

No. 15006

Part I.

53B/377

Previous

15006

Subsequent

Part

FILE C.

Comments on general financial position, and make
out loan question in detail. Requests early reply,
intimating approval to additional items of expenditure.

2. Own Agents

9 Jan 1928

Topic now is the 1927
loan. It is clear in its present state
of meeting by Sec. of State
all changes roads recommended for
loan by the Comptroller of Loans

and to have new road serial
numbered, which is not the case at present.

It is thought that
it is better to be certain present. That is, make
the relevant portions of letter of application from
Colonial Agents, with relevant figures, full
proposals for road maintenance, etc., etc., etc., etc.

in accordance with the above.

Agreeable to you.

1. Any time I get time available
for a visit to Colombo, I will
see Mr. Secretary of the Treasury
and discuss a means theater with the whole
position.

I have discussed with Mr. Secretary
to the Treasury.

2. Refs to Govt., Agents & Treasury
submitted.

In Bank note ordered to be issued
in the name of the
Government of India to the
Treasury. It is also
to be sent to subject of account in
a State so far as it seems advis-
able (see 103427)

Amount of bank note
is subject to the proposals in 103427
which is also to be sent to
the Central Government
for approval & then removed from
foreign exchange account
of the balances.

To return

Agreed

174

Revised letter
dated 17/1/1947
concerning the issue of
100 Rupees. Re the proposal of Government
their loan of nearly £5,000.00 off
which he has been to London to discuss
any reference to any of them

Letter no. 226 now

8.50 pm

- 10 To Treasury (Madras)
2.01 A.M. 1947
8 To Treasury (Aden, 2.9.1947)
9 To C.A. (no record)

10 To G.W. No 113

8 FEB 1947

(With copy of 100 m/s 10019 & 1020)

9/5/26

Received note at
X and accepted
10/2/26

See Bottomley

Dear Sirs as I recd your
telegram to the Treasury etc. the
information you have done the
des Letter of Feb 3 to S. Govt
that they have got the £3,50,000
and that they are
now doing something
as you say. If you
can tell what would then be
expected to be informed

as to what works are being carried
out?

8/1/6

19/2/47

10

Sir S. Wilson

In 1929, when he got a decision
that the underground of the Victoria
University and (b) the Capital end of
the original Uganda Railway stones
will be brought up till 1938 etc.

clearing cleared did they stand
to right away
over steep
for they
over steep
left them clear
clear
dreaded

S. B. Hinkley

Many thanks. I ought to have
remembered this. If they do try
to interfere I think we must
pick up our guns.

346

71.2.28.

Mr. Captain Agassiz

1820-1825

I think you should see

卷之三

New Venetian

Bentley off to Japan as
the represent. of the N.Y. firm here
- it's still late in the day : but papers
have been constantly in circulation
I am short of time.

for Texas
H. C. on report
w/city

Take
into better iteration balance of old
Offer to be available for purpose
of making
a new one.

243 (2)
I might add that the extinction
is apparent for Bradfield; but
there is still a living pair
of nest on another a little up

Oct. 20. 3. 28

also

24 March 1920

18 Gov. General Tel. No. 1000 dated 20 April 192
Brought up by Mr. G. S. Somasekharan, Legal Secretary, Government of Madras
on 19th April 192, proposal to finance Land Bank
and utilisation of Rs 22,314 for construction of
Central Offices and Supreme Court Building.

(Note 3) many of the letters have short lines at the end
back for - early off from letter of 1st Feb. 1861. The
letter that is enclosed is written on the 1st of Feb. 1861. The
rest - are sent by post.

See brief note attached in regard to
this telegram. I have discussed the matter
with Mr. Bottomley and am writing to Mr. East
as in the attached note as a result of our dis-
cussion.

No. 22. *Thlaspium (Lithospermum) pinnatum* — 19 Dec 1928

SECRET
The newspaper he replied to
was the "Advertiser" of New Bedford (No.
11). His position was that
he had a potential 1,000,000 strong market
in that city, therefore our 1925-26 average
of 15,100,000 net, which he says will give him
enough to carry him over till 1930 without fresh

Following, As the Treasury have agreed to this figure I do not think that I need amplify it here, but if further figures are desired they will be found in my letter of the 12th of April

to Mr. Waterfield of the Treasury. (No 20 in file)

The Treasury has not agreed to the
recommendation of the Governor that
the banks should be allowed to carry their
paper redemptions in the operations of the
Bank. It requires the alternative arrangement of the
Treasury taking the rest of the position.
That when we proposed to raise the loan last
year we wished to borrow £6,000,000, the Governor
of the Bank of England ~~suggested~~ was
desirous of limiting a sum of £5,000,000 which
was agreed to by Sir Ernest Cassel & myself. It
would obviously give the Bank a sum to less for a
sum of £5,000,000 and after this sum
particular. Now Sir Ernest Cassel proposed the
Treasury to let the Government and Army ought of £5,
000,000 more than £3,000,000 stand in one institution
and at the same time to have now set the Treasury
no right to the control of the Governor's property
and we are now in a position to propose that £5,000,
000 pro rata among the three places where it is
done after the bonds given of the existing £6,000,000
in. The Central Agents advised us that in
future very likely but we going to the
market up they would not be liable the sum of
the £5,000,000 as the ~~not~~ ~~not~~ ~~not~~ ~~not~~ ~~not~~ ~~not~~ ~~not~~
done in the same way as the £6,000,000
done in the same way as the £6,000,000

It will be noticed that in my proposed
telegram to the Governor I do not deal with the
detailed requests at the end of his telegram. It
has been arranged with the Treasury that we should
write officially to them setting out the position as

29 Treasury. —————— 20th April 1952.
Submits observations on Banca's loan and temporary
views of the Governor and Secretary of State
on the financial considerations advanced.

30 Gov. Lagos. Tel. 94 —————— 27 April 28
Replies information on certain points.

I have read No 30 & the
Exhibit 20 & they are they sent
over the Town before the end

of May 1952, so
that you can get
them from me.

They are intended with the
Circulars & send copy to the
Bank of Central Africa to obtain

affirmation
of them

27 April
1952

Exhibit 20
is

31. Gov. Lagos. Tel. 95 —————— 27 April 28
Answers to letter received of 27th April
approving and as to cost of issue of the 20%
loan.

32. Gov. Lagos. Tel. 95 —————— 27 April 28
Answers to letter received of 27th April
approving and as to cost of issue of the 20%
loan.

Draft Tel. Telegram to Governor
as per the Governor's Tel. 27
Apr (No 26 1952). The C. was passed

letter to No 24.

