

38082

1936

38082

CO 533/465

KENYA

East African Power & Lighting Co. Ltd.Mangwa-Tana & Lower Falls Hydro Electric Schemes

Previous

297

1935.

Subsequent S.F.I.

1939

297 11/3/36

(1) Library 1/246

(2) Room 3c9 1/72

Mr. Fletcher 7

Mr. Duinean 27/3/36

Mr. Hood 28

Sir C. Bottomley 29/2

R. 309 3/3

Mr. Fletcher 1/5/3

3c4 1/9/3

R 217 12/3

R 80 14/1

R 217 6/4

3c1 8/4

Mr. Fletcher -

C.S.  
Kenya Govt  
develop.

Govt. Bdgine & No. 4. ~~8/1/36~~ 8/1/36

Gives explanation regarding the amending legislation to the Electric Power Ordinance and, in view of its circumstances indicates early agreement that at the present juncture, no further attempt should be made to persuade local authorities to agree to the deletion of section 3 (i) of the amending Ordinance 1934.

No. 14  
3808/35.

The Secretary of State's despatch of the 6th of November left no room for doubt as to the attitude of the Colonial Office in this matter. We felt that advantage should not be taken of a piece of bad ~~bad~~ drafting in the Principal Ordinance to endanger the position of the Company's existing licences. This apparently was the view of the P.M.G. and the Attorney-General when the draft Bill was prepared and published under Government Notice No. 471 of 1934. But it would seem from paragraph 7 of the despatch that it was not foreseen that the municipalities would raise strong objections. However, the Mombasa, Eldoret and Nkuru local authorities were determined that the Company should not have the benefit of the amending legislation in so far as existing licences were concerned. It seems that the Nairobi Council, too, would join in the opposition to the removal of the proviso to Section 3(1) of Ordinance No. 37 of 1934.

10  
P.M. Jan 10  
D.L. - 10/1/36

According to the despatch, electrical development in the Colony is not likely to be prejudiced by the retention of the proviso in question. The Governor considers that it is not the duty of Government to approach the local authorities concerned, but if the Company can

succeed

succeed in winning the consent of all or any of the local authorities concerned, he is prepared to agree that Section 19(a) of the Principal Ordinance should be further amended, either generally or in respect of any local authority which agrees to such amendment.

We can only pass on the contents of the despatch (suitably edited) to the Company.

Chrysanthemum

13.2.36.

J.J. Power  
1/2

In the circumstances the action proposed by Mr. Prosser would seem to be all that we can do.

27/2/36 T. Duncan

This is distinctly annoying. The municipalities appear to be taking advantage of an admitted drafting error in an Ordinance which conferred upon them "rights" which it was never intended that they should have and which, in my opinion, it is quite improper that they should

should possess. The "rights" in question are the right to apply to revoke the licence granted to a private undertaking or company at any time. The intention was that the electric undertaking should have 42 years clear before it could be taken over but owing to the way a section was drafted this position was not conferred upon them etc. Instead, the municipalities can apply to suppress the at any time and further, if a municipality does apply the Governor has no power to refuse provided that the area is entirely within the jurisdiction of the municipality concerned.

Mr. Fitzgerald tells me that the municipalities were objecting to the length of the license some time ago when they were granted and it was pointed out to them by the Compt. for Local Govt (not the present one) that they had the rights as they followed this objective. So my argument is null & void. His amending is what will only happen in Kenya but as it is

I can hardly believe that the municipalities really think that they were given these rights or intention. I think Government would be guilty of a breach of faith if the law were interpreted so as to carry out its admitted, evasive & illogical intention.

At the same time, in view of the Governor's opinion, it is difficult to see what can be done except to inform the Compt. for Local Govt.

(I have just heard that they want to come & talk)  
Then we had better write, as you said,  
at once. The letter will not contain  
any expression of opinion on the  
part of the Govt.

Letter 287 of 36  
at once

2 to G.A. Power, Fighting Co. — 5/1/36

~~DESTROYED UNDER STATUTE~~

E.A. Powers Lighting Co.

