

EAST AFR. PROT

405 G 7

Fresh fields

1917

14 August.

Last previous Paper.

Govt
39027

SHIPMENT OF GOATSKINS TO AMERICA VIA SOUTH AFRIC

States answer to O.A.G.'s telegram is in the affirmative. Encloses copy of proposed instructions to representatives in South Africa and at Mombasa and Aden. Copy being sent to I.O. for sanction.

W. Davis

Draft telegram herewith.

Par

16 8 17

(A 16817)

Next subsequent Paper.

COLONIAL OFFICE CENTRAL

Enclo:

EDWIN FRESHFIELD LTD
BIRMINGHAM FRESHFIELD
EDWARD WILHELM FRESHFIELD
SIR WILLIAM HARGREAVES LEVER, BART.

New Bank Buildings

St. Old Jewry, EC2

14th August 1917

40

Sir,

We beg to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 5th instant 30027/1917 in which you enclose a telegram from the Officer Administering the Government of the East Africa Protectorate in which Mr Bowring asks the following question:-

"I am informed that National Bank of India Mombasa branch has received telegram to the effect that sheep goat skins can be shipped to America via Cape of Good Hope provided that South Africa agrees. Should be glad to hear whether this correct and if so whether South Africa will be responsible for carrying out Textile Alliance arrangements owing to through Bills of Lading not obtainable here".

The answer to this enquiry is in the affirmative. The enclosed are the instructions that the Textile Alliance propose to send to their representatives in South Africa, at Mombasa, and also at Aden. As Aden stands in relation to the Alliance in the same position as Mombasa with regard to these transhipments we are sending a copy of these instructions to the India Office for the sanction of that Department.

We are, Sir,

Your obedient Servants,

Chapman

The Under Secretary of State,
Colonial Office,
S.W.1.

4x-27

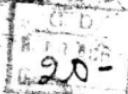
Shippers in Aden and Mombasa who desire to ship commodities the Alliance are concerned in from East African Protectorates to the United States via Cape Town are requested to apply to the National Bank of India at Mombasa or Aden to ascertain the wishes of the Government of the Union of South Africa.

Should no objection be made to such shipments via Cape Town the following procedure should be adopted:

1. If through Bills of Lading from the East African port of origin to the United States are obtainable shippers should apply to the National Bank of India at Aden or Mombasa for recommendation for licence to export in the usual way and in accordance with existing regulations that can be ascertained from that Bank.

It is to be understood that the Textile Alliance will accept no responsibility whatever in regard to the storing, insurance or shipping of the goods at Cape Town and the parties interested must make their own arrangements,

2. Should through Bills of Lading not be obtainable from the port of origin to the United States via Cape Town and reshipment on a new Bill of Lading become necessary from Cape Town shippers in East Africa are recommended to consign their goods to their trade friends in Cape Town. Their friends should apply to the Customs Authorities in South Africa and to Messrs. Fairbridge for recommendation and licence and the usual procedure applicable to export from South Africa will be adopted.



Sent C.C. 17.8.17
3. other

Aquiferous
17 August.

42

DRAFT. Telegram (code). Your telegram of August 3
air raid

Governor (3902) 449. The reply is in
Nairobi. acknowledgement.

MINUTE.

Mr. Barker. 16.8.17

Mr. Davis 16/8/17

Mr.

Mr. Grindall.

Mr. Lambert.

Mr. Read.

Sir G. Fiddes.

Mr. Steel-Maitland.

Mr. Long.

long.

for answer

by 9 am 20/8/17
40000 or its enclosure
the O.A.G. (P) for
with ref. to his telegram.

Dr EDWIN FRESHFIELD
COLIN HANSON FRESHFIELD
JAMES WILLIAM FRESHFIELD
SIR WILLIAM HARGRAVE DEARY, BART

New Bank Buildings.

31 Old Jewry, E.C.2

16th April 1918.

43

Dear Davis,

I enclose an extract from the Board of Trade Journal of the 11th April, page 455, announcing the establishment of a line of Steamers to ply between the United States and Aden and other British Dependencies. I also enclose a copy of Bulletins 23 and 24 issued by the Alliance under the directions of the War Trade Board as of the 21st January 1918 and 19th March 1918.

The Alliance are no longer represented officially at Aden or Mombasa. I have, however, taken upon myself to send to the National Bank of India a copy of Bulletins 23 and 24 and the general instructions to our representatives that indicate the present practice.

The instructions are conveniently summarised in a cable by me to Messrs. Little on the 15th inst. and I enclose a copy of it.

These documents will give you concisely particulars of our new practice.

I am, dear Davis,

Yours faithfully,

O. T. Davis Esq., C. M. G.,

Colonial Office.

E. T. Davis Esq.

To Notman

to you & the band
for giving little to
have his friends to
you & Offer

Sold
offered
but
not
done

Legal

21st
Bombay

15th April 1918.

REFER YOUR LETTER FEBRUARY AND CORRESPONDENCE FROM DEPARTMENT OF
COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY ENCLOSED PARAGRAPH HAVE YOU RECEIVED BULLETIN
TWENTYTHREE IF SO REFER SECTION FIVE PARAGRAPH I ASSUME YOU AND AUTHORI-
TIES NOW UNDERSTAND THAT UNDER NEW AMERICAN REGULATIONS SHIPPERS MAY
CONSIGN TO WHOMSOEVER THEY PLEASE WHETHER NAMES OF CONSIGNEES APPEAR
ON OLD APPROVED LIST OF RECIPIENTS OR NOT PARAGRAPH IT BEING UNDERSTOOD
THAT AUTHORITIES IN BRITISH TERRITORY CAN DICTATE TO SHIPPERS NAME OF
CONSIGNEE THAT SHIPPERS MUST INSERT IN THEIR BLADING FOR TEXTILES AND
SKINS PARAGRAPH CONSIGNMENT MAY BE THEREFORE TO ANY CONSIGNEE OR TO
CONSIGNEES BANKERS OR ALLIANCE OR TANNERS ASSOCIATION PARAGRAPH IN
OTHER WORDS DETERMINATION OF CONSIGNEE RESTS WITH SHIPPER SUBJECT TO
CONSENT OF LICENSING AUTHORITY PARAGRAPH BUT HOWEVER CONSIGNMENT IS