STK/MR

16/20

I have been through the DGT Tel.
with its add-on, and I think that
it is in order.

all Parkman
1.5.24

The Treasury are not really
concerned with the loan Bank.
Proposals of the Bank is to
be made over sufficient
time to a certain
balance. We may in certain
circumstances have to
make interest for the DGT
specifications there is a proposal
for some sort scheme for
Swaziland who is experiencing
these considerations
if so we can submit
and I would be welcome
to the Bank and
see it.

34. I. for Tel. 27 April 28

35. a. Circular CA (1.0) 1.4.28
b. Draft prospectus
March 1952 will be made
with me and
4th May, I start to draw up the
agreement of the 15th
with the C. of South West Africa

Answers letter. Remands myself as
to 36.
Sunder

7/1/28

All Hartmann
6/5/28

37 To Gov. Etz.

16 May '28

To D.A. (35 and)
(no copies)

39

Agrees to stand by its obligation to produce £3½ million and £1,000,000 for others in the proposed budget and to the schedule of the £1 million in notes due from the Bank's statement in legislation.

We also appreciate your

Very truly yours,

In general there is a maximum standing in by the net amount of £1,000,000 in the capital and

in practice we expect to do this in the following way:

but this is not definite

as the amount of money

available for the

Bank's stock

is the first amount thus available is all that can be allocated, subject of course to the provision carried by Act 4 of 1927 not being exceeded.

As to the second it seems very doubtful whether in practice (whether the actual legal position under the agreement) the right of the

Bank taking on an obligation to pay item 11 for repayment of the Paul of Paris which was to be in a somewhat special category. It was never met the sum required under item 11 was less than £3,000,000 but it was decided to meet £3,000,000 in the schedule (see No 62 in 100/9/27) although - receipt of Treasury bill of 25 May 1927 (see No 79 in 100/9/27) the sum required in the

schedule in this particular case is £3,300,000 and the sum paid to the Bank of France is considerably more than the sum required in the schedule of the borrowing powers of the Bank of France, made 30th of April 1927 - see No 34 in 100/9/27.

As to the third option - a definite sum, relating to the sum of £3,000,000, for the sum of £3,000,000, a consolidated sum net entitlement of £3,000,000, the sum required in the £3,000,000, a sum available for supplies, advances or loans, for advances out of the loan money now to the Bank.

Opp. Mr. Smith -
In the op. no ref. is made to

Copies in N. 77
in 100/9/27

~~Mr. Smith will be in the car~~

Mr. Smith will be in the car.

~~Mr. Smith will be in the car~~

Mr. Smith will be in the car

Mr. Smith will be in the car (34 years) 9 May 1928

40° 20' 40" (for copies 80000) B.C. 9 MAY 1928

See continuation file
Part II.

Virement provided for
in section 3 of ordinance

No 22 of 1927 in

respect of this particular

item

See

Sir G. Harding.

Sir J. Shuckburgh.

Sir G. Grindell

Sir C. Dugdale

Sir S. Wilson.

Mr. Chisholm

Lord Lovell

Mr. Amery

D. T.

Telegram from the Governor of Kenya to the Secretary of State for the Colonies.

Dated 7th May, 1928.

(Received Colonial Office 8.5 p.m. 7th May, 1928.)

Important.

No. 107. 7th May Confidential Reference to telegraphic communications terminating with your telegram of 4th May.

I. In the circumstances of your telegram of 2nd May (and) your telegram of 4th May I agree to issue of £5,550,000 X in two portions to produce £3,500,000 and £1,750,000. It was thought that issuing the first portion at a discount might have the effect of putting Kenya Loan in ~~the~~ class of security 1927 issue being at a discount of only 10 shillings. I am glad to have your assurance that this will not be the case.

II. I observe in computing borrowing power(s) under Ordinance No. 22 of 1927 you have excluded amount of discount £219,533. It would never appear that Section 2 of Ordinance allows any saving on Item 3, if Schedule to (be) utilised on any other item of schedule. If this is the case available borrowing power(s) will in fact amount to £3,520,611 (made up as follows £3,300,328 your telegram 4th May £219,533 your telegram 4th May plus £8,750 being difference between £175,000 and £166,250 for cost of issue discount) together with what may be the cost of issue of raising loan for that amount not to £3,319,575 as stated in your telegram 29th April your telegram 24th April or £3,300,328 as stated in your telegram 4th May.

It therefore seems that more than the full amount of £3,500,000 could be raised on existing legislation and I propose that Schedule for £3,500,000 issue on 24th May should consist of all items appearing in Ordinance No. 22 of 1927 which are not included in schedule approved for £3,000,000 issue namely 1. Colonial developments (a) Public

Buildings £304,542 (b) Municipal Requirements £275,269

(c) Roads and Bridges £85,000 Total £667,811 J 12

2. Kenya Uganda Railway and Harbours (a) Construction of

Nyeri Kitale and Solai Branch Railways and completion of

Uasin Gishu Railway £845,000 (b) General improvements on

railway lines and additional rolling stock £1,000,000 (c) Purchase(s)

for the construction of Nyeri Kitale Branch £1,000,000 (d)

Addition to Capital by borrowing £857,000

(e) General improvements basic £1,000,000

first and further £1,000,000

at 1st April 1920 £671,260,000 (f) Interim account

of capital contributions £1,000,000

Differences between the last account in respect of

£5,000,000 due to the actual amount of money sent

overseas £2,500,000 raised by the Bank

overseas £2,500,000 by the Bank Ordinance No. 29 of 1920 £20,451 £20,451 total

£65,000 Deduction of this total £2,500,000 from an

overseas borrowing which is £3,120,511 giving £21,530 still

available under ordinance. It may therefore be expected

you to increase the sum of £1400 May 1920 £1000

and the proportion to be made towards the £1,000,000

which is now agreed to you.

I am very glad it is possible to receive your

acknowledgment of the foregoing in due time and

in the event of legal action taken in this connection

Mr. Allen +/s

X, 15/06/29 Kenya.

Mr. Parker 4/5/28

Mr.

X Mr. Bottomley.

Mr. E. J. Harding

Sir J. Shuckburgh.

Sir T. Grindie.

Sir C. Davis.

Sir S. Wilson.

Mr. Ormsby-Gore.

Lord Lovat.

Mr. Amery.

Cables & Seal
7/4/28

H. [initials]

Confidential.

No telegram 2nd May last para.

it has now been ascertained that
after all there will be opportunity
for recall of loan 14th May and I have
authorised Crown Agents to take

DRAFT.

London

15/06/29

Copy to Ca 7/4 May 28
Copy to Sir G. L. S.

will inform you soon how
you can best proceed
in regard to loan.

