

EAST AFR PROT

127

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12953

Rec'd
REGD

MAR 5

~~Dragon office~~

1915

18 inch

Last previous Paper.

653

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CPA 8/7 can 6/1974
char. Ogallala 2000 6/30/15

Claim of A. Zappino

for refund of £392 being the sum expended by him in building fort & houses at Mysore 1907-08. Sends copy from Adis Ababa substantiating Japhet's claim for favourable consideration.

Mr. B. Morris Jr. Read

The question of whether
anything shd be paid to Mr.
Japhins is not an easy one, as
there is so little to go upon.
It is clear, I think, from the
pp. that we never anticipated
anything on this scale & that
less Japhins, given the historical
claim to a refund of any sum
spent by him. But at the same
time it may be a matter of
equity that he shd be paid
something, even after his leave

of time

If we can get into the fort
or right the fort off the east
or the water, you think this
will give the soldiers the best we
can do - although we have not
before thought the fort off the east
very much with the question of
our garrison's expenditure. Still,
the fort off the east are as
much now in immediate control
of the Northern frontier districts
as they were formerly & ought
at any rate be able to give
of the value of the fort &
houses constructed.

? said Mr. M. to have East
val for his share on our
garrison's claim. Lod 27/4/0

? give a look on the account page 10
1032 if it is true that they are owing
to Zaphran's billings Lod 27/4/0

at once

H. J. R.
26/4/15

Room 3

In case further communication
is required, please credit
19740/15.

With reference—
The Under-Secretary of State,
Foreign Office,
London.



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Editorial Office

March 18th, 1915.

SIR:-

I am directed by Secretary Sir E. Grey to transmit,
herewith, a copy of a despatch from His Majesty's Charge
d'Affaires at Addis Ababa, submitting a request from Mr.
Zaphiro, Abyssinian Secretary to the Legation, for
refund of expenditure incurred by him between April 1907
and January 1908 in building the fort at Moysie.

The subject of Mr. Zaphiro's mission and the
financial arrangements connected therewith was dealt with
in a lengthy correspondence at various times, to which
the following references may be given: Foreign Office
letters to the Colonial Office dated October 17th 1905,
June 19th 1908 (20542/08) and February 15th 1910 (4982/
10).

From this correspondence it would appear that no
claim for this expenditure was made by Mr. Zaphiro in
May 1908, when he applied for funds in respect of other
disbursements

The Under-Secretary of State,
Colonial Office.

disbursements made by him. It is also of course obvious that the fort was built without authorisation and in circumstances in which authorisation could not have been given.

On the other hand, Mr. Zephire's right to claim a refund before should not be allowed to weigh against the claim should it appear otherwise well-grounded.

I Am,

Sir,

Your most obedient,

humble Servant,

Eyre A. Lowe



1974Q

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BRITISH LEGATION

12/1915

ADDIS ABABA

19th January 1915

Sir:-

I have the honour to recommend for your favourable notice, an application by Mr Zaphiro, Abyssinian Secretary in this Legation, to be refunded by the Government of East Africa the cost which he incurred in the building of the fort and ~~and~~ houses at Moyale on the southern frontier which have been taken over and occupied by their officials.

So far as I am aware this matter has never been brought before the Government of East Africa, who are probably under the natural impression that the buildings were put up at the expense of the Foreign Office. Mr Zaphiro has never before applied in writing, and it seems that the question being verbal only was forgotten, or that his former chiefs on the point of leaving thought that their successors would settle it.

Mr Zaphiro states the matter at length, but in endorsing it, I should like to state that I believe it is now universally admitted by those who have any opportunity to judge, that his six years work on that frontier was a remarkable achievement. He was entirely alone for years together, at a distance from a letter of from two to three months, without any previous administrative experience, not even at that time a naturalised Englishman, and very poorly paid. He had about 600 miles of frontier to watch, to find and enlist some sort of soldiers, to deal with turbulent Abyssinians and Somalis and other tribes, to avoid frontier quarrels, and to get along somehow. He did it. He explains how Moyale came originally to be built under a mistake in Captain Maude's map, and how Major Gwynn showed him that it was the wrong site.

BRITISH LEGATION

ADDIS ABABA.

side of the line after the money had been spent. But that he was right in his choice of the spot has never been disputed, and it is not now conceivable that we could evict him. He was of course wrong in building the fort without previous sanction, but sanction would have taken some six months to arrive, and his action has been tacitly accepted by the continuous subsequent occupation of his buildings by the Government.

