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EAST AFR PROT.

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REC'D
POL 20 SER 2

Sugar Development

Some records which present the taking up lease of land.

Leopold
litho

The conditions we are asking are stated above were set out in our letter dated 14th Jan 1919, but the same do not make much difference (e.g.) between offering to let 5000 or 4000 ton black in 2 years and requiring them to produce 2000 tons of sugar in the 3rd year & 4000 in the 4th year.

As regards the first point, I agree that Rs 37/- per ton is high as they will not be able to get it. —

Please see off a fo/50820

Yours truly
C. S. 6.3.19

extra.

6.3.19

all due
now

1919

Sept

on Paper.

90

on Paper.

10

TELEGRAMS
RECKELL, CANNON, LONDON.
RECKELL, LONDON.
PHONE NO CENTRAL 1185.

J. DU BUISSON.
G. MOODY STUART.
HORACE PEEL.
J. DU BUISSON.

18, Laurence Pountney Lane,

London, E.C.4.

23rd Sept. 1919.

C.O.

55679

REC'D

Per 25 SEP 1919

Dear Mr. Grindale,

In reply to your note of 20th Sept. the points that would prevent our taking up the lease are :-

- (1) That we would not bind ourselves to have a 4000 ton factory completed in two years. It would probably cost £150,000, and even if it were possible to get the machinery made, transported, and erected within the time, which is in present circumstances very doubtful, we are not at all sure that it would be wise to lay out a sum like this before one had sufficient evidence that canes could be grown to the required extent within the time.
- (2) That we would not bind ourselves to have 1500 acres planted in cane within two years, and the further acreage required in the following year. This would require that a large body of labourers be secured promptly.

From the information we have received it looks as if it might take some time to secure labourers in important numbers, and while it would be advisable to lay down the plan of work on lines that would admit of large development, it might be wise to begin on a small scale and work up, both in regard to cultivation and to machinery.

The upset price of the land is very high compared with the price at which suitable land can be bought out-right

elsewhere. While our intention would be to develop the land as quickly as possible for the production of sugar, yet we would not ourselves care to take up land unless we were free to carry out any work or cultivation that we might find suitable and at such times as we might find advisable. For if we found sugar was not going to answer, we consider it only reasonable that we should have the right to put the land to some other purpose.

Yours very truly,

Heneage Buller Russell Esq.

Grindall Esq. C.M.G.

Colonial Office,

Downing Street. W.