Very sincerely yours

Rd/s

Dr. my repayable loan was £116,250 and
against account in respect of
Parliamentary loan was £219,536.

fecur

THIS ISSUE WILL BE CLOSED ON 30 SEPTEMBER.

(ROYAL ARMS)

KENYA GOVERNMENT

..... & INSCRIBED STOCK, 19.... - 19.....

Issue of £.....

of which £..... has already been placed in the terms of the Prospectus and the remaining £..... is now offered for subscription.

Interest payable..... and
First six months' interest payable.....

Authorised by Ordinance No.....

PRICE OF ISSUE £..... PER UNIT

PAYABLE AS FOLLOWS:-

On application..... 25 mill cent

On 8..... per cent

On 5..... per cent

The Government of Kenya have contracted with the
representatives of the Colonial Stock Act, 1923. Provinces are
authorised to invest in this stock, subject to the restrictions
set forth in the Trustee Act, 1923.

The loan is raised to meet the cost of Railway Harbour and
other works for the development of the Colony. All the works
to be executed have been sanctioned by the Secretary of State for
the Colonies.

Interest on stock of this loan, the property of persons
not domiciled in Kenya, will be free from any Kenya Income Tax.

The Crown Agents for the Colonies, on behalf of the
Government of Kenya invite applications for £.....
stock as stated above. The stock will be issued under the
provisions of the General Loan and Incribed Stock Ordinance, and
will be inscribed in accordance with the provisions of the
Colonial Stock Act, 1923.

..... is imposed on the general revenue and resources of the Colony of and the principal will be repaid at par..... but the Government of Malaya will have the option of redemption at par or after the on giving six months' notice by advertisement in the LONDON GAZETTE and in THE MALAYA MAIL to the then Stockholders at their registered addresses. A sinking fund of not less than one pound per cent. per annum will be formed in this country for the redemption of the loan under the management of the Crown Agents, who are appointed Trustees, and the first half-yearly contribution thereto will be taken not later than the

Interest will be payable semi-annually on the and will be paid by the Bank of Malaya which will be forwarded by post to the Stockholders' bank, either to the Stockholder, or to any other bank, or firm raised up within the United Kingdom.

The Stock will be transferable at the Crown Agents' Transfer Office, No. 1, Tokenhouse Buildings E.C.2., without charge. Stamp duty will be paid by the Colonial Government.

Applications, which shall be accompanied by a sum of £1. per cent. will be received at the Crown Agents' Offices at 1, Millbank, London, S.W.1., and at 1, Tokenhouse Buildings, London, E.C.2.. Subsequent payments are to be made at the Crown Agents' Transfer Office, 1, Tokenhouse Buildings, E.C.2., not later than the date above mentioned.

In the case of partial allotment, interest on the amount of the application will be applied towards the payment of the first instalment if there should be a surplus after making such payment by cheque.

Applications must be sent to the Colonial Secretary.

Payments may be made half yearly after payment was made at the rate of £1. per cent. In the case of half yearly payments, a discount will only be allowed from the date before ten days.

Interest at per cent per annum will be charged on arrears, and non-payment of any instalment in the Colony will forfeit the deposit and instalments previously made liable to forfeiture and cancellation.

After payment by the allottees of the instalments due, they will receive at the Crown Agents' Transfer Office, 1, Tokenhouse Buildings, E.C.2., in exchange for the original Letter of Allotment, Scrip Certificate, before it can be converted into Immovable Stock.

Stock Certificates, to bearer, of no less than one thousand and five hundred pounds sterling, attached, will be obtainable in exchange for fully-paid "Scrip Certificates" of Stock at the Crown Agents' Transfer Office, 1, Tokenhouse Buildings, E.C.2., on payment of the premium of £1. on Certificate, or if desired, in manuscript.

A minimum of five hundred and one cent. will be allowed to rank and Stockholders or all stamps made in respect of applications concerning their Writings.

The Revenue of the Colony of Malaya, whom are liable in respect of the above Stock and the dividends thereon, and the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom and the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, are not directly or indirectly liable or responsible for the payment of the Stock or of the dividends thereon, or for any matter relating thereto (Act 40 & 41 Vict., c. 59).

The Public Debt of the Colony consists of £5,000,000.6 per cent Stock 1946/1956, issued in 1946, in respect of which a Sinking Fund has been accumulated to the value of £2,400,001 and £500,000 per cent Stock issued in 1946.

The following figures show the Revenue and
Expenditure of...~~Kenya~~.....for the years
1923 to 1927.

~~31st Dec. 1911~~
~~Entomological~~
~~Section~~
~~(Cabinet)~~

THE COLONIES.

Henry A. GOVERNMENT

.....PER CENT. INSCRIBED STOCK.....

ISSUE OF £

being the balance authorized by Ordinance No.

TO THE CROWN AGENTS FOR THE COLONIES.

GENTLEMEN,

I we hereby apply for £.....

say..... pounds

at Henry A. Government ... per cent. Inscribed Stock.....
according to the conditions contained in the Prospectus of the
....., and undertake to pay if I (We) am not
and to accept the same, or any less amount that may be allotted
to me and to pay for the same in conformity with the terms of
said Prospectus.

I we enclose the required deposit of £ being
per cent. on the nominal amount applied for.

Ordinary Signature.....

Name in full.....
(State whether male or Miss, and Title, if any)

PLEASE
WRITE
DISTINCTLY.

Date.....

cheques shall be drawn to Bearer and crossed HANtK OF ENGLAND.
Order to "Bearer" the alteration should be signed by the
Applicant. It should be stated.
No commission will be allowed to Bankers or Stockbrokers unless their
name appears on the application.

Applications must be for even hundreds of Stock, and must be accompanied
by the amount of Deposit thereon, and the Application must be enclosed in
an envelope marked outside "Application for Henry A. Government
Stock."

B5 19

4 MILLBANK,
WESTMINSTER,
LONDON, S.W.1.

3rd May 1928.

Dear Parkinson,

With reference to Wiseman's note of the 19th April
the expenses of issue and deduction for discount in the
case of the £5,000,000 Kenya Loan may be taken to be
£166,000 as was agreed with you yesterday with Smith. The
discount at which the Parliamentary Loan was paid off
amounted to £219,533 and not £209,533. The unexhausted
borrowing power under Ordinance 22 of 1927 is therefore
£3,299,078 net arrived at as follows :-

Total net amount authorised	£8,353,611
Less loan raised in 1927	£5,000,000
From which should be deducted } discount and expenses of issue)	166,000
i.e.	<u>£4,834,600</u>

(A) Add discount on Parliamentary Loan	219	£5,053
---	-----	--------

£5,350,600

The net amount received from a new issue of £ 500,000
4½% stock will be within this total.

