

CLERK FOR PROT

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Balfeld 723

Revenue and Expenditure of L.A. Court of Appeal

1915

4 Nov

Yrs copy Report by Mr Justice Hamilton Reports having proposed to Uganda Natives & Zbar that Earl should bear whole expenses of the court (as per 1 to 10) including travelling, allowances & expenses of members coming from other Prots. but exclusive of any part of their salaries other whole Revenue did by order of Earl Uganda & Zbar agree, but ~~order~~ paper M'Parker than than was given rates for services by telegram.

Sir Head,

It would have been interesting to see the list of demands made by the government of U. S. on the Earl of Liverpool, as well as those of mutual consideration excepting amounts £20000/-

£1000/- of the expenditure), and the cost of the £1000, which will be paid off all the same, under arrangement to meet the additional expenses of the Court, and the expenses of England remain that this is a better two protestations ought to bear to their

Next subsequent Paper

11th Nov 1915
1225

In H. Balfeld's opinion is no doubt that it's advantage of being able to collect say £1000/- £1100/-

on £9 a year, ~~is not~~ from three
Postmasters up there is lost worth
it now &c.

There can be little doubt that
he is right, and the product of
the donation being applied to the
deficit may turn out a profit
in remote

Collegial address of
the men of Govt Agreed
Collegial 16th Jan 1815

Attest A

7/27/5

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REC'D

REG'D 15 DEC 15

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,

NAIROBI,

BRITISH EAST AFRICA.

ST AFRICA PROTECTORATE.

No. 773.

November 4th, 1915.

Sir,

I have the honour to transmit herewith for your consideration a copy of a report by Mr. Justice Hamilton on the revenue and expenditure of the Court of Appeal for Eastern Africa.

2. After a full discussion of the matter with my Executive Council I addressed a communication to the Governors of Uganda and Nyasaland and to the British Resident at Zanzibar, in which I proposed that, as from the 1st of April 1916, this Protectorate should bear the whole expense of the Court of Appeal for Eastern Africa including travelling allowances and the expenses of

MEMORANDUM

THE RIGHT HONOURABLE

ANDREW BONAR LAW, P.C., M.P.

SECRETARY OF STATE FOR THE COLONIES.

DOWNING STREET,

LONDON, S. W.

member coming from other Protectorates, but exclusive of any portion of their salaries, and that the whole of the revenue derived therefrom should be credited to this Protectorate.

3. To this proposal the Governor of Uganda and the British Resident, Zanzibar, replied in the affirmative, while the Governor of Nyasaland preferred the suggestion made by Mr Justice Hamilton, namely that the Government of this Protectorate should meet all expenditure connected with the Court of Appeal in the first place, and that the governments of the Protectorates concerned should be debited with a share of any deficit in the ratio of the number of appeals emanating from each Protectorate.

4. I have the honour therefore to submit the matter for your decision. With all deference to the opinion expressed by Sir George Smith, I venture to state that the proposal as suggested by me would prove much more simple in its execution and I trust that it may be adopted. I should

be

be grateful for a reply by telegraph in
order that the necessary steps may be taken
in connection with the draft Estimates.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your humble, obedient servant,

Haway Bequette

GOVERNOR.

INCLOSURE

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REPORT

on

The Revenue and expenditure of the Court of Appeal
for Eastern Africa

1. The Court from 1910 until 1914 consisted of the Judges of the High Courts of East Africa, Uganda and Nyassaland. In 1914 when Zanzibar was brought under the jurisdiction of the Court the Judges of the Zanzibar Court for Zanzibar also became members of the Court.
2. The Court now exists for the benefit of all four Protectorates equally, and is composed of their Judges having equal powers but convened and presided over by the senior Member, who has hitherto been the Chief Justice of the East Africa Protectorate. No salary is paid to the Judges in respect of their work on the Court of Appeal.

3. The address of the Court is at Mombasa and the ministerial work is carried out by a Registrar and a Court Clerk.

Both the officers are borne on the Judicial Establishment of the Colony and the Clerk, The Registrar who is the Registrar of the High Court of East Africa, for many years received a duty allowance of £50 per annum on account of his duties as Registrar of the Court of Appeal, but on his now being placed on a better footing last year this duty allowance was merged in his increased salary so which a duty allowance of £40 is now attached.

(2)

4. The Clerk of the Court, who is a first grade clerk, was appointed to do the work of the Court but as it does not at present occupy all his time he is also employed on the local East African Appellate work.
5. The services of these two officers are borne entirely out of the revenues of East Africa and I estimate the value of the proportion of their time which they devote to the work of the Court of Appeal at £200 per annum.
6. The other expenses of the Court, leaving out of account housing, library, stationery and incidental expenses which for present purposes need not be taken into account, fall under two heads (1) the travelling expenses of Judges summoned to sit on the Court, and (2) the travelling allowance of £1 a day which a Judge receives during his journey to and fro and for the time that he is engaged on the Court.
7. In order that the whole of these expenses might not fall on East Africa I arranged with Judge Innis, at that time the Principal Judge of Uganda, that East Africa should pay the travelling allowance but that the Province from which a Judge was summoned would pay the travelling expenses of the Judge. No Judge from Uganda has ever been sent to the Court and till last year the position did not change with regard to Innis.