Accts. (2) (names blank)

2-3-36

Puching  
C. Powers 3/36  
at once

4 E.A. Powers Lighting Co. -

30-3-36

Ins. illumination & Channan Regime, etc., 2/26  
of the Regime.

? Act as in Draft  
hereinwith

Cofersch  
8/4/36

To Shearer (4 arnd) - 11/3/36

66, QUEEN STREET,

LONDON, E.C.4.

30th March, 1936.



Dear Mr. Flood,

EAST AFRICAN POWER & LIGHTING COMPANY LTD.

Following on the interview which you were kind enough to give me in connection with the above Company, I was informed that the Committee of Enquiry appointed to consider the Company's application for extension of its licences, etc., was to present its final report about the end of this month. In order to obtain an impression of our people's feelings as to the result of the enquiry, I sent the following cable on the 25th instant to the Chairman of the Company -

"WOULD BE INTERESTED TO HAVE YOUR BRIEF TELEGRAPHED  
IMPRESSION AS TO PROGRESS ENQUIRY"

and I have received the following in reply -

"REPORT PRESENTED TO THE GOVERNMENT 23RD MARCH IS  
CONFIDENTIAL TO THE GOVERNMENT AND THEIR ATTITUDE  
DEPENDENT UPON CONSIDERATION EXECUTIVE COUNCIL  
FULLSTOP DIFFICULT THEREFORE FORECAST GOVERNMENT  
ATTITUDE FULLSTOP LAWYERS IMPRESSION IS THAT AT  
THE WORST WE SHALL GET SOME EXTENSION(S) BUT MAY  
HAVE TO TAKE FIRM STAND TO GET ALL WE REQUIRE"

As this information may be of some use to you, I thought it advisable to let you have a copy of the cable.

Yours sincerely,

J.E.W. Flood, Esq., C.M.G.,  
Colonial Office,  
S.W.1.

C.O.

Mr. Grossmith. 3/3/36

Mr. Pooten 3/3/36

Mr.

Sir C. Parkinson.

Sir G. Tomlinson.

Sir C. Bottomley.

Sir J. Shuchburgh.

Permit U.S. of S.

Parly U.S. of S.

Secretary of State.

Act 3

Downing Street,

4 March, 1936.

Sir,

I am etc. to refer to the

letter from this Department of the

4th of November regarding Section 19

of the Kenya Electricity Ordinance,

as amended by Kenya Ordinance No.39

of 1934, and to inform you that the

~~observations~~  
~~comments~~ of the Governor of Kenya

on your letter of the 11th October

have now been received.

2 The Governor points out

that the Bill to amend the Electric

Power Ordinance together with its

objects and reasons was published

for general information in Govt.

Notice No.471 in the issue of the

Kenya Gazette dated 10th July, 1934,

~~he understands~~  
and it is understood that the

Chairman and General Manager of the

East

**DRAFT.**(13  
1936/13)

THE SECRETARY,

THE EAST AFRICAN POWER AND  
LIGHTING COMPANY.**FURTHER ACTION.**

East African Power and Lighting Company Ltd.  
had both left the Colony for England before  
that date. The Governor states that if the  
reference, in the memorandum accompanying your  
letter of the 11th October last, to an assurance  
that the amending legislation was to be introduced  
as a Govt. measure, was intended to suggest that  
an undertaking was given that the Bill would be  
forced through Legislative Council, irrespective  
of any objections, there are absolutely no grounds  
for such suggestion.

The Bill was read for the first time in  
Legislative Council on the 24th July, 1934, and  
representations were received by the Postmaster  
General just before its introduction from the  
Mombasa, Eldoret and Nakuru Municipal Boards.  
In consequence of these representations it was  
agreed by the Legis. C. Council to refer the  
Bill to a Select Committee. It is understood  
that the Mombasa, Eldoret & Nakuru Local  
Authorities sent special representatives to  
appear before the Select Committee and that they  
were

### C.O.

Mrs.

Mrs.

Sir C. Parkinson.

Sir G. Tomlinson.

Sir C. Bottomley.

Sir J. Shuckburgh

Permit. U.S. of S.

Parly. U.S. of S.