As regards paragraph 2(c) in Shields's letter,
I propose to follow the usual wording in the prospectus, viz.
"Issue of £ 500,000 of 4½% stock
in the terms of the existing
is now offered for subscription."

We shall be taking £ 300,000 of the new loan under
this clause and do hereby nominate our management
to take up payable.

Yours

Mr. Atkin 1/2 -

Mr. Parkinson 1/3 - 28

Mr.

Mr. Parkinson 1/3 - 28

2nd May 6

Cards
248 b 2/5
for

Confidential

1916 1917 1918 April No. 94

DRAFT TELEGRAM

IMMEDIATE

contents of first sentence
has been agreed with
Mr. Waterfield of the Treasury
who raises no objection to
the sense of the telegram but
hoped we should not commit
ourselves to the loan bank
proposals before

Mr. Atkin
1/3 - 28
No. 39.

CONFIDENTIAL

contents of first sentence
has been agreed with
Mr. Waterfield of the Treasury
who raises no objection to
the sense of the telegram but
hoped we should not commit
ourselves to the loan bank
proposals before issue of

in preference to 2/1/1918 proposed so

account of improvement in market value
of stocks. We are now in position
to consider the matter further
and discuss it with Mr. Waterfield
when he returns to us.

It is my hope at 2/1/18 is when
we can make a final decision

against the loans. It will not
involve issue at a price so much in
excess of par as to be unpopular with
investors.

I am not clear why issue of
loan

loan at a discount should be regarded

as likely to provoke criticism. Last

Kenya loan was issued at a discount and

no reflection whatever is implied on

credit of Colony by such an arrangement.

It will be seen that the country

regularly issues loans at a discount.

After deduction of discounting charges

original sum £1,907,000 less

cost of issue £900

leaves £1,905,100

and additional £100,000 available

for second loan £1,905,000, and

at interest at which it is necessary

to pay off £200,000.

net amount of £803,563 leaving balance

of £1,519,000.

Actual cost of issue 1927 loan approximately

£166,000 see Crown Agents letter 22nd November

(No. 93 in X.10019/27).

last.

[New page]

Schedule

[Dr Smith at
Office consider
this figure
and

22

Schedule of 1927 loan and proposals

in paragraph 7 of your despatch

8th December as modified by your

telegram 3rd April are approved but as

regards financing of land bank from

surplus balances I should prefer to await

detailed scheme before giving approval.

[New para]

(No. 25).

My telegram of 20th April I now

understand that loan cannot be issued

before

~~2nd~~ end of May at earliest.

Seal

533



RE- COMMUNICATIONS
TO BE ADDRESSED TO THE
BROWN AGENTS FOR THE COLONIES
THE DATE OF THIS LETTER BEING QUOTED
AND THE FOLLOWING REFERENCES
TELEGRAMS CROWN LONDON
TELEPHONE 1728 VICTORIA

N106.

1. MILLBANK

WESTMINSTER

LONDON, S.W. 1

IMPORTANT

RECEIVED

-1 MAY 1928

100% SERVICE

S **A** **C** **E** **M** **T** **R** **I** **N** **G**

1031 Your letter No.15006/28 of the 28th April enclosing
copies of telegrams which have passed between the
Secretary of State and the Governor of Kenya regarding
the proposed issue of a further loan on behalf

M26 the Governor's telegram of the 10th April in the form of
the enclosed draft of a note from the Secretary of State
to the Governor.

36. The Agent of State will do well to add
what addition, the draftsmen will be
regarding the objection of the part
is a of £5,250,000.

I have the honour to be

Sir,

Your obedient servant

The Under-Secretary of State,
Colonial Office.

BRAS TELEGRAM.

In reply to your telegram of 27th April objection to

Issue of loan for £5,250,000 is on part of Treasury as stated

RECEIVED

28 APR 1928

OO

22
25
Telegram from the Governor of Kenya to the Secretary of State for the Colonies.

Dated 27th April, 1928. 700

(Received Colonial Office 9.40 p.m. 27th April, 1928.)

No. 22
No. 25, 27th April. Confidential Your telegram dated 27th April. Please inform me.

(a) How the amount of £3,519,675 is arrived at. What was the cost of the issue of the £5,000,000 1927 loan.
(b) Whether the schedule of the £5,000,000 1927 loan suggested in paragraph 4 of my confidential despatch No. 170 of the 5th of December is approved.

I shall be glad to receive approval of the proposal in paragraph 7 of my despatch above quoted as modified by my telegram dated 2nd April 1928 as soon as possible.

It may now be incurred whether it will be
may mean loss of months.

Mr.

Mr.

Mr. Chamberlain

Sir J. French

Sir G. Gorst

Mr. G. Grey

Sir S. Wilson

Mr. Ormsby-Gore

Lord Loche

Mr. Amery

DRAFT.

Government

Rush
No. 33.

Important

28 APR 1928 328



Ent.

W.D.

With ref. to the letter

from the 24th of this month

I send by telegram to

you the account of a tele-

gram from the Far East

Monday, the 10th instant, of

a letter from the 1st of this

month & the 24th of

is also enclosed.

2. The soft wood

timber trading area by

the two ships in the

port were on the

account of

the

date
of the 30th

By the 1st of May 28

Reported to me

(Signed) H. T. ALLEN

Telegram from the Governor of Kenya to the Secretary of State for the Colonies.

Dated 17th April, 1928.

Received Colonial Office 10 p.m. 17th Apr

Sir. 21. 22nd April. Ver

Very telegram of 20th April am

grateful to you for your favourable

proposal. We shall

avourable moment.

strong critic which may speak of the
large Schuster's recent advice

without further information

the reasons why the amount raised

for portions £3,500,000 - 750,000

per subscription

as we given in your

I am strongly inclined by his oppo-

Schuster's opinion that it would be better

colony to require £7,000 on the

of making a large application

what are the reasons for the

made at a discount and what will

is certain to be strong local

discount and allow us to raise the same

amount at the same time

to issue of a Kenya £1 for

similar terms of 1927 issue. Legislative Council meet

on 9th May and I shall be grateful for fullest

possible statement of the position for consideration with

advisers before that date.

Any reply to this letter should be addressed to:-

THE SECRETARY,

TREASURY,

WHITEHALL, LONDON, S.W.1.

and the following number quoted



29/28
TREASURY CHAMBERS.