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(4)

(4)

REVIEWED AND APPROVED
IN PARAGRAPH WITH REGARD TO SHIPMENTS TO UNITED KINGDOM DESTINATIONS IN THE
UNITED STATES IT IS AGREED THAT PRACTICE INDICATED IN BULLETIN SIX-
TEEN AND SUPPLEMENTS HOLDS GOOD BUT PATTERNS NAME MUST BE ELIMINATED
AND YOU ARE NOT TO FORWARD APPLICATIONS AND SEVEN COPIES READINGS
MUST BE SENT BY AIRMAIL TO OFFICES OF TEXTILE ALLIANCE PARAGRAPH
THESE INSTRUCTIONS HOLD GOOD UNTIL ISSUE OF NEW BULLETIN PARAGRAPH IT IS
CONFIRMED THAT THERE WILL BE NO UNITED STATES RESTRICTIONS ON SHIP-
MENTS VIA STATES FOR EXPORT CERTIFICATIONS FROM A COUNTRY TO ITS
INDEPENDENT OR TO DEPENDENCIES OF UNITED STATES PARAGRAPH FOR INSTANCE
BRITISH TERRITORY TO JAMAICA OR PORTO RICO OR SANDBERG ISLANDS PARAGRAPH
BUT IT MAY BE REPORTED THAT IMPORT LICENCES INTO AND EXPORT LICENCES
FROM UNITED STATES WILL BE REQUIRED FOR SHIPMENTS TO NEUTRAL ISLANDS

TD

(4)

FOR INSTANCE BRITISH TERRITORY TO CUBA HAITI SAN DOMINGO APRAGRAP
UPON THIS FURTHER INSTRUCTIONS WILL FOLLOW WHEN RECEIVED.

FRESHFIELDS.

The United States Consul at Aden has reported to his Government that a direct American steamer service between the United States and the Red Sea commercial district, via South Africa and India, had been inaugurated. The tonnage of the steamers which it is proposed to put on this service is from 1,600 to 3,000 tons, each with a carrying capacity of about 3,000 tons. They will fly the American flag. It is hoped by means of this service to increase imports into the Red Sea district from the United States, especial attention being made of American unbleached cotton goods, kerosene oil, and hardware.

Textile Alliance Inc.

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BULLETIN No. 24

Rules and Regulations approved by the War Trade Board March 19, 1918,
covering the Importation, Exportation, Purchase and Sale
of the following articles from Foreign Countries.

CASTOR BEANS AND CASTOR OIL

Well known import licenses must be obtained by the Importer from the War Trade Board and must be surrendered to the U.S. Customs Authority when taking delivery.

Blank forms of application may be obtained from the Bureau of Imports, War Trade Board, Washington, D. C., or any of the Bureau offices.

TEXTILE ALLIANCE Inc.

40 East 17th St. Merchants Exchange L. C. Smith Bldg. Metropolitan Bank Building 4 Liberty Square
New York San Francisco Seattle New Orleans Boston

BULLETIN No. 24

NEW YORK, MARCH 19, 1918

48

1. List of Commodities Subject to this Bulletin

The information contained in this Bulletin pertains to the rules and regulations of the War Trade Board concerning the importation, exportation, purchase and sale of the following commodities:

CASTOR OIL CASTOR BEANS

2. War Trade Board Instructions and Request

The United States Government through the War Trade Board has requested and instructed the Textile Alliance Inc of New York to perform the following services in connection with the commodities named in section 1 above.

- To act as consignee or endorsee of importations into the United States from all foreign countries
- To receive from intending importers and purchasers their guarantees to the War Trade Board.
- To endorse bills of lading to importers upon receipt of their guarantees to the War Trade Board, or to withhold such endorsements should the War Trade Board so instruct.
- To transmit to sellers and purchasers the War Trade Board's consent to their sales and purchases, whenever such consent is required or to withhold such consent should the War Trade Board so instruct.
- To keep itself informed as to the conditions in the castor bean and castor oil trades and as to the members thereof, with a view to furnishing the War Trade Board at any time such information as the Board may desire.

3. Position of the Textile Alliance Inc of New York

The Textile Alliance Inc is undertaking these services at the request also of the American Castor Bean Association Inc and of importers, sellers and purchasers who desire to avail themselves of the facilities of the Textile Alliance Inc.

4. Bills of Lading and Financial Arrangements

All importations of commodities covered by this bulletin are to be consigned to or endorsed to the

"Textile Alliance Inc of New York"

Endorsed in this manner the term of "consignee" appearing in the shipping receipt or bill of lading is rendered

For the convenience of all concerned, the bill of lading for shipments consigned to the Textile Alliance Inc should contain a marginal clause reading "Notify shore show name and address of importer." Should the interested parties find this marginal clause objectionable, it may be omitted.

The authorities in foreign countries when issuing licenses to export commodities named in this bulletin may require that the shipments be consigned in a particular manner. After the requirements of the foreign governments have been complied with in such cases, the bills of lading may, if necessary, be endorsed to the Textile Alliance Inc in order to meet the requirements of the import license.

(OVER)

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4. Bills of Lading and Financial Arrangements—Continued

(e) All bills of lading, together with invoices and other documents, should be sent by the foreign shipper through the regular banking, trade or commercial channels to the actual importer, by whom they should be presented to the Textile Alliance Inc., at any of its offices in the United States.

The foreign shipper should not in any case send the bills of lading to the Textile Alliance Inc., as this may create grave complications and serious delay in establishing ownership.

