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To SaiT. Bloom

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PESTROYED UNDER STATUTE

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Mr. Ormsby Gore would be glad to be advised as to the reply he should send.

11.11.37.

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This case was also present in our minds at the time of our discussion with Sir Ernest Fass on the 14th of January about the case of Miss Bright Williams, and was mentioned in paragraph 7 of the note of that discussion.

In his despatch of the 8th of July (No.17 on 38259/1/37) the Governor reported that he still saw no reason why the Government of Kenya ahould assume any moral liability in the case of Miss Bright Williams, but in the despatch of the-13th August the Governor was told that the Secretary of State would feel difficulty in defending a refusal by the Government of Kenya to make any attempt to reach an acceptable settlement with Miss Bright Williams

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To SuiT. None

- 11, Nov

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and the Governor was asked for an early reply.

It is now over 18 months since the Bright

Williams case was first raised in a letter

to the Prime Minister, and it seems to me that

it is high time that the Government of Kenya

made up its mind to do something about it.

I submit drafts for consideration.

9.9. Pas kin

Kenya is in a slight dilenme. The Elected Members would not agree to order money for such cases and there is worting alone that can be some. There is no hope of gatting much out of the montgages.

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15/11/37 /1. Duncan.

The situation is now completely altered. In the bundle of newspaper cuttings received yesterday from Kenya, there is an account of a discussion in the Legislative the Council on the 4th of November when Government invited Council to vote a sum not exceeding allowed in order to reach an equitable

settlement

settlement with minors, whose money had been lost or could not be realised owing to investments in land by the Kenya Public Trustee. Lord Francis Scott said that he did not think the resolution should be interpreted to the effect that Government should be liable to repay all money lost by the Public Trustee. and other members also said that it was not right that Government should invariably make good money lost by the Public Trustee in good faith. Mr. Bemister and Major Cavendish-Bentinck took this view also. Major Grogan said that it was Government' fault for not devaluating the currency. Colonel Kirkwood said that it would be better to take low rates of interest in order to safeguard capital. Mr. Conway Harvey took the sensible view that the money was not necessarily lost and agreed that the motion might be supported. The Attorney General said that there was no blame attached to anybody. but that it was time the minors, who had been kept out of their money, got something. Eventually an amended motion was carried as follows: -

"It is hereby resolved that the Hon.

Treasurer to be authorised to advance from the public funds of the Colony such sum or sums as may from time to time be required not exceeding 215,000 aggregate in order to take over on an equitable basis certain mortgage investments made on behalf of minors, who, on attaining their majority, seek repayment of capital sums administered during their minority by the Public Trustee and invested in agricultural property."

The acting Treasurer assured the Council that all cases had been taken into account and that the

figure

figure of £15,000 would not be exceeded. It will be noted that the resolution is confined specifically to the case of minors, whose property has depreciated owing to investment in agricultural land in Kenya. This is all that we ever suggested and is satisfactory.

9.300

With regard to the amount required. it is to be noted that Miss Bright-Williams' estate amounts to £7,500 and Mr. Dobbie's to £14,700 not allowing for £2,500 due for arrears of interest. These two would easily eat up the £15,000 and more, but I think the explanation is that it will be possible to get out of the Land Bank advances which can be used to repay the minors. We know this was so in the case of Miss Bright-Williams' mortgages and, no doubt, it would also be so in the case of Mr. Dobbie's. It has also to be noted that one of the mortgages in Mr. Dobbie's estate (for £3,000) was expected to be discharged by the end of this year. In another case where the mortgage was for £4,000 it was hoped to recover a considerable portion by taking proceedings in bankruptcy. The Public Trustee said that there was every reason to think that with the sale of the farms and the amount recoverable through bankruptcy there would be little loss to the Trust, if any.

All this is very satisfactory and alters considerably the kind of reply which we can make to Col. Moore and the despatch to Kenya, but it is at least odd that Kenya should not

I for one, talked on the class property within with him

have told us that they intended to take this action and should have left me to find it from a casual turning over of newspaper cuttings. Probably, the explanation is that they waited until Mr. Harraein got back and he knew quite well the attitude we took here on these cases and, no doubt, persuaded Government.

Review drafts herewith.

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J. F. O. Flood

This is very interesting and very satisfactory

16/11/37 /1. Duncam

It gives us a good surverto 5. T. Moore. Here to wanting it reaches in these cases, as trust is hoost of aired ton - wales as a great surveying of aircone.

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17.11.37

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C. O.

Mr. Flood 16-11

Mr. Dimen 18/11/37

Sir H. Moore.

Sir G. Tomlinson

X Sir C. Bottomley. 17.11. 37

Sir J. Shuckburgh.

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Secretary of State.

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KENYA

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FURTHER ACTION.