S.3290E/01

20 April, 1928.

have been
as follows:

lines are being drawn

29

past

position

the total

have been

as follows:

29

position

the total

have been

as follows:

envisioned would be as follows:-

Exchequer loan refund	3,280,466
Transport loan	2,950,000
Transferred Guaranteed Loan Services	2,100
Cong. Service Services	1,412,41
Mombasa Station	22,365,300
Expenses in less	166,000
	of the
	<u>10,263,876</u>

and it is estimated that the same have been
regarded as the most suitable to meet the require-
ments of the enlarged port and to existing
services in connection with the new trans-
port lines since over all
hold.

and a scarred
the head of.

which they fear, may be in danger of being lost
sight of in concentrating on the immediate problem.
My Lords do not understand that the guaranteed loan
transfers named in the preceding paragraph are
withdrawn and the commitment of £919,000 must
therefore be kept in view. Further it appears that
the transport proposals amounting to £40,000 are part
of a programme totalling £2 214,000, which paid £14,
£1,214,00 to the present loan expenditure.

exception being in the provision of £5,000 for
the stocking of coal at the time of revision of
£20,000 after which an agreed sum will be available
and available for the supply of coal to the
admiralty.

There remains therefore £10,400.
Now and in consideration of

Guaranteed loan transfers

of £1,000 further British services

" Public Service.

14,563.627

£2,000,000 Transport Loan had been carried out to
an amount of £2,626,000 without recourse to the market.
The result of this position, which enabled the
colonial Government to float a loan in the sum of £926,000
on reasonable terms was bound to be appreciated by the
Government of Ecuador. Loan services and
variations in borrowing of the real rate of capital
expenses. It has now proved desirable to put the
is with the consequent result that they are thus the colony's
again. The borrower after a very short time
ventured to forecast the creation of
a market of a further Kenya loan of £1,000,000.
They do not seem to endorse fully the opinion
of the Governor of the Bank of England that the
percentage of the Governor's despatch
the Bank of England would accept the
programme of the above would involve a second loan
£1,000,000. The total amount altogether
being £3,626,000.

The above statement and loan charges to which
£2,626,000. The same time that there was
a first £2,000,000. The second £2,626,000
was allowed even during 1920 and no new loan was
granted until satisfactory arrangements
had been made or tended to exist. After
the above statement

2

8.75% interest of warning established by a minimum

1935.12.26. 12.4.1935. 25. 35. 1935. 2

卷之三十一

卷之三

10. *Leucostoma* *luteum* (L.) Pers. *Lamprospilus* *luteus* L.

1970 RELEASE UNDER E.O. 14176

DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY - BUREAU OF INTELLIGENCE

Specie de la vache à lait *à lait* *à lait*

卷之三

সেবন করা হচ্ছে।

gente de la corte - *que se ha de tener en cuenta*

referred to as "the best by far" except for the first.

1930 201 1930 201 1930 201 1930 201

وَالْمُؤْمِنُونَ الْمُؤْمِنَاتُ لِلرَّحْمَةِ وَالرَّحِيمِ

and we can't get the Rule

20 January 1968 - by G. R. Box - 10

December 1911, 1912, 1913, 1914, 1915, 1916.

ready to go into action at any time.

John I. W. before general issue

1935-1936 1937-1938

19. *Leucosia* *leucostoma* *lutea* *luteola* *luteola* *luteola*

10.5 | [View](#) | [Edit](#) | [Delete](#) | [Details](#)

卷之三

McGinnis has also been invited to introduce
consideration of a new loan position as

interest at 5 per cent on this loan for the year

1928 would be as follows:-

On £5,000,000 for year	£ 250,000
" £3,132,704 for 3 years	78,300
	<u>328,300</u>

Deducting the sum of £232,704 provided for temporary borrowing pending the issue of loans, of which however some portion would be required, there remains an additional sum of at least £95,596 to be provided. This charge would be almost covered by the surplus of £154,496 shewn on the Estimates of Expenditure to the Betterment Fund but from Appendix to the Governor's Despatch it appears that a provision of £1,000,000 for the loan account has reduced the surplus to £93,496 thus the loan expenditure proposed for 1928 is already exceeding borrowings in excess of £1,000,000 by over £100,000 or the same may be the full interest of £1,000,000 met in a further £1,000,000 reducing the total, including under £1,000,000 on the loans, to £737,412, which corresponds to the provision of £743,516 shown in the Estimates to the provision of £743,516 shown in Appendix V. It will be seen from the figures in that Appendix that on this basis the deficit for 1929 is estimated

11. My Lords find in the Governor's despatch no adequate reference to these developments, nor is the future revenue position touched upon in the memoranda enclosed with the letter under reply, save in the brief reference to the whole of the transport expenditure being reproductive in the sense of providing facilities for which charges are made. The only real test of the reproductive character of the expenditure is whether the estimates of revenue and charges, which have been submitted to your Lordships in satisfaction, and their Lordships' opinion as to whether this capital of the

fully before the Secretary of State who
will then consider whether or not to proceed.
I am satisfied that the financial position
of the Railway Administration is sound.
The amount of £1,375,000 is a reasonable
sum to meet the charges for loss. For Meigh
justified in filing the charges for loss. For Meigh
proved a considerable sum in view of the
part. My Lords would not be disposed to be seriously
alarmed, but they consider that the outline of the future
position given in Appendix I to the Governor's despatch
gives cause for hesitation, the early deficit and late
recovery suggesting that development has proceeded too
rapidly, and the slowing down process been postponed
until too late.

12. My Lord proceed to consider the capital

expenditure of the Colony, for which a sum of £2,252,000, plus a proportion of issue expenses, estimated at £76,000, is included in the total of £10,466,000 referred to in para 3 above. They are glad to note an improvement in the financial position of the Colony since the depression of 1929-30. In 1929 and 1930 it was thought that the Governor anticipated continuous increasing incomes for the coming years to 1930, based on the progress of the sugar crop. It is now known that the Governor's figures were based on the assumption of a further increase in income, but that there has been a marked decrease in the sugar crop. It is however, to be noted, as mentioned by the Governor, that no figures are available for the same period.

The net deficit for 1928 was as follows:-	
Revenue	£ 2,267,585
Expenditure	£ 2,343,378
Surplus	<u>19,207</u>

The expenditure includes interest by temporary advances and thus the net administrative cost of £1,000 being charged on permanent debt and substantial provision for public works is approximately £2,222,000. Assuming for the moment that this total would suffice for the two succeeding years the following margins of revenue on the

Governor's

Governor's estimates would be available for determining the strength of the Colony.