Secretary of State.

were accompanied by the Commissioner  
for Local Government, Lands and  
Settlement to whom these Authorities had  
sent their objections. The Company was  
represented by the Deputy Chairman,  
Colonel L. Maxwell. All these

### DRAFT.

and. They will  
have heard this from  
Col. Maxwell.

91P

### FURTHER ACTION.

Ordinance took place. [The represent-  
atives of the three local authorities  
referred to would, however, not move  
from their legal position and rights  
under the law as it stood and the  
Nakuru and Eldoret representatives  
stated that their authorities would have  
objected to the issue of licences in  
their respective areas, were it not for  
the rights which they possessed. It  
was also represented that Govt. would be  
guilty

C.O.

Mr.

Mr.

Mr.

Sir C. Parkinson

Sir G. Tomlinson

Sir G. Bottomley

Sir J. Shuckburgh

Permit. U.S. of S.

Party. U.S. of S.

Secretary of State.

there can be no question of amending

the Ordinance in defiance of the wishes

of any local authority affected and the

Governor concurs in this view. *See notes*

states, however, that if your Company

can succeed in winning the consent of

all or any of the local authorities

concerned he is prepared to agree that

Section 19(a) of the Ordinance might

be further amended, either generally

or in respect of any local authority

which agrees to such amendment as the

case may be,

5. *To be*  
While the Governor agrees  
that the wording of  
the original Section 19  
(a) was unfortunate  
in so far as an amendment of that section  
is concerned, the starting point at the moment must

be the law as it stands, under which

your

The Company have accepted certain

licences and under which the local

authorities have, in respect of such

licences, certain valuable rights,

which, in the case of Eldoret and

Nakuru, were taken into consideration

when

FURTHER ACTION.

Tanu  
6.8.

guilty of a serious breach of faith with  
these authorities if the law was amended as  
proposed. Further, in connection with the  
right of local authorities to apply, in effect,  
at any time to take over the Company's  
undertakings, reference was made to the extent  
to which the position of the local authorities  
was strengthened by the existence of this right  
in their dealings with the Company. The  
Governor agrees with the Postmaster General, who  
does not consider that this is a position to  
which any objection can reasonably be taken.

4. The Select Committee very fully  
considered the whole situation and unanimously  
came to the conclusion that, in view of the  
attitude of the local authorities concerned,  
[their rights should be protected and] the  
proviso to Section 19(a) was agreed to. The  
Committee's report was approved by Govt. and  
adopted by Legislative Council.

8. The Postmaster General and the Attorney-  
General are very definite in their view that

there

when these local authorities decided not to oppose the grant of licences in their areas.

6. P. The Governor observes that it is suggested in your memorandum that the Company

were placed at a disadvantage when the 1934

amending Bill was under consideration, because

sufficient notice of the objections had not been

given to the Company and the letter was therefore

prejudiced because the Chairman of the Local

Board and the General Manager had left England.

It appears, however, that

the objections had, in fact, not been received

until just prior to the introduction of the Bill

and it was because of this that the Bill was

referred to a Select Committee in order to give

time and opportunity for consultation and

discussion. The Postmaster General has no

hesitation whatever in saying that the Company's

case could not have been more effectively or

capacity put forward to the Select Committee than

it was by Colonel Maxwell. The issue was a

simple and straightforward one and did not

require any elaborate preparation. The Governor

cannot

## C. O.

Mr.

Mr.

Mr.

Sir C. Parkinson.

Sir G. Tomlinson

Sir C. Bottomley.

Sir J. Shuckburgh

Perm. U.S. of S.

Party. U.S. of S.

Secretary of State.

cannot accept the contention that

Govt. should have withdrawn the

amending legislation as soon as

objections had been received.

In the Governor's opinion

there are no grounds for

suggesting that the local authorities

expected their objections to be over-

ruling and that all they expected was

to have an opportunity of discussing

matters with the Company. The local

authorities concerned were very clear

in regard to their rights and after

a very full discussion were not

prepared to agree to any modification

of those rights. In regard,

therefore, to the penultimate

paragraph of your letter of the 11th

October there was no misunderstanding

of any kind.

7. P. The Governor is advised

that electrical development in the

Colony is not likely to be prejudiced

## FURTHER ACTION.

by the retention of the proviso in question.