(f) Frequently shipments arrive before the documents. Shippers should whenever possible mail one signed bill of lading, one stamped consular invoice and one copy of the commercial invoice on the vessel carrying the shipment.

(g) On shipments arriving before the bills of lading are received, the Textile Alliance Inc. will assist as far as possible in overcoming the difficulty due to the absence of the bill of lading. The extent of this assistance will be to furnish the importer a release in the form of a notice to the Collector of Customs and the Steamship Company, which will enable the importer (after satisfying the Collector of Customs and Steamship Company of his interest) to obtain delivery by furnishing an import license and a bond to produce the bill of lading later. This is the customary practice in such cases.

(h) The foreign shipper should be requested to enter on the bill of lading the number of any export license issued in the country of export whenever obtainable.

(i) On shipments consigned or endorsed to the Textile Alliance Inc., the Alliance can neither accept nor honor any notice of hen, nor any request that endorsement of the shipment or its delivery be withheld pending payment for the merchandise. Parties desiring payment for their goods before delivery of document should consign their shipments either to themselves or to their bankers to be endorsed to the Textile Alliance Inc. only after the goods have been paid for.

5. Importers' Guarantees and Endorsement of Bills of Lading

(a) For all import shipments consigned to or endorsed to the Textile Alliance Inc., the bills of lading are to be presented by the importer to the Textile Alliance, accompanied by a Guarantee on Form B10 (see Section 12, page 7), approved by the War Trade Board. Guarantee must be executed by the owners or their duly authorized agents or attorneys.

In the absence of the bill of lading see Section 4 (e), page 4, for instructions.

(b) To meet the actual expense of the Textile Alliance Inc. in conducting its work a charge will be made on all importations consigned to or endorsed to the Textile Alliance Inc., and endorsed by it to the importers. The charge will be $\frac{1}{4}$ of 1% payable when the importer's guarantee is presented to obtain an endorsement of the bill of lading. Any balance of the funds remitted for the expenses of the Textile Alliance Inc. will be returned pro rata. These charges will be based upon the foreign cost at the port of departure as stated in the consular invoice, including all charges, but not including prepaid freight and prepaid insurance if any. Exchange will be at the rate prevailing at the time of release. The consular invoice should be submitted with the importer's guarantee if possible. It will be returned without delay.

The Textile Alliance will perform, without charge, its services in connection with importations by the American Red Cross Association.

(c) Importers may submit guarantees and bills of lading to the Textile Alliance Inc. at any of the following offices:

51 East 17th Street, New York
Liberty Square, Boston, Mass.
Metropolitan Bank Building, New Orleans, La.
Merchants Exchange, San Francisco, Cal.
L. C. Smith Building, Seattle, Wash.

Representatives at these offices have authority to receive guarantees and endorse the bills of lading for import shipments. Such endorsement will be made only when the guarantee requirements have been complied with. The Textile Alliance Inc. will be without authority to endorse bills of lading whenever the War Trade Board instructs otherwise.

5. Importers' Guarantees and Endorsement of Bills of Lading—Continued

(d) The Textile Alliance Inc. cannot attempt to determine the rightful ownership of merchandise consigned or endorsed to it. The holder of the original bill of lading will, therefore, be treated as the rightful recipient of the shipment unless endorsement on the bill of lading indicates to the contrary, and provided also, that the Textile Alliance Inc. shall not have received a license or other notice issued in the country of origin affecting another recipient or other conditions affecting delivery.

6. Destinations and Ports of Entry for Import Shipments

(a) Shipments may be consigned to any destination in the United States via any port on any kind of bill of lading which the United States Government will accept for customs entry provided shipments are not sent "in bond" to interior destinations, unless such destinations are customs ports of entry.

(b) Under the present customs regulations Collectors of Customs at seaports and frontier crossings do not require the production of import licenses on import shipments consigned "in bond" or entered on an "immediate transportation entry" to other customs ports. In such cases the import license is to be furnished at the customs port where the final customs entry is made.

7. Guarantees and Reports for Sales in the United States

(a) The merchandise covered by this bulletin is divided into Classes A and B as follows:

CLASS A.

Castor Beans sold in lots of 5,000 pounds or more

Castor Oil sold in lots of 200 gallons or more, calculated at 8 pounds per gallon

CLASS B.

Castor Beans sold in lots of less than 5,000 pounds

Castor Oil sold in lots of 5 gallons or more and less than 200 gallons, calculated at 8 pounds per gallon (see note)

Jute wrappings or coverings when received as wrappings or coverings of merchandise listed in Class A or Class B above.

Note. No supervision is exercised over sales of castor oil in lots under 5 gallons each, except that dealers are required to make monthly to the Textile Alliance Inc., No. 4 Liberty Square, Boston, Mass., showing the aggregate of such sales.

(b) Class A requirements:

Under the conditions applicable to Class A merchandise, the seller is required to obtain from the intending purchaser a guarantee on Form B11 (see Section 12, page 7), and the consent thereon of the War Trade Board, before consummating the sale or delivering the merchandise. The purchaser's guarantee provides that this consent is to be applied for through the Textile Alliance Inc. To make this application it is necessary to send to the Textile Alliance the intending purchaser's guarantee.

(c) Class B requirements:

Under the conditions applicable to Class B merchandise, the seller is required to render to the purchaser at or before the time the merchandise is shipped or delivered a written invoice thereof, containing the following conditions, to be fulfilled by the purchaser:

(d) In the purchase of the merchandise covered by this invoice, the purchaser accepts the following conditions:

(e) That he/she will neither export such merchandise nor transfer ownership or control thereof to or for the benefit of any person or persons outside the United States without first obtaining an export license from or the consent of the War Trade Board.

(f) That he/she will report through the Textile Alliance Inc. to the War Trade Board at the end of each month all sales of such merchandise in lots of 5 gallons or over, calculated at 8 pounds per gallon.

(g) That he/she will not resell such merchandise to purchasers in the United States excepting under the same conditions.

