

1925

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E. AFRICA

DATE

30 July 1925

C.O.
34971
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J.C.

APPLICATION

Allen

S. of S.
L. Shuster

Previous Paper

To do copy dealt from
Rasmea enclosing
circulation of Decree
regarding the government
of the territory added to
Malay

MINUTES

Pt. circulation, but no action is
required. There will, except possibly to
send a copy to other Kenya P.F. - that
is merely an internal document

~~Handwritten signature~~
SFT

Kenya should acting ~~and~~ have
a copy, LF

Recd. 30.7.25

Subsequent Paper

(A.E. 36741)

In any further communication
on this subject, please quote

No. C 9895/1803/22

and address—
not to any person by name,

but to—

"The Under-Secretary of State,"
Foreign Office,
London, S.W. 1.



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THE Under-Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs presents his
compliments to the Under Secretary of State for
the Colonies . . . and, by direction of the Secretary of State,
transmits herewith copy of the under-mentioned paper.

Foreign Office,

20th July, 1925

Reference to previous correspondence :

Description of Enclosure.

Name and Date.

Subject.

Yem Hui Ambassador
(Home) Government of territory
no. 625 ceded to Italy in East Africa
July 21st

Similar letter sent to

BRITISH EMBASSY,

ROME,

July 21st 1925.

Sir,

With reference to your despatch No. 994 of the 4th July (C 8786/1803/22) I have the honour to transmit to you, herewith, copies of a Royal Decree, dated June 11th 1925, laying down provisional regulations for the Government of the territory ceded to Italy in East Africa.

B. A translation of the decree is also enclosed, with the omission of Articles 14 and 15, which fix the rates of the special allowances awarded to officers and others serving in Jubaland.

I have the honour to be, with the highest respect,
Sir.

Your most obedient,

humble Servant,

(Signed) R. Graham.

Right Honourable

Austen Chamberlain, M.P.

Esq., Esq., Esq.

translation.

Royal Decree-SW, June 11th 1884. No. 1114.

Organic Ordinance of Trans-Jawz (Somaliland).

Victor Emmanuel III No.

Seeing Our decree-law of August 18th 1884, No. 1847, by which full and entire delegation was given to the convention concluded in London on June 20th 1884, between Great Britain and Italy, for the cession of Somaliland by the former to the latter;

Having heard the Council of Ministers,
On the proposal of Our Minister Secretary of State
for the Colonies, in agreement with the Minister of
Finance, War and Marine;

Have decided and decree:-

Article I.

The territory in East Africa ceded to Italy in virtue of the Convention of London of July 18th 1884, is provisionally constituted until June 30th 1884, inclusive, as the Commissionership General of Trans-Jawz, ruled by a High Commissioner, under whom are placed the land and sea forces destined for permanent service in the territory and in the waters under his jurisdiction.

The High Commissioner is appointed by Royal decree on the proposal of the Minister of the Colonies, after hearing the Council of Ministers.

The High Commissioner keeps the rank and honours accorded to Governors of Colonies by the regulations in force.

Article 2.

Article 3.

The High Commissioner is directly and wholly responsible to the Minister of the Colonies and, in accordance with the instructions which he receives from him, directs the policy and administration of the colony, with power to issue regulations of a local character, establishing the penalties for contraventions thereof.

The powers belonging to the Government of the King, in regard to Tangier, may be delegated by the Minister of the Colonies to the High Commissioner, but so far as those powers are susceptible of delegation.

Article 4.

The seat of the High Commissioner is Algiers. The High Commissioner is obliged to reside in the territory under his jurisdiction.

In the case of the High Commissioner being absent or otherwise prevented from performing his duties, the temporary government of the Commissionership-General is entrusted to the Chief Secretary.

Article 5.

The High Commissioner has immediately responsible to him the chief secretary and the officer commanding the military and naval forces.

The Chief Secretary is appointed by decree of the Minister of the Colonies and, among the authorities of the Commissionership General, takes rank immediately after the High Commissioner.

The Officer Commanding the troops is appointed by decree of the Minister of the Colonies in agreement with the Minister of War, after hearing the High Commissioner and is selected among the officers of the Royal army on the
saline.

native list, having the rank of major or lieutenant colonel.

Article 5.

The chief secretary assists the High Commissioner and more particularly superintends all the civil and political services of Transjuba, in accordance with the directions given to him by the High Commissioner. He has under his orders a Government department for the transaction of all political, administrative, economic and financial matters, and an office for the transaction of general and reserved questions and of those relating to personnel, as well as the management of the military budget.