This arrangement, which was a purely voluntary one, does not appear to have been perfectly

(3)

adhered to, and the experience of 5 years working of the Court now enables a better view to be taken of the position with the object of arriving at some satisfactory scheme of allocation.

8. The approximate total cost of the travelling expenses of the Judges summoned to attend the Court in the past 5 years amounts to Rs.8000 or an average of Rs.1600 a year, and of their travelling allowances to Rs.4500 or an average of Rs.900 a year.

The combined cost under these two heads is Rs.2500 a year; adding to this the cost of the ministerial officers' services, valued at Rs.3000 a year (cf. paragraph 5), and we get the total cost of the Court at an average of Rs.5500 a year.

9. During this same period the total revenue of the Court has amounted to Rs.14,271 or an average of Rs.2854 a year showing on the balance an average annual debit of Rs.2646.

10. The total number of appeals dealt with amounts to 100, of which 120 originated from the East Africa Protectorate. 1 from Uganda, 3 from Nyasaland and 3 from Zanzibar. Of the 120 East Africa appeals 54 were taken on fee, one appeal, one appeal was taken without fee as a Government appeal, and in another the fee was only partly paid.

11. It thus appears that hitherto the great bulk of the work has been East African and that nearly half of that has been taken free. The inclusion of Zanzibar within the jurisdiction of the Court is too recent for any accurate idea to be formed of the number of appeals which are likely to be received from

(4)

there in the future, but in all probability there will be at least some 4 or 5 annually.

12. Should this estimate be somewhat exceeded it is still evident that the expenses of the Court are likely to exceed the revenue for some years to come, though this might be somewhat diminished if fees were charged on an appeal by a Protectorate Government as I submit should be done.
13. For the purpose of dealing with the 135 appeals which have been before the Court there have been 64 attendances of Judges as follows:-

East African Judges, attendances	40
Uganda	20
Zanzibar	2
Temporary Members appointed	<u>2</u>
	64

Sittings have been held at the places following

Mombasa	14
Dar es Salaam	3
Nairobi	1

14. From the above it will be seen that in practice the bulk of work done has been from East Africa where naturally sittings are generally held and it often places a load of the Judges to travel from other Protectorates.

It does not therefore seem reasonable either that all the Protectorates should contribute equally to the expenses or that they should contribute on the basis of attendances by their Judges.

(8)

15. The fairest scheme would I think be that each Protectorate should contribute on the basis of the number of appeals emanating from that Protectorate.

The whole of the expenses should be borne in the first instance by East Africa and at the end of the year the expenses of the Court for the year could be ascertained and any debit balance found due, after deducting the revenue which is collected in Mombasa, could be allocated on this basis to the various Protectorates concerned, who would reimburse the East Africa Protectorate accordingly.

For instance, supposing that in one year

25 appeals emanated from East Africa

3	"	"	"	Zanzibar
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2	"	"	"	Uganda
---	---	---	---	--------

0	"	"	"	Nyassaland
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and that the debit balance was Rs.3000, East Africa would be debited with $\frac{25}{30}$ ths of Rs.3000, Zanzibar with $\frac{3}{30}$ ths, Uganda with $\frac{2}{30}$ ths and Nyassaland with nothing.

16. If in the future the work of the Court became so remunerative that there was a credit balance this balance could be credited to the various Protectorates concerned on the same basis.

THE HONOURABLE

Mombasa,

SENIOR MEMBER

12th June 1915.

Court of Appeal

for 37829 this last

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26 Dec 1915

Mr.

I have the honour to inform

you that the Govt of the Sar^t has forwarded for my concurrence a copy of the report by Mr Justice Hamilton on the revenue and expenditure of the force of the Sar^t of Eastern Africa which recommends that the Sar^t should bear the whole expense of the force, including the travelling allowance & the expenses of members coming from other Protectorates, but exclusive of any portion of their salaries.

That the share of the revenue derived therefrom should

be credited to the Sar^t & deducted from

& Sir Henry Bettfield

opines that his proposal was submitted to

DRAFT

Kenya

No 203

W. Smith

OB 27/12/15

Family

Gov 57829/1015

490

Eas?

2
sent 16/12/1915

DRAFT Telegram

17 December
Dated like

governor

Mauritius

Your despatch of 4 Nov the
enclosed

773 Court of Appeal

Approved

F.W.B. 17/12/1915
Bottomley, 2200 ft.

your proposal approved

Approved

Boonarloo

edfb