Note. Purchasers of Class B merchandise are not required to file written guarantees unless especially requested to do so.

(OVER)

7. Guarantees and Reports for Sales in the United States.—Continued

(g) To avoid delays in consummating sales and delivering morphine in Class A, dealers should, if possible, obtain signed blank guarantees from their out-of-town customers to be filled out by the dealer when orders from such customers are received. It is improbable that this practice will work any injury to the guarantor because he is not bound by his guarantee if fraudulent use is made of it and the merchandise does not come into his ownership or control.

(h) Sellers of Class B merchandise are required to report through the Textile Alliance Inc. to the W.I.T.B. Board at the end of each month all sales of such merchandise (see form A7, page 8).

Guarantees Heretofore Given the British Government

Guarantees heretofore given to the British Government in respect to merchandise exported from British territory under British licenses are not affected by the new arrangement set forth in this bulletin, nor is such merchandise released from the provision of such guarantees.

6. Merchandise Damaged "In Transit" or by Fire

Recipients of merchandise subject to this bulletin must take their own measures with carriers and insurance companies to protect the interests of the War Trade Board in case of loss or damage, in transit or by fire. In the event of loss or damage prompt report is to be made to the Textile Alliance Inc., and recipients will be held responsible for the adequacy of the measures taken by them. It is suggested that a clause similar to the following, be inserted in the insurance policies.

"In case the assured hold the property covered by this policy under an agreement with the War Trade Board it is mutually understood and agreed between the Company and the assured that in the event of a loss occurring as a result of which the Company shall take over any part or all of the property insured hereby, then the Company shall be bound by the same terms and conditions of the agreement held by the assured with the said War Trade Board."

to Rewards to be Kept by the Textile Alliance Inc.

The Textile Alliance Inc. will keep a record which will be confidential except to the War Trade Board, and other departments of the Government, of the imports released to each recipient as well as maternal each recipient may purchase here which was imported by others. This record will be prepared from the guarantees given by importers to lessors, purchasers and from the sellers reports of releases. Based on these guarantees, a imports record will also be kept of the sales of each recipient. The records of receipts and sales will be available to the Government.

14. Textile Alliance is to operation with the War Trade Board

The foreign representatives of the Arctic Nations have been

Messrs. Fugibaldi, 11 Old Jewry, London, E.C.
Messrs. Fairbridge, Ardmore & Lawton, 141 Longmarket St., Cape Town, South Africa
Messrs. Little & Company, Old Secretariat, Apollo St., Bombay, India
Messrs. Nunn, Smith & Jellosco, 448 Collins St., Melbourne, Australia
Messrs. Braund, Bishop & Braund, 160 Featherstone St., Wellington, N.Z.
Bank of British West Africa, Ltd., Lagos, Nigeria
Anglo-Egyptian Bank, Alexandria, Egypt

12. Forms Annexed

(Blanks may be obtained on application to the Textile Alliance Ltd.)

- A6 Blank for monthly ~~reports~~ of Class B sales. See page H.
A7 Agreement to be entered into by importers. See page 8.
B10 Guarantee to be executed by importers of Castor Beans or Castor Oil. See page 9.
B11 Guarantee to be executed by purchasers of Castor Beans or Castor Oil. See page 10.

13. Liability

Neither the Textile Alliance Inc., the American Castor Benn and Oil Association Inc., nor their officers or employees assume any responsibility in regard to financial or other arrangements. Buyers, sellers and importers must indemnify and agree to hold harmless the Textile Alliance Inc., the American Castor Benn and Oil Association Inc., their officers and employees from ALL liability in connection with the transactions covered by this bulletin.

Imports awaiting release will be at the owner's risk and expense.

ORGANIZATION

The Textile Alliance Inc. was organized February 24, 1914, as a membership corporation under the laws of the State of New York. It has no capital stock and is legally incapable of either making or retaining a profit. There are at present nine voting members, consisting of the officers of the corporation and one representative nominated by each of the associations or trades named in the following list:

- JOHN P. WOOD, of William Wood & Company,
nominated by the National Association of Wool Manufacturers
C. W. JOHNSON, of the Highland Park Manufacturing Co.,
nominated by the American Cotton Manufacturers' Association
ALBERT GREENE DUNCAN, of the Harmony Mills,
nominated by the National Association of Cotton Manufacturers
AUGUST HUNZIKER, of the Weidman Silk Dyeing Co.,
nominated by the Silk Association of America
ARTHUR E. GILL, of Dewey, Gould and Company,
nominated by the Boston Wool Trade Association
H. D. COOPER, of James F. White and Company,
nominated by the Jute Trade
A. M. PATTERSON, of the Waterloo Woollen Manufacturing Co.,
nominated by the American Association of Woollen and Worsted Manufacturers
President, Textile Alliance Inc.
F. A. FLEISCH,
Vice-President
J. J. NEVINS,
Treasurer

Each voting member is also a director.

The affairs of the Alliance are under the general supervision of an Executive Committee, consisting of the following:

- A. M. PATTERSON
JOHN P. WOOD
ARTHUR E. GILL
H. D. COOPER

In the absence of Mr. John P. Wood, in the service of the United States, the National Association of Wool Manufacturers has nominated Mr. Edward Farnham Greene, Treasurer of the Pacific Mills, Boston, Mass., as his alternate.

Textile Alliance Inc.

BULLETIN No. 23

(Superseding Bulletin No. 21)

53

Rules and Regulations approved by the War Trade Board January 21, 1918,
covering the Importation, Exportation, Purchase and Sale
of the following articles from Foreign Countries

Wool and Animal Hair and the tops, nolls, yarn and waste of same and Woolen Rags and Crepe Fibre

- Skins, sheep—wooled or haired
Skins, lamb—wooled or haired
Skins, goat—haired
Skins, kid—haired

Jute and Burlap, and Jute or Burlap Bags

Cotton and Flannelette Raisings

Flax (See Note 2)

Linen (See Section 7 (b) page 5)

Mica

Palm Oil and Palm Kernel Oil

Note 1. See Section 2, page 3, regarding joint supervision by the Textile Alliance Inc. and the Traders Council of the United States of America Inc., of skins bearing wool or hair.

