

26

340

KENYA

X. 1787

Date

RIOG

86

24th January 1926.

17 FEB 1926

27/2

12/2

GRANTS FROM THE CARMEGIE CORPORATION.

Tanganyika

Trs copy memorandum by Mr. Dougall and states that he considers that at present it would be premature to make recommendations in regard to the disposal of the funds.

Paper

MINUTES

5703

26

[Dr Head ~~X600~~ a. Item 2 of the Interim
for 1926, provision is made for the
expenditure of the 1st instalment of
this Grant - £1500 - on Huts & Equipment
for the Kibete School. It is now clear,
however, that the provision is
not to be utilised in this manner.]

In Reppel's letter of 26 Jan. 1925

on 35693/25 shows that the Carnegie
Corporation do not object to the
decision as to the application being
postponed; & it is of course desirable
that the money should not be
spent until the best use for it has
been determined. Clearly it can

Joint Paper

18776

Harvey, Bassett

be used to save the Govt money in
but buildings.

But there is such a thing as
borrowing money too long. I suggest
that the debt might best be agreed
that in the case the expenditure of
the grant on buildings will be ~~mathematical~~
~~to the intention of the donor~~
Note that Govt considers it premature
to make recommendations at the
moment. but observe that close
up in a year has now elapsed since
the offer was made by the Carnegie
Corporation & that Dr Bonyah mentions
that the Secy to the Corporation
hopes to visit Kenya this year.
I suggest that consideration of this
matter should be unduly hastened,
as it presumes that he will be
placed in a position before the heretofore
year is over to inform the Corporation
(the purpose of which
what it is proposed to devote their
grant.

(Mr Oldham is expected back from G.A.
in May, S.P.C could be convened then
for an opportunity of discussing with
him).

Steel
24.2.26

You directed attention to what we are proposing to say on the first paper
(Draft memorandum) on this point.

In view of this draft which I have
suggested an alteration of the
text under "Revenue V. Reimbursements".

6 Kenya)

Para 22" in the memorandum due to be
enclosed with Sg's Esch despatch
- wh. has not yet gone

11.

11.

11.

11.

11.

11.2

801 17.2

AMM

27/2/96

So proceed? But I think we shall have
to ask Mr. O'Dwyer for a few minutes
while Sg's despatch - 6 days have lapsed.
He O'Dwyer will be available for consultation
then.

1500
27.2.96

CD. 1/3

at you

Please can other officials app
Lod. 1.2

/ T.D.

You directed attention to what we are
proposed to say on the Est's papers
(Draft memorandum) on their behalf.

In view of this draft which I have
suggested an alteration of the
text under "Revenue V. Reimbursements".

(6 Kenya)
Item 22" in the memorandum to be
enclosed with S.Y.S's Est's draft
which has not yet gone

Mr.

881 17.2

AMM

27/2/96

So proceed? But I think it shall have
back Mr. O'Dwyer for a few minutes
with Mr. Kappel - to keep him happy.
He station will be available for consultation
then.

1525
27.2.96

CD-1/3 at one

Newman other statement after

Lab 1.2

TD.

312

I mention this was often on 12
195 - referring to Golden eagle
sighting kept O'Keeffe still unanswered.

He said "Yes".

I understand that certain species
of hawks are a "contamination" - meaning, one
for Wagner look, & that with every com-
munication to O'Keeffe since. There
was a contradiction stated.

Pretty good money

87.10.26

alice

~~Mr. Sal~~

I have passed the off for
vacation staff & (35-683) should
therefore now be available.

It is important to remember that
an oldhamer is only as good as
any other player or vice versa
depends upon his own
ability and is not limited by
his background.

C. C. S. 10/14/46.

Approved

PP 22/2

~~Mr. Sal~~

Added

23

KENYA.

No. 96



24th January, 1926.

Sir,

DAC 35693/15
I have the honour to refer to your despatch No. 825 of the 27th August last regarding the expending of the grant by the Trustees of the Carnegie Corporation and as advised in your third paragraph have caused Mr. Dougall to be consulted in regard to the allocation of the grant.

