert.

Mr. Read.

Sir G. Piddes.

Mr. Sted-Maitland.

Mr. Long.

for your delivery, the

accompanying copy of a

news prepared in the

Intelligence Division, here

Office, regarding the

measures to be taken for
imperceptible undesirable results
considering the recommendations

and instructions in Africa.

2. I should be glad to
receive your views on
Lieut. Col. French's news.
With regard to the last para-

Cold bath
Col. French 7 August
(in 40048)
Many cold baths - 60°
39191

Bukoba
I think it was created
around 39191, 40° you mean?
and 39191, 40° you mean?
and 39191, 40° you mean?
and 39191, 40° you mean?

~~Secret~~

Vaguette for Dr. Bostick's
c/o

~~Secret~~
4 September
1917

J. A. Ryall, Esq.

Dear Ryall

H. R. Wallis Esq. M.A.

Dear H. Wallis

C. Downing Esq. M.P.

Dear Downing

Dr. George Smith K.C.B., K.C.

Dear Dr. George

W.C.L.

a memo. by French, of the

Intelligence Division, is

going to go by this mail

~~Secret~~

as an official record.

Was 20/8/17

W. Bostick 20/8/17

I enclose for you our
information as yet of the
coming letter in which
he said the names, & also
the place where

differently as approaching
missouri border on this
point. We cannot expect
to welcome the idea

of secular schools and they
would be certain to say that
the best course would be
to encourage Christian missions.

We do not propose to
decide about
~~abstaining~~ consulting the
missions until we
hear from you and the
other heads of Sects etc.
Then we are to communicate
on this subject

Yours sincerely
(Signed) J. A. Butter