Note 2. Importations of raw flax, heckled flax or flax lins, flax tow, flax tow yarns, flax line yarns, linen thread, linen twines and cordage are deliverable only to the United States Government or its nominees subject to the condition that the merchandise will be used for the manufacture of material required by the United States Government.

Notice: Import licenses must be obtained by the importers from the War Trade Board and must be surrendered to the U. S. Customs Authorities when taking delivery.

Blank forms of application may be obtained from the Bureau of Imports, War Trade Board, Washington, D. C., or any of its branch offices.

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8	Coverings, Jute.	14	Macassar.
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5, 6, 7	Endorsements of Bills of Lading	7	Port of Entry in United States.
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TEXTILE ALLIANCE Inc.

45 East 17th St. Merchants Exchange L. C. Smith Bldg. Metropolitan Bank Bldg. 4 Liberty Square
New York San Francisco Seattle New Orleans Boston

BULLETIN No. 23

NEW YORK JANUARY 21, 1915

1. List of Commodities Subject to this Bulletin

The information contained in this Bulletin pertains to the rules and regulations of the War Trade Board concerning the importation, exportation, purchase and sale of the following commodities:

Wool and Animal Hair and the tops, noils, yarn and waste of same and Woolen Rags and Crepe Jute and Burlap (not including Wall Coverings) and Jute or Burlap Bags (See Note.)

Fibre
Cotton and Elastane/Rubber

skins, sheep - woolled or hairy sheep and lamb raising
Flax (See Note 3)

*skins, lamb—wooled or hairy Linen (See Section 3)

Skins. goat--haired. **Timb.** (See Section 1, Vol. I, page 5.) **Mica.**

Sheep, goat - naijoro Mea
Lamb, kid - haued Ita

Palm Oil and Palm Kernel Oil

*Note 1. See Section 2, page 3, regarding joint supervision by the Seattle Guidance Board and the Trans-
-America Fund of skins bearing wool or hair.

1. ORGANIC FIBERS. 2. INORGANIC FIBERS. 3. POLYMER FIBERS.

Rule 2. The War Trade Board has decided that for the purpose of these regulations all importations of old jute material to be used as wrappers or containers or in making or mending them shall be subject to conditions applicable to jute, burlap and bags. Jute material suitable only for making paper, fertilisers, pads for horse harness and other similar purposes are not subject to these regulations.

The importer's application for license should state which of these documents is available to the appropriate provisions of this bulletin.

Note 3. - Importations of raw silk, hatched silk or silk line, silk tow, silk tow yarns, silk laces, linen thread, linen twines and cordage are deliverable only to the United States Government or its nominees subject to the condition that the material will be used for the manufacture of material required by the United States Government.

² Joint Supervision by Textile Alliance Inc. and the Tanners Council of the United States of America, Inc., of Skins of Sheep, Lambs, Goats and Kids Bearing Wool or Hair.

Skins of sheep or goats or lambs or kids bearing wool or hair imported through the Textile Alliance Inc. subject to the joint supervision of the Textile Alliance Inc. and the Tanners Council of the United States of America Inc. The Textile Alliance has supervision of the skins while they remain untaimed and the wool or hair is not removed. When the skins have been tanned or the wool or hair removed, the skins become subject to the supervision of the Tanners Council of the United States of America Inc., and any wool or hair which has been removed becomes subject to the supervision of the Textile Alliance Inc.

3. War Trade Board Instructions and Requests

The United States Government through the War Trade Board has requested and instructed the Textile Association of New York to perform the following services in connection with the commodities named in the above:

- (a) To act as consignee or endorsee of importations into the United States from all foreign countries.
 - (b) To receive from intending importers and purchasers their guarantees to the War Trade Board.
 - (c) To endorse bills of lading to importers upon receipt of their guarantees to the War Trade Board, to withhold such endorsements should the War Trade Board so instruct.
 - (d) To transmit to sellers and purchasers the War Trade Board's consent to their sales and purchases, whenever such consent is required or to withhold such consent should the War Trade Board so instruct.
 - (e) To keep itself informed as to the conditions in the wool, skins, jute, cotton, flax, mica and palm oil trades and as to the members thereof, with a view to furnishing the War Trade Board at any time such information as the Board may desire.

4. Position of the Textile Alliance Inc. of New York

The Textile Alliance Inc. is undertaking these services at the request also of importers, sellers and purchasers who desire to avail themselves of the facilities of the Textile Alliance Inc.

5. Bills of Lading and Financial Arrangements

(a) All importations of commodities covered by this bulletin are to be consigned to or endorsed to the

Textile Alliance Inc. of New York.

If endorsed in this manner, the form of consignment appearing in the shipping receipt or bill of lading is immaterial.

(b) For the convenience of all concerned, the bills of lading for shipments consigned to the Textile Alliance should contain a marginal clause reading "Notify (here show name and address of importer)"

Should the interested parties find this marginal clause objectionable, it may be omitted.

The authorities in foreign countries when issuing licenses to export commodities named in this bulletin to recipients in the United States may require that the shipments be consigned in a particular manner. After the requirements of the foreign governments have been complied with in such cases, the bills of lading may, if necessary, be endorsed to the Textile Alliance Inc. in order to meet the requirements of the import license.

(c) All bills of lading, together with invoices and other documents, should be sent by the foreign shipper through the regular banking, trade or commercial channels to the actual importer, by whom they should be presented to the Textile Alliance Inc. at any of its offices in the United States.

The foreign shipper should not in any case send the bills of lading to the Textile Alliance Inc., as this may create grave complications and serious delay in establishing ownership.