2. I annex a copy of Mr. Dougall's memorandum on this point and in the light of his remarks agree that expenditure of these funds upon buildings would be inappropriate to the intentions of the donors.

I further agree that at the moment it would be premature to make recommendations in regard to the disposal of these funds.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient, humble servant,

Edward Ghigg

G O V E R N O R.

RIGHT HONOURABLE

LIEUTENANT COLONEL L.C.M.S. AMERY, P.C., M.P.,

SECRETARY OF STATE FOR THE COLONIES,

DOWNING STREET, LONDON S.W.

V.E.W.O.
James School,
Kabete,
8th December 1925,

To : the Hon'ble Director of Education,
Nairobi,

Regarding Grant from the Carnegie Corporation.

1. Terms of the Carnegie Grant read to this effect: 'To be used in connection with experiments in the training of James Teachers' The purpose of the name is to interpret this clause in the way it was meant to be read when drafted.
2. The Principle of the Grant.

As I judge from my knowledge of the Carnegie Board and the reading of its Reports on Work aided and accomplished the purpose of the Grant was to provide an additional fund for educational experiments along new lines in Africa. The principle of the grants given by this Board and by other American Boards working on the same lines such as the Rockefeller, Rosenwald, Jouett and Blithé Boards, has been consistently the same. Its idea is to encourage further effort on the part of the body receiving the grant. In other words, their maxim is "The more you do for yourselves, the more we are prepared to do for you". For example, in the case of the Rosenwald fund for better school-buildings the State gives one-third of the cost of a new school, the County gives one-third, then and then only the Fund provides the remaining third. Thus I can confidently affirm that the purpose of this particular grant was to stimulate extra effort and not to replace Government expenditure, which, otherwise, would have been found from the Revenue of the Colony.
3. I know personally that the Carnegie Board did not wish to lay down such specific conditions in the case of the Government of Kenya. Their reasoning was explained to me at the time of the original discussion in America. The Trust did not wish to dictate to this Government the terms on which the Grant would be given. They believed that this Government would recognize the principle on which they have always administered the money of Mr. Carnegie. They expected that the Government would make extra provision on its own account, and as would convince the Board and other Boards which are watching the experiment of its sincere desire to cooperate in the effort.
4. When the Secretary of the Trust visits the Colony - as he hopes to do this coming year, the first question in his mind will be : What extra effort has your Government been encouraged to make by such help from America ? If he finds that the Grant is to be applied simply as a pretext for ~~sum~~ economy on the Budget of the school he will consider that the object of the gift has been defeated. He will report accordingly to his Board.

5. The principle of the grant is of the first importance. Its recognition and adoption is primary and antecedent to the discussion of expending the gift in one way or another.

6. There is no special hurry in the expenditure of this American money. The work of the school is severely handicapped at present by lack of buildings, staff houses, teachers' houses, practising school, class-room for the women, and lack of roads and labour. Till these are pushed forward, the circumstances do not admit of increasing the number of teachers-in-training, nor of adding to the present staff or equipment. It would be foolish therefore to legislate for the expenditure of the money for the coming year at this time. To present detailed proposals for the expenditure of the Grant would be premature for two reasons:

a. because Government has not yet announced its own proposals for expenditures on the school for the coming year which, in the nature of the case, should not be affected by the Grant except by way of extra generosity.

b. because the grant is intended for use in aiding objects which arise from time to time as circumstances alter and possibilities of new developments arise.

7. I need therefore indicate only such uses for the money from America as would be outside the legitimate charges on the Government budget. The following are merely suggestions and, in the present beginning stage, they must necessarily be provisional.

1. Additional equipment for the school, such as posters, bulletins, materials for teaching, reading-boards, teachers' texts and nucleus of library.

2. Additional equipment for the practising school to enable the staff to experiment in the teaching of African children.

3. Provision for popular literature for use in connection with the work of the teaching teachers. This would probably mean the editing and publishing of quite new material.