Collected	Revenue	Expenditure	Net
1928	£ 2,267,000	£ 2,222,000	£ 45,000
1929	£ 2,343,000	£ 2,322,000	£ 22,000
1930	£ 2,355,000	£ 2,222,000	£ 133,000

It is considered that the Governor's estimate of £45,000 for 1928 is too low as the proposed expenditure of £2,222,000 would

Year	Revenue	Expenditure	Net
1928	£ 2,267,000	£ 2,222,000	£ 45,000
1929	"	"	"
1930	"	"	£ 133,000

is further supported by the fact that in the last two years the margin of revenue would be absorbed by interest charges. Their Lordships have taken into account the above figures in arriving at their present estimate.

It is considered that the Governor's estimate of £45,000 for 1928 is too low as the proposed expenditure of £2,222,000 would be absorbed by interest charges. Their Lordships have taken into account the above figures in arriving at their present estimate.

It is considered that the Governor's estimate of £45,000 for 1928 is too low as the proposed expenditure of £2,222,000 would be absorbed by interest charges. Their Lordships have taken into account the above figures in arriving at their present estimate.

It is considered that the Governor's estimate of £45,000 for 1928 is too low as the proposed expenditure of £2,222,000 would be absorbed by interest charges. Their Lordships have taken into account the above figures in arriving at their present estimate.

It is considered that the Governor's estimate of £45,000 for 1928 is too low as the proposed expenditure of £2,222,000 would be absorbed by interest charges. Their Lordships have taken into account the above figures in arriving at their present estimate.

penalties, but has doubt whether sufficient
weight has been given to the financial aspects of

the problem, particularly in view of the fact that

the financial aspect of the problem is

of great importance in determining the solution

to the problem.

He has suggested that the

Government consider the

possibility of a

new tax on

the

Government's

expenditure for a considerable period

of time.

He has also suggested that the

Government consider the

possibility of a

new tax on

the

Government's

expenditure for a considerable period

of time.

He has also suggested that the

Government consider the

possibility of a

new tax on

the

Government's

expenditure for a considerable period

this date. They understand that the Secretary of State is prepared to accept, as an alternative, an immediate issue of £3½ millions, to be followed in 1929, by a further issue of such amount as will provide, with the proceeds of the present issue, a total sum of £5½ millions cash. My Lords regard this as a satisfactory arrangement.

17. That the present position with regard to future expenditure may be quite clear. Their Lordships desire to be furnished with as transferable mutual expenditure under the main heads to December 1927 and with estimates for the year 1928. Information should also be obtained concerning cash position and on the calculation of accumulated interest on the chequero bank of the Treasury. They would be glad to learn the views of the Government and of the Secretary of State on financial considerations affecting the action to be taken for the redemption of the crown of particular account.

I am,
Sir,
Your obedient Servant,

Mr. R. T. 24/4/36

36

Mr.

Mr.

Mr. Zemmerman

Mr. E. J. Harding

Sir J. Shuckburgh

Sir G. Grindall

Sir C. Davis

Sir S. Wilson

Mr. Ormsby-Gore

Lord Louis

Mr. Avery

Code Tel
of 12.3.36
24/4/36

Your telegram of 23rd

DRAFT. Code Tel.

Governor,

Nairobi.

April. No. 84. Following is

expanded version of question
requested, before us.The advantage of this arrangement is that
the available borrowing power under

Ordinance No. 22 of 1927 appears to

be £3,319,078 an issue to produce
not more than this sum can be made
now without further legislation.C.A. tell me that the most favourable
method of floating loan would be by
issue of stock at a discount

bearing 4% interest and this will

enable

X. 10006/22 Kenya

your tel 725 April
39

No 85. Mining is
expended version of repetition
requested begins

The advantage of

Cold and
W. 25.10.
1911/12

Mr. Bottomley.
Mr. E. G. Harding.
Sir J. Shuckburgh.
Sir G. Grindle.
Sir C. D'Alton.
~~Sir R. W. V.~~
Mr. Urquhart, Govt.
Lord Louisa.
Mr. Amery.

DRAFT.

Government
Parade.

Not 2
Date 5/5/24

use of
the
can be made now with
full legislation, &
revised

and that the most
favourable method of float

loan would be
done by the
Government
and I would
then have
the use of the
stock I made
without any
loss of time
or expense
and work less
this summer past
comes from R. G. will
be able to make
of you telegram

1 Telegram from the Governor of Kenya to the Secretary of State
for the Colonies.

Dated 23rd April, 1948.

(Received Colonial Office 7.50 P.M. 23rd April, 1926.)

No. 85. 23rd April Your telegram of 20th April
from words "The intention of" to "19078" not understood.
please repeat. Shall also be glad to learn whether I
can now conclude that proposals in my despatch of 6th
December No. 130 as modified by my telegram, of 3rd April
No. 68 are approved, it is most urgent to proceed with roads
and other work at this season.

Body L. 145 mm. 17° 12' S. 28° 25' E.

Draft 2/26

115.006/18

Taga

23
44

Mr.

Mr. Bottomley.

Mr. E. J. Harding.

Sir J. Shuckburgh.

Sir G. Grindle.

Sir C. Davis

Sir S. Wilson.

Mr. Ormsby-Gore.

Lord Loant

Mr. Amory.

DRAFT.

Governor
Nairobi

~~10~~
Leave my tel 1st Feb
bar. cannot be floated
before middle of May
being in

of reversion

vantage of this

to prof. a

U.S. A. L.F.

~~ESTIMATES FOR 1957~~

Total Domestic exports £25,000,000

Total Imports for Home consumption £25,079,000.

(Note. Re-exports from Kenya and Uganda (not shown separately for both territories) £1,535,302.)

~~RECEIVED IN MARCH 1937.~~

Total Domestic exports	£3,086,816
Total Imports for Home consumption	£5,679,006

(Note. - Re-exports from Kenya and Uganda (not shown separately for both territories) £1,536,302.)

AFRICA TRADE FIGURES, 1957.

Total Domestic exports	-	25,086,916
Total Imports for Home consumption	-	20,888,006.

(Note. Re-exports from Kenya and Uganda (not shown separately for both territories) £1,536,402.)

19th April, 1928.

Dear Friend,

I now enclose, for your information & co. y of a letter from Waterfield about the proposed issue of a Kenya loan for £2,500,000 stock.

I might add that the Governor in his despatch of the 8th December, of which you have not ~~had~~ had a copy, proposed that the schedule of the £3,000,000 ~~be~~ at least action, could ~~be~~ be carried out of £2,500,000 ~~in~~ ~~the~~ ~~same~~ ~~order~~ ~~as~~ ~~the~~ ~~£3,000,000~~.