(d) Frequently shipments arrive before the documents. Shippers should whenever possible mail one signed bill of lading, one stamped consular invoice and one copy of the commercial invoice on the vessel carrying the shipment.

(e) On shipments arriving before the bills of lading are received, the Textile Alliance Inc. will assist as far as possible in overcoming the difficulty due to the absence of the bill of lading. The extent of this assistance will be to furnish the importer a release in the form of a notice to the Collector of Customs and the Steamship Company, which will enable the importer (after satisfying the Collector of Customs and Steamship Company of his interest) to obtain delivery by furnishing an import license and a bond to produce the bill of lading later. This is the customary practice in each case.

(f) The foreign shipper should be requested to enter on the bill of lading the number of any export license issued in the country of export which he obtains.

(g) On shipments consigned to or endorsed to the Textile Alliance Inc., the Alliance can neither accept nor return, refuse or any request that importation of the shipment or its delivery be withheld pending payment for the goods. Payment for the goods before delivery of documents should be made to the Textile Alliance Inc. and no documents either to consignees or to their bankers to be endorsed to the Textile Alliance Inc. until after the payment has been paid for.

6. Importers' Guarantees and Endorsement of Bills of Lading

(a) For importations consigned to or endorsed to the Textile Alliance Inc., the bills of lading are to be presented by the importers to the Textile Alliance Inc. accompanied by a Guarantee on Form B1, B2, B3 or B4, according to class of merchandise, see Section 5, page 5, approved by the War Trade Board as shown on pages 10, 11, 12, 13, 14. Guarantees must be executed by the owners or their duly authorized agents or attorneys.

In the absence of a guarantee see Section 5(e), page 4, for instructions.

(b) To meet the expenses of the Textile Alliance Inc. conducting its work a charge will be made on all importations consigned to or endorsed to the Textile Alliance Inc., and endorsed by it to the importers. The charge will be 1% on imports released before February 1, 1918, and $\frac{1}{2}\%$ of 1% on imports released on and after that date. This charge is payable when the importers' guarantee is presented to obtain the endorsement of the bill of lading. Any balance of the funds remitted for the expenses presented to obtain the endorsement of the bill of lading. Any balance of the funds remitted for the expenses

(OVER)

6. Importers' Guarantees and Endorsement of Bills of Lading—Continued

part of departure as stated in the general invoice, including all charges, but not including prepaid freight and prepaid insurance, if any. Exchange will be at the rate prevailing at the time of release. The consular invoice should be submitted with the importer's guarantee if possible. It will be returned without delay.

The Textile Alliance will perform without charge its services in connection with importations by the American Red Cross Association.

(c) Importers may send their guarantees and bills of lading to the Textile Alliance Inc. at any of the following offices:

45 East 17th Street, New York.

4 Liberty Square, Boston, Mass.

Metropolitan Bank Building, New Orleans, La.

Montgomery Exchange, San Francisco, Cal.

1701 L. C. Smith Building, Seattle, Wash.

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Representatives at these offices have authority to receive guarantees and endorse the bills of lading for import shipments. Such endorsement will be made only when the guarantee requirements have been complied with. The Textile Alliance Inc. will be without authority to endorse bills of lading whenever the War Trade Board instructs otherwise.

(d) The Textile Alliance Inc. cannot attempt to determine the rightful ownership of merchandise consigned or endorsed to it. The holder of the original bill of lading will, therefore, be treated as the rightful recipient of the shipment unless endorsement on the bill of lading indicates to the contrary, and provided also that the Textile Alliance Inc. shall not have received a license or other notice issued in the country of origin showing another recipient or other conditions affecting delivery.

7. Destinations and Ports of Entry for Import Shipments

(a) Shipments (except certain linen tissues, see the following paragraph) may be consigned to any destination in the United States via any port on any kind of bill of lading which the United States Government accepts for customs entry provided shipments are not sent "on bond" to interior destinations, unless such destinations are customs ports of entry.

(b) In the case of shipments from British territory only of all light weight BROWN LINEN tissues in the piece, not exceeding 5 oz per square yard in weight, the material shall, before the bills of lading are issued by the Textile Alliance Inc., be inspected by a representative of the United States Government appointed for the purpose. Delivery of such shipments will be given only in New York. The only linen tissues in which the Textile Alliance Inc. is concerned are those originating in British territory.

Under the present customs regulations, Collectors of Customs at seaports and frontier crossings do not require the production of import licenses on import shipments consigned "on bond" or entered on an intermediate transportation entry to other customs ports. In such cases the import license is to be furnished at the extreme port where the final customs entry is made.

8. Guarantees and Reports for Sales in the United States

(a) The merchandise covered by this bulletin (excepting Linen Tissues, see Section 7) is to be sold, Section 5 of Guarantee (or Importer Form B3) is to be filled in Classes A and B as follows:

Class A

Wood

Animal hair suitable for spinning or weaving

Tops of wool or animal hair

Woolen skins

Skins of sheep or goats or lambs or kids bearing hair suitable for spinning or weaving

Raw flax

Jute yarn

Jute bags, bagging, cordage, twine, and other jute products sold in lots of 25,000 lbs. or more

Hemp cotton (not including domestic)

Raw flax

Hacked flax or flax line

Flax tow

Flax tow yarns

Flax line yarns

Note. See Section 3, page 3, regarding joint supervision by the Textile Alliance Inc. and the Tanners Council of the United States. See also note of skins bearing wool or hair.