As to the money collected in ivory, I should imagine there must be a record of this transaction in British East Africa. If it is correct that they received £2000 by the spontaneous exertions of Mr Zaphiro, it might be hoped that they would be the more inclined to meet him on the question of repayment for his buildings which they still use. The amount claimed is only £332.

I venture to hope that special allowances may be made for the lapse of time in presenting this claim, and for any technical irregularity. Mr Zaphiro is without experience of such things, and seems to have been under the impression that Sir John Harrington would some day remember to have the question settled.

I have the honour to be, Sir
with the highest respect
your most obedient
humble servant

Right Honourable

Sir Edward Grey

Bart. K.C. M.P.

etc etc etc

His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs.

BRITISH LEGATION,

ADDIS ABABA,

18TH JANUARY 1916.

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I have the honour to bring to your notice certain facts concerning the building by me of the Fort Harrington at Moyale E.N.E.

I have been appointed by Sir John Harrington as British Southern Frontier Inspector in the beginning of the year 1906. I have been allowed a grant of £ 900. (details of the expenditure of the above sum attached herewith), to Patrol the Red line from Dolo to Lake Rudolph. It was agreed at that time between the Emperor Menelik and Sir John Harrington that pending the final delimitation of the Frontier, no Abyssinian should cross the red line and for this, I have been sent to watch the Abyssinian movements. The Emperor Menelik from his part sent a certain Officer by the name of Gaminjmax Serau.

After I had inspected the red line all along the frontier I found that from Dolo to Lake Rudolph there was not a single place where I could make a permanent camp, the country being very low and consequently very unhealthy. Therefore I decided to take possession of Moyale which place according to Captain Ward's map was supposed to be on the red line. But it was afterwards found that a mistake had been made, and Moyale in the map should have been Gara Tepessa, and that the Moyale which I occupied was about 2 miles north of the correct red line. However as it was impossible to find a healthy enough spot to live in except at Moyale, and as I had in my hands a Letter from the Emperor Menelik saying that the red line runs from Roka Hill to the summit of Moyale, I took possession and started building a Fort and Houses. I had great difficulties with the Abyssinians who tried to stop me from building. But I continued to build until the arrival of Major Gwynn who told me that, I must stop building, as Moyale was at least two miles north of the red line.

The buildings were then nearly finished and the money had

had been spent and my fort and houses are still in use by the officials of British East Africa.

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When Sir John Harrington went to Abyssinia, I had a great mind to do what I thought to be best in our interest on the frontier, but in no way to annoy the Dervishes.

The building by me of fort Harrington gave us a footing on the Highlands of Boran which for me and the Government was very essential for when my soldiers and I returned from patrolling we always had Malaria fever and Moyale was a sort of Quarantine, not only for us, but also to the natives south of the red line who used to come up to the fort Harrington during the rain season.

Such were the ~~difficult~~ the reasons which lead me to decide to build a fort and 28 houses(Native Tukles at Moyale). Moyale is about 4600 ft. altitude, very healthy, and is on the centre of all trade roads to the south. Having a permanent camp at Moyale I could patrol east towards Dolo and west towards Lake Rudolph.

To build this Fort it was necessary for me to have workmen which I found locally with great difficulties. Skilled workmen had to be brought from Gondar and Sidamo. The Fort cost me £332, which I spent from my salary.

I reported at that time to Mr Hohler His Majesty's Charge d'Affaires in Addis Ababa and verbally to Sir John Harrington and Lord Herbert Kewley who promised to consider the question but this amount has never been paid to me.

As I have said above, Moyale being the centre of the ~~Highland~~ frontier on the trade roads, I started to control also the hunting of Elephants by confiscating from the native Abyssinians hunters one task, if they were found in the act of killing Elephants in British territory without permission. In this way I collected about 6000 lbs. of Ivory and asked Mr. Hohler to instruct me what to do with it. Mr. Hohler's instructions to me were to hand over to the British East Africa Government through a certain Englishman named Mr. Boyce who was passing from Boran to Nairobi. Consequently I gave Mr. Boyce all the Ivory and a letter from me to the

to the Governor of British East Africa, together with ~~the~~ the
necessary transport up to Rendille country.