(a) Recognition of the £2,500,000 Long-dated Gold Reserve of the Bank of England	8,500,000
(b) Construction of the Lake Naivasha Water Scheme	600,000
(c) Further Port Development	350,000
(d) Purchase and re-conditioning of the Volksarmy	100,000
(e) Acquisition of working Stock	200,000
(f) General Improvements	125,000
(g) Expenses of issue and deduction for Discount	175,000
	<u>£1,000,000</u>

I work out the unexhausted borrowing power under
Ordinance No. 2 of 1827 to be £5,519,078, which I arrive
at as follows:-

Total net amount authorised
to be realised under
Ordinance 6k of 1827

Less loan raised in 1827 £5,000,000
From which should be deducted cost of issue £15,000
Total sum £4,985,000

From the above to be deducted
the discount at which the Parliament
loan was paid off, i.e.

i.e. net total to be drawn

Balance of £ required

I hope you agree to this figure.
Please to set off the fresh loan as soon as possible.

Please to telegraph to the Governor
let you know as soon as possible when it will apply.

Yours sincerely,

(R.W.)

22 44

In reply
please quote Regt. No.

S 32902/61

TREASURY CHAMBERS,

WHITEHALL, S.W.1.

10.11.1941.

be compelled to

abstain

from

the strategy

of the

EMI at

nothing

but

respect

to

any

territory

to

any

J. A. M. S. S. C.
Colombia, 1941.

I had better first explain that since I wrote to Mr. Waterfield on the 10th he had telephoned to say that the Governor of the Bank of England had now informed the Treasury what his view was as regards the request made in our official letter of the 8th February that Kenya should be allowed to borrow £5,000,000 stock at one operation in May. The Governor had expressed the opinion that it was undesirable for Kenya to go to the market for more than £3,000,000 stock in one operation. I had excommunicated with Mr. Waterfield that this limit was much too low immediately on hearing it. I had meanwhile discussed the question very fully with Mr. Bottomley and recommended that we might consider an alternative which had to the effect that recorded below is the result of our discussion. It is acceptable to the Governor and to Mr. Schuster, and I would like to say that Mr. Waterfield has a similar limit to the one recommended by the Governor and by Sir G. Schuster. He told me, Mr. Sir, that the Treasury were not prepared to raise with the Governor of the Bank of England the question of increasing the issue beyond £5,000,000 stock. As we had already accepted this limitation on the occasion of the last issue in the autumn of 1925, largely on Sir G. Schuster's recommendation that it was unwise to attempt to fight the

5

the Governor of the Bank of England, it had been realised that it would be impossible to fight the Treasury on the issue of increasing the total amount from £5,000,000 stock to £5,250,000 net, and I therefore did not press this further.

Mr. Ezechiel had told me that the market would not be unfavourable to an issue by May of £5,250,000 net in two operations, i.e. total of in one, and after discussion with Mr. Ezechiel we had come to the conclusion that the most favourable suggestion to make from the point of view of Kenya was that Kenya should be allowed to borrow in May about £3,500,000 stock, on the understanding that she had a free hand to borrow the remaining sum required to produce £5,250,000 in the course of 1928.

The reason for fixing the figure of £3,500,000 was that this could be issued without any further loan order being issued, as the operation is covered by Indorsement No. 22.

Under authority of the Board of Commissioners approximately £3,500,000 net in addition to £1,750,000 covered by the Indorsement No. 22.

At 1.27 This figure is arrived at as follows:

Total net amount authorised to be recalled under Indorsement No. 22 of 1927 £8,353,611

Less loan raised in 1927 - £5,000,000

From which should be deducted cost of issue £175,000
i.e. £4,825,000

From the total to be borrowed should also be deducted the discount at which the Parliament lent the £5,000,000
Loan was paid off i.e. £409,533

i.e. net total to be deducted... £5,034,533

I was further able to tell Mr. Waterfield that the German Agents were prepared to invest as much as £1,500,000 in the new loan and had no objection to its being stated in the prospectus that they were taking up whatever amount they ultimately decided to do. But I said that they did not want to commit themselves to any definite amount at the moment. I thought he could assure the Governor that they would take up at any rate the balance over £3,000,000 stock on the Treasury's account. Mr. Waterfield was prepared to accept my proposals, which Sir Rutherford agreed to pass to the Governor. He said that they Kenya should be allowed to have 52 operations, the first to be recalled on 1st July 1928, and so on.

Bowling Street,

13 April 1918.

Dear Sirs,

With reference to our official

meeting the 2nd Sub of February. I now enclose a
catalogue which we have had from the Government of
Newfoundland, giving all the information
pertaining to the same.

At present having 11/38

11/34

11/36

which we expect

If we were

to go forward with

the D.A.C.

we would probably need 11/34

11/36

11/38

11/34

11/36

11/38

11/34

So far as those requirements are concerned, they are all included in the Governor's despatch of the 8th of December and, therefore, include no new proposals for the Treasury to consider. The Governor, however, suggests that in order to bring the total of A and B ~~up~~^{down} to the round figure of £6,350,000, we should knock off the proposal for the Land Bank and add £22,514 for the Central Office at Nairobi. I expect you will want to discuss both the line to adopt about the proposed Land Bank, but apart from that, I do not suppose there is anything in the original estimates comprising the total of £6,350,000 to which you will wish to make any alteration in detail.

On this assumption, the division of the £1,000 telegram resolves itself into a question of time and the proposed issue of the loan, and it is on this point that I should like to have a discussion with you before we go any further.

As I explained to Gathorne-Hardy the other day on the telephone, if we are to raise a loan in May there is a great deal of preliminary work to be

be done beforehand, and there is no time to be lost. Could you ring me up when you get this letter and give me an early date to dispose of it.

less than 94. In October it is not impossible that we might do a little better, but on the other hand it is perhaps more likely that we might not be able to do as well. Much must depend probably on the Treasury's own programme, but unless the Treasury are prepared to advise you, in the interest of Kenya, that Kenya should wait till October, I think with our present knowledge that the present favourable opportunity should not be lost.

Regards

The BECCO is a joint loan between the Bank of England and the Bank of Malaya, notwithstanding the name. The Bank of England has already borrowed two millions in the United Kingdom and this amount is of course available to the British. Guiana also wants some and has been "accommodated". We know when she will be ready to issue her notes. Other countries are withdrawing portions of their balances. The Malayan States' Bank which may in consequence of their large credits have to do a large amount of lending has already borrowed a million in anticipation of the guaranteed loan. Unless the issue of two millions for Tanganyika next month (as I understand from Bottomley has been contemplated) -

is a certainty, we cannot undertake to finance Kenya for another six months, and even then we must have the power to issue Kenya Treasury bills in reserve.