(OVER)

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8. Guarantees and Reports for Sales in the United States. Continued

Class B:

Nolls of wool or animal hair
Yarn of wool or animal hair
Waste of wool or animal hair
Animal hair unsuitable for spinning or weaving
Woolen rags
Flannelette raisings
Crepe fibre
Jute wrappings or coverings when received as wrappings or coverings of other merchandise listed in Class A or Class B
Jute bags, bagging, cordage, twine and other jute products sold in lots of less than 25,000 lbs
Cotton yarn (other than domestic)
Cotton waste (other than domestic)
Linen twine and linen cordage
Linen thread
Mica
Palm oil and palm kernel oil

(b) Class A requirements:

Under the conditions applicable to Class A merchandise the seller is required to obtain from the intending purchaser a guarantee on Forms BG, BG, BM or BH (according to the kind of merchandise), Section 18, page 8) and the consent thereto of the War Trade Board, before consummating the sale, delivering the merchandise. The purchaser's guarantee provides that this consent is to be applied for through the Textile Alliance Inc. To make this application it is only necessary to send to the Textile Alliance the intending purchaser's guarantee.

(c) Class B requirements:

Under the conditions applicable to Class B merchandise each seller is required to render to the purchaser at or before the time the merchandise is shipped or delivered a written invoice thereof, containing the following conditions to be fulfilled by the purchaser:

"In the purchase of the merchandise ordered by this invoice the purchaser accepts the following conditions:

(d) That he/she will neither export such merchandise nor transfer ownership or control thereof to or for the benefit of any person or persons outside the United States without first obtaining an export license from or the consent of the War Trade Board.

(e) That he/she will report through the Textile Alliance Inc. to the War Trade Board at the end of each month all sales of such merchandise.

(f) That he/she will not resell such merchandise to purchasers in the United States excepting under the same conditions."

Note: Purchasers of Class B merchandise are not required to be written guarantees unless especially requested to do so.

(g) The War Trade Board has indicated that the sale of raw flax, huckled flax or flax line, flax tow, flax tow yarns and flax line yarns, imported under these arrangements, or produced from such imports, will not be authorized except under special circumstances, as, for example, if the United States Government should require an importer to divide his importation with other manufacturers or in case the material is unmarketable for the manufacture of government materials. In such case the importer must furnish the purchaser's guarantee on Form BG and obtain the consent of the War Trade Board before consummating the sale or delivering the merchandise.

(h) To avoid delays in consummating sales and delivering merchandise dealers should, if possible, obtain signed blank guarantees from their out-of-town customers to be filled out by the dealers when orders from such customers are received. It is improbable that this practice will work any injury to the guaranteee since he is not bound by his guarantee of fraudulent use is made of it and the merchandise does not come into his ownership or control.

(i) Sellers of Class B merchandise are required to report through the Textile Alliance Inc. to the War Trade Board at the end of each month all sales of such merchandise.

9. Guarantees Heretofore Given the British Government

Guarantees heretofore given to the British Government in respect to merchandise exported from British territory under British licenses are not affected by the new arrangement set forth in this bulletin, nor is such merchandise released from the provision of such guarantees.

10. Merchandise Damaged "In Transit" or by Fire

Recipients of merchandise subject to this bulletin must take their own measures with carriers and insurance companies to protect the interests of the War Trade Board in case of loss or damage, in transit or by fire. The event of loss or damage prompt report is to be made to the Textile Alliance Inc., and recipients will be responsible for the adequacy of the measures taken by them. It is suggested that a clause, similar to the one being inserted in the insurance policies

"In case the assured hold the property covered by this policy under an agreement with the War Trade Board, it is mutually understood and agreed between the Company and the assured that in the event of a loss occurring as a result of which the Company shall take over any part or all of the property insured hereby, then the Company shall be bound by the same terms and conditions of the agreement held by the insured with the said War Trade Board."

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11. Loan Bag Trade

Merchants engaged in a business known as the "loan bag trade" lend bags to steamship owners for merchandise while on shipboard under agreement that the bags will be returned. The borrower will be given a guarantee on Form A4 (see Section 18, page 8) and a bond approximately double the value of the bags that they will be returned. A special export license will be issued by the War Trade Board. Should bags be loaned to vessels in the service of the United States Government or its allies the War Trade Board may, upon request of the lender, waive the requirement that the bags be returned and that a bond given for their return.

Authority has been granted under this "loan bag" arrangement for the exportation of bagging and sacks from the United States to approved recipients in Central America. Exporters are required to give a guarantee on Form A4 (see Section 18, page 8) and a bond for approximately double the value of the bags or sacks so that they will be returned to the United States filled with produce.

12. Records to be Kept by the Textile Alliance Inc.

The Textile Alliance Inc. will keep a record (which will be confidential, except to the War Trade Board and other departments of the government) of the material released to each recipient as well as the fact that each recipient may purchase here which was imported by others. This record will be prepared from guarantees given by importers and "Class A" purchasers and from the sellers' reports of "Class B" sales based on these guarantees and reports a record will also be kept of the sales by each recipient. These records of imports and sales will be for the use of the Government.

13. Re-exports from the United States and Shipments "In Transit" via the United States

Supplement No. 1 to this Bulletin will be issued showing the conditions applicable to shipment of the articles listed in Section 8, pages 5 and 6, when moving from one foreign country to another via the United States, and also show the regulations applicable to re-exports from the United States of such of these commodities as may be received from foreign countries, subject to re-export restrictions.

14. Textile Alliance Inc.—Co-operation with the War Trade Board

The Textile Alliance Inc. of New York will co-operate to the fullest extent with the War Trade Board to secure export permits from foreign countries and will also, through its foreign representatives named below, endeavor to assist importers in overcoming any difficulties that may arise in the exportation of such material from such foreign countries. The foreign representatives of the Textile Alliance Inc. will not, as heretofore, be concerned with recommendations for the issue of British or Colonial licenses for the exportation of merchandise from British territory.

The foreign representatives of the Textile Alliance Incorporated, are:

- Messrs Freshfield, 31 Old Jewry, London, E. C.
- Messrs Fairbridge, Ardern & Lawton, 141 Longmarket St., Cape Town, South Africa.
- Messrs Little & Company, Old Secretariat, Apollo St., Bombay, India.
- Messrs Nunn, Smith & Jefferson, 348 Collins St., Melbourne, Australia.
- Messrs Brandon, Hislop & Brandon, 150 Featherstone St., Wellington, N. Z.
- Bank of British West Africa, Ltd., Lagos, Nigeria.
- Anglo Egyptian Bank, Alexandria, Egypt.