The price at which the Company's shares

stand in the market today indicates that

financial interests are satisfied with the

Company's position.

In the circumstances it is suggested  
that the Company should  
consider the advisability of  
proceeding as proposed in  
the fifth paragraph above.

I am etc.

8. [Insert from pp. 4 & 5], and that  
the necessary amending legislation  
should be introduced by the Govt.  
It is however definitely of the opinion  
that it is not the duty of the Govt  
to approach the local authorities  
concerned, but that this is a task  
which should be undertaken by the  
Company itself.

(Signed) J. E. W. FLOOD

KENYA



GOVERNMENT HOUSE

NAIROBI

NO. 44

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

RECEIVED

- 8 FEB 1936

C. O. REGY

KENYA

8 January, 1936.

SIR,

With reference to your predecessor's Confidential despatch of the 6th November, 1935, on the subject of the proviso to Section 3(i) of the Electric Power (Amendment) Ordinance, 1934, I have the honour to state that the circumstances in which the proviso was included in the enactment are as follows.

The Bill together with its objects and reasons was published for general information under Government Notice No. 471 in the issue of the Gazette on the 10th July, 1934, and it is understood that the Chairman and the General Manager of the East African Power and Lighting Company, Limited, had both left the Colony for England before that date. The publication of proposed measures is for the purpose of enabling anyone interested in any proposed measure to make representations or objections with regard thereto. If the reference in the memorandum, referred to in my answer to the Member for Nairobi on the 11th October last, to an assurance that no enabling legislation will be introduced as a Government measure is intended to suggest that an undertaking was given that the Bill would be forced through Legislative Council irrespective of any objections, I would state categorically

THE RT. HON.

J. H. THOMAS, P.C., M.P.,

MINISTER OF STATE FOR THE COLONIES,  
DOWNING STREET, LONDON, S.W.1.

categorically that no grounds for such suggestion exist.

3. The Bill was read for the first time in Legislative Council on the 24th July, 1934, and representations were received by the Postmaster General just before its introduction from the Mombasa, Aldoret and Nakuru Municipal Boards. In consequence of these representations it was agreed by the Legislative Council to refer the Bill to a Select Committee which consisted of the Postmaster General (Chairman), the Acting Director of Public Works, the Solicitor General, Major F.W. Cavendish Bentinck (Elected Member for Nairobi North), and Sir Robert de V. Shaw (Elected Member for Ukerewe).

4. I am advised by the Chairman of the Select Committee that the Mombasa, Aldoret and Nakuru local authorities sent special representatives to appear before the Select Committee and they were accompanied by the Commissioner for Local Government, Lands and Settlement, to whom these authorities had sent their objections. The Company was represented by the Deputy Chairman, Colonel J. Maxwell. All these representatives appeared together before the Select Committee and a very full and free discussion on all the considerations involved in the proposed amendment of section 19(1) of the Principal Ordinance took place. The representatives of the three local authorities referred to would, however, not move from their legal position and rights under the law as it stood and the Nakuru and Aldoret representatives stated that their authorities would give effect to the issue or licence in their respective areas, were it not for the rights which they possessed. It was also represented that Government would be guilty of a serious breach of faith with these authorities if the law were amended as proposed. Further, in consequence of the

This is true!  
This law Gt. of  
all rights of U.  
Constituted Local  
Govt!

3.1

right of local authorities to apply, in effect, at any time to take over the Company's undertakings, reference was made to the extent to which the position of the local authorities was strengthened by the existence of this right in their dealings with the Company, but I agree with the Postmaster General who does not consider that this is a position to which any objection can reasonably be taken.

The Select Committee very fairly considered the whole situation and unhesitatingly came to the conclusion that, in view of the attitude of the local authorities concerned, their rights should be protected and the proviso to Section 19(a) was agreed to. The Committee's report was approved by Government and adopted by Legislative Council, vide page 484 of Legislative Council Debates of the 2nd August, 1934.

5. The Postmaster General and the Attorney General are very definite in their view that there can be no question of amending the Ordinance in so far as the visiting of any local authority affected would occur in this view. If, however, the Company can succeed in winning the consent of all or any of the local authorities concerned I am prepared to agree that section 19(a) of the Ordinance might be further amended, either generally or in respect of any local authority which agrees to such amendment as the case may be.