We therefore think it would be best to adhere to the plan of making the next Kenya issue in May.

The question whether the issue should be 5½ millions net or only 5 million stock is less important, but should nevertheless be settled early, because on it may depend whether the issue should be on a 5 per cent or a 4½ per cent basis. Assuming that Kenya requires the whole of the 5 millions cash, it will hardly be reasonable for the Treasury (and the Governor of the Bank) to object to her obtaining the extra £ million from the public - especially as we shall take a considerable portion of the issue for our own funds - and by insisting on the restriction to force Kenya to issue a 5% loan or less - i.e. worse terms than she could get for a 4½ per cent issue. So far as we are concerned, we are prepared to issue a loan of £5 millions, and even more if necessary.

In either case, however, there seems to be no reason

/ why

why Kenya should not pass her new loan ordinance so as to cover the borrowing of 5½ millions net (assuming that the works and the expenditure are approved), and we hope that early steps will be taken to get the ordinance passed so that we may be in a position to choose the best

policy.

Rees

any case, this alteration seems to turn mainly upon finance considerations seeing that there is nothing to prevent the additional expenditure from ^{loan} being approved even if it may be decided to be better to limit the actual borrowings to £5,000,000. We should, therefore, like to know also what you have to say about this aspect of the matter from the point of view of the Colony's market interests.

Would you let me have a reply as soon as you can as we are expecting an early answer from the Treasury to our letter of the 8th of February, and if any fresh proposals have to be put to them, they should be done pretty quickly.

Re figures on back of the
governor's telepon of £ 30,000.
The £ 130,500 are evidently figures laid
before Sir G. Ichuster which have
since been reexamined, and which
therefore need not concern us further.
The requirement of £ 2,252,686 for the
May loan is that in part of the
governor's despatch of 8th December 1921
unstated. Consequently the only new
reducing investigation
figure is that of £ 302,500 for transfer
requirements. This ~~is made up of~~
~~figures~~ is meant to indicate the
present cash requirements of the
Bank of England after deducting
that provided by the £ 300,000 on loan
in 1921 & includes the balance
of approved expenditure from the schedule
of the 14th Jan. Loan Ordinance of £ 32,560.
The figure is made up as follows:

- A. Items included in back £ 26,000
say 22 of 1921 (see
II and III of governor's despatch
of 8th December for details)
Balance required to bring £ 30,467
- B. £ 350,000.00 loan from Treasury
(completion of Deep water bathes 150,000
Nov 3 & 4. (beginning of Gov's despatch
8 Dec 1921))

D. Trustee, Post & Money, £ 25000
General expenses
(h/s of Governor's dep
1st December)
E. Garrison's Fall's Rec £ 200533

£ 30025000

Treasury approval is needed
for C + D + a specific loan
ordinance for nos. C, D + E.

No. 68 by agreement of
£ 225,686 are now to be added
to the proposed at the end of the
letter to strike off £ 10000
from the old loan & add £ 92,314
for red central offices thus
reducing the figure to
£ 225,000

ORIGINAL *Decade*

of a telegram from the

Gov. of Kengtung

سید علی بن ابی طالب

Received in the Colonial Office at

11-0 fm on April

Described by

about October next to determine whether
it would be better that owing to lack of
time he has been unable to study adequately
sufficiently to express opinion on merits
of additional items of expenditure referred to
para 9 or on general loan expenditure
as such but having regard to Colony's
general financial position and the fact that
further expenditure can be avoided if necessary
and that even if this is approved we
will loan and be paid till 1930
provided that loan to produce £3,250,000
is necessary and that same will
be issued at annual interest of loan for
amount so obtained in October
in connection with Sir George
Selwyn both Colonial and Railways
portion of which you gave a part of it
of despatch under reference has been
examined and finding on the understandings
that interest on balance of old £3,500,000
Guaranteed loan will be available your telegram
21st March reduces his requirement as follows
(A) Balance to complete repayment of £3,500,000
loan of 30th April your despatch 9th February
1928 to 133 (B) construction of Myere

ORIGINAL
Dated 192
Received in the Colonial Dominions on
Decided
Document No. 16
Kitale and Solar branch railway
£8475,000 your despatch 23rd December
bony (2) (C) Subs out of capital £5,000
vide reference under (A) (D) General
improvements £175,000 vide under (B) and
para 6 (E) of my despatch 8th Dec 1927
bony to 130 (F) Rolling stock £831,000
vide under (B) in respect of which £20,000
was included as para 6 (G) of despatch
8th December bony 1928 also your telegram of 10th
January 1929 your telegram dated 25th March
1929 your telegram of 30th February 1929 to High
Commissioner (H) Deck work worth £100,
and four £75,000 your telegram of 10th
January 1929 and your telegram of 29th January
1928 to High Commissioner (I) Improvement
at Port vide reference under (H) above £75,000
(J) Site of Central station Mombasa £55,000
vide para 1 of third section of your despatch
of 2nd August bony (K) 1929 (L) Thiong'os
Salt branch line £205,533 your telegram of
23rd December 1928 total £3,085,000 In
connection with foregoing vide also schedule

To Headquarters No. 22 of 1929.

This sum of £ 3,025,000 added to total of colonial requirements in para 7 of my despatch 18th Dec 1929 would give a grand total of £ 5,177,686 in addition of the sum of £ 5,200,000 recommended by Sir Geo Schuster. To keep within the sum recommended I propose to delete provision for Land and Agricultural Bank item of my £ 120,000 and add balance available of £ 92,314 to Public Buildings Head so as to ensure early start of Central Offices and Supreme Court all para 8 of despatch quoted being reasons for advocating this course was that the Land Bank proposal did not yet mature and I share the view I believe held by Sir Geo Schuster that mention of taking sum in a loan would give rise to criticism in the Colony further funds for Land Bank assistance are likely to vary from year to year and it is preferable to finance it from surplus balance or occasion arises rather than that the Colony should pay interest on full capital requirement from other works of Col. (B) The Treasury building has had to be abandoned and

15

ORIGINAL

of a telegram from the

Dated

192

Received in the Colonial Office at
Dominions

on

Digested by
Duly checked by

61

conditions in Supreme Court are tolerable Central Office and the best constructed by instalments as funds can be made available.

I shall be glad to receive your approval of the recommendation in my main Despatch to HQ of 18th Dec as decided by the Telegraph as early as possible for Reporting to Finance Board the amount necessary from our existing balances which subject to final certificate on Dec 31st to £ 640,000 August 1929 and £ 92,314 quoted in para 8 of despatch 18th Dec 1929 for commencement of construction of Central Offices and Supreme Court Building.

Gouverneur