15. Forms Annexed

(Bullets may be obtained in application to the Textile Alliance Inc.)

- A1: Agreement to be executed by importers. See page 9.
- A3: Blank for monthly reports of Class B sales. See page 18.
- A4: Guarantee covering Loan Bag shipments (to be published later).
- B1: Guarantee to be executed by importers of wool, etc., animal hair, etc., woored and haired skins of sheep and goats and woolen rays. See page 10.
- B2: Guarantee to be executed by importers of jute and burlap and jute or burlap bags. See page 11.
- B3: Guarantee to be executed by importers of flax and linen. See page 12.
- B4: Guarantee to be executed by importers of cotton, flannelette raisings, crepe flake, palm oil and palm kernel oil. See page 13.
- B5: Guarantee to be executed by importers of mica (to be published later).
- B6: Guarantee to be executed by purchasers of wool, etc., animal hair, etc., woored and haired skins of sheep and goats and woolen rays. See page 14.
- B7: Guarantee to be executed by purchasers of jute and burlap and jute or burlap bags. See page 15.
- B8: Guarantee to be executed by purchasers of flax and linen. See page 16.
- B9: Guarantee to be executed by purchasers of cotton. See page 17.

16. Liability

Neither the Textile Alliance Inc. nor its officers or employees assume any responsibility in regard to financial or other arrangements. Buyers, sellers and importers must indemnify and agree to hold harmless the Textile Alliance Inc., its officers and employees from all liability in connection with the transactions covered by this bulletin.

Imports available to us will be at our own risk and expense.

AGREEMENT BY IMPORTERS

(This agreement should be executed by the importer and attached to the first application made to the War Trade Board for an import license.)

WHEREAS, the undersigned is desirous of importing from time to time wool, skins, jute, cotton, flax, meat, and/or palm oil and of procuring licenses for such importations from the War Trade Board, and

WHEREAS, the Textile Alliance Inc. of New York, is undertaking at the request of the War Trade Board certain work in connection with such importations.

NOW THEREFORE, the undersigned agrees in consideration of services rendered by the Textile Alliance Inc. of New York, and of the issuance to him from time to time of licenses by the War Trade Board as follows:

(1) Neither the Textile Alliance Inc. nor any officer member or committee thereof, shall be in any way liable for the withdrawal at any time of any facilities for importation, or for any action on its part in connection with any of the duties undertaken by it.

(2) In the event of conditions arising in connection with any particular shipment or shipments of merchandise in which I may be interested, and which may render it desirable, in the opinion of the Textile Alliance Inc., to refuse or withhold delivery of said merchandise, the Textile Alliance Inc., may refuse or withhold delivery of said merchandise, and the case may be presented for final decision to the War Trade Board, whose instructions in the premises the Textile Alliance Inc. may carry out without incurring any liability whatsoever.

(3) We will conform to the requirements, regulations and provisions set forth in Bulletin No. 23 of the Textile Alliance Inc. and any changes or amendments which may be made to such regulations hereafter.

(4) I will give the required guarantees on all importations or purchases made by me.

(5) I will furnish statements as required of all sales made by us and take guarantees as required from my customers.

(6) I will make the required statistical reports from time to time when called upon to do so.

I will indemnify and hold harmless the Textile Alliance Inc. and/or its officers, individually and collectively, from all liability in connection with any importations or dealings entered into by us.

(Signature of Applicant)

Date

(Address)

FORM No. A

(A special form will be used to report sales of mica.)

MONTHLY STATEMENT OF SALES

To TEXTILE ALLIANCE INC.,
4 Liberty Square, Boston, Mass.

The following is a complete list of our sales of Class B merchandise for the month of January, 1911, all of which have been made subject to the conditions stamped on our invoices as follows:

"In the purchase of the merchandise covered by this invoice the purchaser accepts the following conditions:

(g) That he they will neither export such merchandise nor transfer ownership or control thereof to or for the benefit of any person or persons outside the United States without first obtaining an export license from the consent of the War Trade Board.

(b) That he they will report through the Textile Alliance Inc. to the War Trade Board at the end of each month all sales of such merchandise.

(c) That he they will not resell such merchandise to purchasers in the United States excepting under the same conditions.

STATEMENT

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ORGANIZATION

The Textile Alliance Inc. was organized February 21, 1911 as a membership corporation under the laws of the State of New York. It has no capital stock.

There are at present nine voting members, consisting of the officers of the corporation and one representative nominated by each of the associations, a trades named in the following list:

JOHN P. WOOD, of William Wood & Company,
nominated by the National Association of Wood Manufacturers.

C. W. JOHNSTON, of the Highland Park Manufacturing Co., nominated by the American Legion, May 2, 1920.

ALICE GREEN DUNCAN of the Harmony Hills,
represented by the National Association.

W. C. WARDMAN, President,
Wardman Silk Dressing Co.,
recommended by the Silk Association of America.

ARTHUR R. HILL, of Brown, Gould and Company,
ominated by the Boston Wool Trade Association.

H. D. Cooper, of James F. White and Company,
represented by the Jute Trap.

A. M. Patterson, of the Waterloo Woolen Manufacturing Co.,
nominated by the American Association of Woolen and Worsted Manufacturers
President, Textile Alliance Inc.

F. A. WEISCH
Vice-President

J. J. DEVINS,
President.

Table 1. Voting member of the panel.

The affairs of the Alliance are under the general supervision of an Executive Committee, consisting of the following:

A. M. PATTERSON
JOHN F. WOOD
ARTHUR E. GILL
H. D. COOPER

In the absence of Mr. John P. Wood, in the service of the United States, the National Assn. of Wool Manufacturers has nominated Mr. Edward Farnham Greene, Treasurer of the Pacific Mills, Boston, Mass., as alternate.