CAN 28259/12

DOWNING STREET.

23. November, 1937.

Sir,

See (27)

despatch No. 1032 of the 28th of

With reference to my

December last, I have etc. to enclose for your consideration a copy of further correspondence with Lieutenant Colonel Sir Thomas Moore,

C.B.E. M.P., in regard to the estate

of Mr. Stephen Dobbie.

2. The newspaper report to
which I have referred, is that
contained in the "Bast African
Standard" of the 4th of November, a
copy of which was enclosed in the
Secretariat Note of the 8th of
November, No. 3D/NISC.16/2/II.

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I have no doubt that you will forward in due course any comments which you may wish to make, and I assume that since the necessary resolution has been passed by the Legislative Council, the Public Trustee will now get into communication with Mr. Dobbie and Miss Bright-Williams, and any others, who may be affected, with a view to reaching an early settlement. I am glad to see from the statement made by the Attorney General. as reported in the course of the debate, that the total liability is not expected to exceed £15,000. I assume that it is the intention to take over the mortgages and by obtaining advances from the Land Bank in suitable cases, or by other means, to secure sufficient sums to reach a settlement with the minore.

I am very glad that the Legislative Council has seen fit to adopt the resolution. I trust that the financial loss to Government will prove small, and I am confident that the action which the Kenya Government is taking-

Sir 1. Shuckburgh

Permit. U.S. of S.

Parly. U.S. of 5. Secretary of State

will relieve some real cases of

hardship due to causes which could

not be foreseen, while it also slows

(Signed) W. ORMSBY GORE

FURTHER ACTION.

c. O.

Mr. Flood 16/11/37 Mr. Duncan 16/11/37

Me

Sir H. Moore.

Sir G. Tomlinson.

XSir C. Bottomley. 17.11.

Sir J. Shuckburgh.

7 - Permi. U.S. of S. (). 11. 3

Secretary of State. US17

2 draft

LIEUTENANT COLONEL

SIR THOMAS MOORE, C.B.E., M.P.

(ord seed in copy)

FURTHER ACTION.

For the Secretary of State's signature.

/8 November, 1937.

Dear Kone

. Thank you for your letter

of the 10th of November about your constituent. Mr. Stephen Dobbie.

whose father's estate was invested in

land in Kenya by the Public Trustee

of the Colony. About a year ago I had a report on the case, and I asked

the Acting Governor to arrange for

the Public Trustee to send as complete information as possible in regard to

the estate and the mortgages to

Mr. Dobbie's solicitors, so that they

might be able to advise their client

with full knowledge.

In order to make the matter

clear, I may say that the Kenya

Public Trustee had full legal

authority

(*802-150) Wt. 13052-47 10,000 6/37 T.S. 698

authority, conferred by Rules made under the Kenya Public Trustee Ordinance, to invest funds in local agricultural mortgages. At the time that the investments were made they were considered to be very sound and, indeed, advantageous owing to the high rate of interest which could be secured No-one could have on such mortgages. foreseen the effect of the world slump which began a couple of years later and, in Kenya. was accentuated by a plague of locusts and several consecutive years of severe drought. As a result, the farming community in Kenya has been going through a very hard time from which it is only now emerging, and money inverted in agricultural land prove Foreclosure on the mortgages would not the cerved any useful purpose since no purchager would have come forward. Several farms all through the Colony were

abandoned

Mr.
Sir H. Moore.
Sir G. Tomlinson.
Sir C. Bottomley.
Sir J. Shuchburgh.
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Secretary of State.

DRAFT.

FURTHER ACTION.

abandoned, including one of those in which Mr. Dobbie's money was invested, and the farmers who kept going found themselves unable to pay interest on their loans.

I have been considering. . in consultation with the Governor. the question whether there is real or moral obligation on the Colonial Government to come to the assistance of people in Mr. Dobbie's position, and within the last few hours, I have learned from a report in a newspaper that the Government of Kenya does proposes to take steps to satisfy the claims of minors/ whose money was invested by the Kenya Public Trustee in agricultural land in the Colony. I cannot say more at the moment because I have not

received

but I am eatisfied with the accuracy

of the report and I am ourse that your

constituent will soon receive proposals

from the Kenya Public Trustee, which it

is to be hoped will settle the matter

satisfactorily.

locking your letter from Mr Dobbies

(Signed) W. ORMSBY GORE.

LIEUT-COL SIR THOMAS MOORE

49, ALBEMARLE STREET,

10th November, 1937.

Dear Ormsby Gore,

I wonder might I ask you to cast your eye over the enclosed letter com a Constituent of mine, Mr. Stephen Dobbie.

I have discussed this matter with Mr. Dobbie and it certainly appears to me that a wrong exists which should be righted, and now that this young man shas legally come of age there should be no further justification for withholding the legacy left by his father. I quite admit that there may be difficulties in Kenya, but surely they are not insuperable?