A private secretariat of the High Commissioner may be established, for the despatch of his official and private correspondence and for all the services of his establishment.

Article 6.

The officer commanding the troops is the adviser of the High Commissioner on military questions on land. He is responsible for everything affecting the territorial defence of the colony, submitting the necessary measures to the High Commissioner, he carries out, on his own responsibility, the military operations ordered by the High Commissioner; he provides, according to the directions of the latter, for everything relating to the military forces, and presents to the High Commissioner proposals for the posting in the colony and for the return home of the officers assigned to the different military commands, sections, services and offices.

Article 7.

The officer commanding the naval forces is the adviser of the High Commissioner in military marine questions. He has under his orders the naval forces, whether afloat

or where, permanently assigned to Trans-Juba.

Article 8.

An Accountant's Department exercises control over the expenses of the civil and military administration, in accordance with the regulations which shall be established for Trans-Juba, in accordance with Article 14th hereafter, in agreement with the Minister of Finance.

Article 9.

For grave reasons of public order or safety the High Commissioner may proclaim a state of siege in the whole of the territory under his jurisdiction or in part thereof.

He may further establish special tribunals, determine that any crimes which are committed by the inhabitants may be judged according to the forms and applying the penalties fixed by the military penal code in time of war and adopt any other measures which he considers necessary according to the circumstances.

The above-mentioned measures shall be taken by means of a reasoned decree, with the previous authorisation to the Minister of the Colonies, and in case of urgency without such authorisation, subject however to their immediate communication to the Minister.

The High Commissioner may order natives to be confined to stated areas and may order the expulsion of foreigners or of Italian citizens, whether natives of Italy or Africa, whose presence, either by reason of sentences undergone by them or of their conduct or of their attitude towards the authorities or the Government or for reasons of a political nature, may be dangerous and undesirable.

*Final form
applied
process*

Article 10.

Article 10.

All relations between the Commissionership General of Trans-Juba and the Government departments in the Kingdom, the Colonial Governments and His Majesty's Diplomatic and Consular representatives and the authorities of foreign states must take place through the Ministry of the Colonies or in pursuance of the express authorisation of that Department.

The officers and functionaries, both civil and military, of the Commissionership General may not carry on semi-official correspondence outside the territory of Trans-Juba except through, and with the express authority of, the High Commissioner. This rule does not apply to the judicial authorities in matters relating to judicial proceedings.

Article 11.

The High Commissioner and the civil and military officials of the Colony cannot be called upon to account for the exercise of their functions except by superior authority, nor can they be subjected for any reason to penal proceedings or to arrest, except in obvious cases of guilt, without previous authorisation, which is given by the Minister of the Colonies in the case of the High Commissioner and by the High Commissioner in the case of other officials.

The High Commissioner informs the Minister of the Colonies of any demands received from the judicial authority and of the answer returned thereto.

Similar rules are observed by recognised native chieftains.

ARTICLES AND ANNEXES.

Article 14.

No administrative appeal to higher authority is permitted against acts and measures relating to the administration of Trans-Java.

Against standing regulations no appeal lies other than an extraordinary appeal to the King on the question of legality.

No administrative or judicial appeal is admitted against the measures contemplated in Article 2.

Article 15.

The budget of the Commissionership General of Trans-Java furnished with the necessary documents, shall be presented to Parliament annually, conjointly with the estimates of the Ministry of the Colonies.

The High Commissioner in forwarding the budget proposals shall transmit to the Ministry of the Colonies a documentary report on the administration, management and condition of the Commissionership General.

Article 16.

The dispositions of the Royal Decree of October 31st 1924, Nos. 2204 and 2205, are extended to Trans-Java. For the purposes of such decree Trans-Java is placed on the same footing as Dutch Guiana.

[Prerogatives for the High Commissioner, officers commanding districts, officers, controllers and permanent employees.]

Article 17.

[Prerogatives for personnel of army, navy, air force and militia, other than controllers.]

Article 18.

A law shall determine, not later than July 1st 1926

permanent regulations for the administration of Trans-Juba.
So long as such law shall not have been promulgated, the
necessary provisions shall be made by royal decrees on the
proposal of the Ministry of the Colonies in concert, when
necessary, with the other competent ministers and always in
concert with the Minister of Finance for all measures of a
financial character.

The present Decree shall be presented to
Parliament for conversion into law.

No command No.,

Given at Rome, the 11th June 1935.

(Signed) Vittorio Emanuele

(Signatures follow).