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The second lot which was about 3000 lbs. I sent to Mr. Ray of the Bone Trading Company in the presence of Major Jayne before taken to Nairobi. Major Jayne wrote a letter to the Governor of British East Africa informing him what he had done, the said Ivory to be brought to Nairobi.

The third lot I added on to Captain Rogers together with all the Government cattle.

The Ivory sent by me to British East Africa during 1888 on the steamer "Lion" worth £ 2000, I believe the papers and list to my existence in British East Africa, I gave a copy of the list of Ivory handed to Mr. Rogers. They were forwarded from Nairobi to collect any Ivory for them, I have done so, as my orders from Sir John Harrington were to do what I thought best, and by confiscation this Ivory I checked the hunting of Elephants.

I am asking you now to be good enough to take the necessary steps that British East Africa pay me the amount of £ 353, agent by me for building Fort Hyrlington, This have received from me, as I have said above £ 2000 from the confiscated Ivory.

Also the Xoyt, and houses are still in use, by their officials, which cost me £ 352 out of my salary at that time £ 200 a year.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient,

humble servant,

D. C. Zaphing
a. S. A. S.

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19 FEB 1915

Different Expenses for Building the Fort Barrington at Moyale.

50 Workmen natives for digging the ground of the work, and 28 houses at Two Wardouf each for one month each Ward. \$2. / 200.	
30 Abyssinian Arses 30 Wardouf.	60. 600
20 Bullocks ration for the above workmen each Bullock \$ 8.	160.
50 Workmen for cutting wood for the Fort and the houses for two months each workman 4 Wardouf per month.	160.
20 Bullocks each Bullock at \$ ration for the above wood.	160.
50 Workmen for transporting the wood from the Forest to Moyale for one month, 4 Wardouf each	400.
20 Bullocks for the above ration at \$ 7. each	140.
Two Abyssinian sent by me to assist, and two to follow doing the building Abyssinian workmen for the building the houses their ration.	68.
Ropes bought 100 ly	0.
Ropes (Abyssinian) and other tools from Gondwula.	50.
7 Abyssinian Workmen from Gondwula for building the Forts and houses \$ 20. each per month and two Wardouf each (\$ 4) for ration for four months.	97.
Transport of lime from Moga with camels (15) pack for the lime Rations etc.	245.
For cutting and transporting grass for thatching the houses.	268.
10 Workmen natives for helping the Abyssinians building the Fort and houses, at 4 Wardouf each per month for 4 Months.	320.
4 Months ration for 10 natives 20 Bullocks at \$ 9	180.
Ropes for thatch in the houses.	40.
Grand Total.	3468.

19740

Grant of £ 900. per annum to Patrol the British Southern Frontier.

My Salary per Annum	£ 200.
Subsistence allowance 10 shillings per day	£ 182. / 1
25 Abyssinian soldiers at £ 1 per month.	£ 240.
Rations for 25 Abyssinians at £ 1 per month.	£ 90.
20 Mules for transport bought at £ 40 each.	£ 80.
25 Abyssinian loading saddle at £ 2 each	£ 5.
20 Abyssinian leather straps	£ 2.
Cooking pots for servants tents and etc. for 20 men.	£ 20 / 1
50 empty sacks for packing	£ 5.
Presents annually to the chief	£ 50.
Extra ration for the soldiers on patrol service.	£ 50.
Total.	£ 907.

Afterwards I was obliged to enlist another 15 soldiers,
as I could not patrol the frontier with only 25 and three
years later this extra expense was paid by the Government.

To 12958/1915
S.A.P.

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~~Recd~~

6 May, 1915.

Sir,

DRAFT.

S.A.P.

No. 317

for Mr. St. C. Belfield

MINUTE.

Mrs. Major 1 May 1915 -

Mr. Tottenby 3.5.15 f.

Mrs.

Mr.

Sir G. Fiddes.

Sir H. Just.

Sir J. Anderson.

Lord Islington.

Mr. Harcourt.

I have the honour
to transmit to you
the accompanying copy
of a letter from the
IO with enclosures,
on the subject of the
claim of Dr. Zaphiro
Aogianian, Secretary to
the Legation, Adia Abta,
for the refund of
expenses incurred by
him in 1907 and 1908
in building the fort

12958/1915
S.A.P.
6 May, 1915