6. It is, I think, agreed on all sides that there is a drafting error in the original Section 19(a), but as an amendment to that Section is concerned, I suggest that the starting point at the moment must be the law as it stands, under which the Company have certain licences and under which the local authorities have, in respect of such licencees, certainistic rights which,

in the case of Ilford and Hackney, were taken into consideration when these local authorities decided not to oppose the grant of licences in their areas.

7. It is suggested in the Company's memorandum that the Company were placed at a disadvantage when the 1934 Amending Bill was under consideration, because adequate notice of the objections had not been given to the Company and the latter were therefore prejudiced because the Chairman of the Local Board and the General Manager had left for England. The objections had, in fact, not been received until just prior to the introduction of the Bill and it was because of this that the Bill was referred to a Select Committee in order to give time and opportunity for consultation and discussion. As I have previously stated, representatives of the Municipalities agreed before the Select Committee together with the Deputy Chairman of the Company, and the Postmaster General has no hesitation whatever in saying that the Company's case could not have been more effectively or capably put forward than it was by Colonel Maxwell. The issue was a simple one straightforward one and did not require any elaborate preparation.

8. I cannot accept the contention that Government should have withdrawn the pending legislation if no objection had been received. The objections were, as I have already stated, fully considered by the Select Committee in conjunction with the Company's representations thereon and, as a result, the proviso to the revised Section 19(a) was unanimously adopted as reasonable. Further, one of the reasons advanced by the Company for an amendment of the section was the fact that they contemplated development in new areas and it was, in the circumstances, deemed desirable to amend the law without

debt in regard to future licences.

There are no grounds for suggesting that the local authorities expected their objections to be over-ruled and that all they expected was to have an opportunity of discussing matters with the Company. The local authorities concerned were, I am advised, very clear in regard to their rights, and after a very full discussion, were not prepared to agree to any modification of those rights.

In regard therefore to the penultimate paragraph of the London Secretary's letter of the 11th October there will be no misunderstanding of any kind.

9. As regards the concluding part of paragraph 2 of the despatch under reply I am advised by the Minister General that electrical development in the cities is not likely to be prejudiced by the retention of the revision in question. The price at which the Company's shares stand in the market today indicates that financial interests are satisfied with the Company's position. As to the final paragraph of the despatch, it is not, I consider, the duty of Government to approach the local authorities on this. This, I feel, is a task which the Company itself must undertake and if it can, as a result of discussions with the relevant cities, get these authorities to change their views. And I consider that Government should introduce the necessary legislation.

10. Although the Nairobi Municipal Council set out an objection to the 1934 proposed amending legislation I would add that the Company has recently applied for the renewal of all its generating and distributing licences in respect of the Nairobi area from the respective dates of termination thereof until the 20th May, 1972, vice page 1184 of the Gazette for 1935. The Nairobi Municipal Council, and

other

16/38032/13

other bodies, have objected to the proposal and it is understood that its attitude towards the application made by the Company would be more hostile if the further amendment of Section 19(a) of the Electric Power Ordinance were carried through.

The application of the Company will be brought before my Executive Council after the 12th February next by which time the period for the submission of objections will have lapsed and all objections received will be before my Executive Council. I have already concurred in the advice tendered to me by my Executive Council that I should appoint a Committee to enquire into any objections before my Executive Council gives its final advice regarding the Company's application.

II. In all the circumstances I trust you will agree that this Government should not at the present juncture attempt to persuade local authorities to agree to a further amendment of Section 19(a) of the Electric Power Ordinance by the deletion of the proviso to Section 5(i) of the

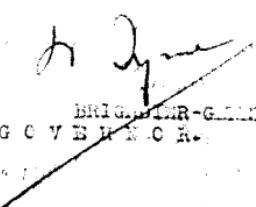
4/2/1934

Electric Power (Amendment) Ordinance, 1934.

I have the honour to be,

sir,

Your most obedient, affec. servt,

  
BRIG. GENR-G. H. G. K. C. S. R.  
GOVERNOR.