The mere fact that the Public Trustee is in charge of the Estate should be a guarantee that there exists no grounds for suspicion or doubt on the part of Mr. Dobbie or his Solicitors; but that actually does exist at the present time.

I am sure, however, that I need only place the matter in your hands in order to have the whole question put on a proper basis and the belance of the capital collected, returned to this country where it can be utilised for the purpose for which the Testator intended it.

Yours sincerely,

Thomas Moore

The Rt. Hon. W.G.A. Ormsby-Gore, M.P., The Colonial Office, Downing Street, S.W.1.

La Company

42, Bank Street, Kilmarnock.

1st November, 1957.

Lieut-Col.Sir Thomas Moore, C.B.E., M.P. House of Commons, London.

81r.

S.E. Dobbie. Trust Cause No. 1 of 1957.

Our olient Mr. Stephen E. Dobbie, Alloway, Ayr, informs us that he had an interview with you on Friday last with regard to his late father's estate, and he has requested us to send you some detailed information as to the position.

Mr. Matthew Dobbie, his father, who was in business in Nairobi for many years, met his death by accident on 19th October 1926. His wife had died at the birth of our client who was his only child. The latter had been brought to Scotland when very young and has lived with his Aunts, the Misses Dobbie, ever since. father left a will by which he bequeathed the one-half of his estate to his three sisters, the Aunts above referred to, and the other helf to Stephen. The Trustees nominated by the Will, who were local men in Nairobi, did not see their way to accept office and accordingly the estate was taken possession of by the Public Trustee at Nairobi and since then it has been in his hands. The Public Trustee at that date was Mr. W. M. Kestings but se he died in August last the estate is now under the charge of the Acting Public Trustee, Mr. Pieher (or Fish).

According

According to the Public Trustee's Statements the amount of the estate as realised was a little over £30,000 and the Aunts' ene-helf was duly remitted through ourselves and suitably invested by them on this side. The other half was retained by the Public Trustee to be administered until the son attained 21 years of age which he did in March 1986. The Public Trustee alone took charge of the investing of the miner's share, and neither we nor the Aunts were consulted. From the Accounts sent periodically to this side it was seen that practically the whole £15,000 had been given on loan to farmers in Kenya Colony on mortgages at a rate of interest averaging about 71% From the income there was quarterly sent to the Aunta for the maintenance of the minor sums at the rate of first £300 per annum and latterly, when his education was proving expensive, at the rate of £360 per annum, and such payments were continued till his minority expired. There should, therefore, in ordinary circumstances have been roughly £8,000 of surplus revenue accrued during the ten years of administration after deducting the allowance above referred to.

We have pointed out to the Public Trustee on various occasions that the relatives on this side were disappointed that he should have placed practically the whole Trust funds on loans over land and have pointed out that what they desired was security rather than a high rate of interest so that the funds should be available when the young man came of age. Of course, neither we nor the Aunts could control the Public Trustee, but on more than one occasion we expressed the wish that the funds should for preference be placed in Government Stock.

It may be that in making the loans in question the Public Trustee

frustee was carrying out a Government policy and using trust funds for the encouragement of farmers in Kenya. Whatever was the reason, the result has been most unsatisfactory, for although a couple of years before Stephen reached 21 we wrote to the Public Trustee reminding him of the period when the funds would fall to be transmitted to this side we have only been able to recover to date roughly £6,000. On several of the mortgages interest has not been paid to the Public Trustee for a considerable time, and in a letter which we addressed to the Public Trustee on the 7th ulto. we asked for information with regard to the various loans. On 16th ulto. the Acting Public Trustee in scknowledging our letter simply stated that he had to inform us that he had "referred the question of the amounts due by Mesars. Williamson, Harper and Fletcher (three of the borrowers) to the Government of this Colony and understand it will receive sympathetic consideration." He added "As soon as a reply is received from Government intimating their decision on this matter a further communication will be addressed to you advising you of the result." A further mortgage, that of Cartwright of £4,000 is in a very unsatisfactory position. The debtor had offered to pay £3,500 for a discharge of the £4,000 and/arrears of interest (which would amount to over £2,000 additional), and as it seemed that the Public Trustee could do nothing better Mr. Dobbie was prepared to suthorise him, and did authorise him, to scoopt the £3,500 but this offer of Cartwright's would

seem now to have been withdrawn.

We think that as his father's monies were in the keeping of a Government official the lad was entitled to expect that the funds would be made available to him intact when he became of age, and his whole future plans are seriously threatened. If therefore you could do anything on his behalf Mr. Dobbie would esteem it a great favour.

We are.

Yours respectfully, (Signed) Mackintosh & Bain.