4. Provision for additional tools and materials to be used in connection with the manual and agricultural training of the teachers and domestic training of their wives.

5. Additional aid for teachers' families.

6. Additional aid to Missions to enable them send further teachers for training.

7. Provision for printing of selected curricula, experimental courses of study and reports of research through purchase and use of small printing press specifically for this purpose.

3.

8. Definite provision of a reserve fund
for utilisation from time to time for objects
which present experience has not yet disclosed

sd/ James W. C. Deugall.

Principal, Japanese School

Enclosed 4/3.
affres 5/3

~~Enc.~~

X/18/3

26 Kenya

Harding.

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church

etc.

Enc.

Ans'd

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8 March, 1926.

S.C.

I have etc. to ask. the

DRAFT.

Itt

rect. of your despatch of the
24th. of Jan'y in wh. you
enclosed a memorandum
by Mr. J. W. C. Dougall with
regard to the allocation of the
grant made by the Trustees of
the Carnegie Corporation & to
inform you that I agree that
in its case, the expre. of the
grant on buildings would
be inappropriate.

2 I note that you consider

260

22

... we have to make
arrangements at the moment
as to a use of these funds
I do not believe that
any one of you has now
arrived at the offer made
by the Carnegie Corporation
as far as Mr. Dougall mentioned.
I am sure that the Secretary
of State does not hope to visit Kenya
this year. In these circumstances,
we are wishing to suggest
as an alternative of this matter
that if anything happened,
I presume that ~~I shall~~ will be placed
as quickly before the present
Government, to inform the Corporation
of the purposes to which it is proposed
to devote their grant.

... our desire to make
some negotiations at the moment
as we are short of these funds

Thus I would observe that
since the last year has now
expired since the offer was
made by the Carnegie Corporation
and as Mr. Daugall mentioned,
it is understood that the Secretary
of the Trust hopes to visit Kenya
next year. In these circumstances,
we are not wishing to suggest
any consideration of this matter

unless a meeting is convened,
I presume that ~~I shall~~ ^{I shall} be placed
in a position before the present
year is over to inform the Corporation
of the purpose to which the proposed
to devote their grant.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE

NAIROBI, KENYA.

6th October, 1926.

Sir,

With reference to your despatch No. 260 of the 6th March last regarding the grant made by the trustees of the Carnegie Corporation, I have the honour to inform you that in my view the following allocation will best serve the purposes of the Jeunesse school.

(a) An Agricultural Instructor	400
(b) A lady doctor	475
(c) Passages	200
(d) Travelling in Kenya	200
(e) Margin at the Director's disposal	25
	<u>41,000</u>

2. A lady doctor is required for the training of the wives of students, who will accompany their husbands to the Jeunesse school, in domestic science, child welfare and sanitation. A quote from a letter from the Acting Director of Education:

"A lady doctor is required because the wives and children of students accompany them to the Jeunesse school. The wives are to be brought under special tuition and training in domestic science and child welfare. The lady doctor will undertake the latter task. She will also attend at the school dispensary and will enlighten the students and their wives regarding the treatment of the ordinary ailments of children and other patients. She will study the whole question of village life from the medical and sanitary points of view."

The doctor should be a fully qualified doctor with a special knowledge of infant welfare and the special troubles of women. A knowledge of public health would be a strong additional recommendation. She should be about 30 years of age, and should cope out prepared to learn quickly well".

3. The candidate for the post of agricultural teacher should possess a degree or diploma of high standing in agricultural science and a good knowledge of practical agriculture.

He would be required to teach agriculture and agricultural science study in connection with the Jammie and Village Schools, and to organize their gardens. His duties would include a large measure of practical work in the field. He should be of a disposition that would enable him to work with missionaries, administrative officers and members of other Government Departments.

4. I trust it will be possible for the money granted by the Carnegie Trust Corporation to be made available from the 1st January 1927, or from any earlier date on which it might be required for passage, salaries, etc.

5. The aforementioned proposals have been approved by Legislative Council at the present session, and I shall therefore be glad if you will be good enough to arrange for the engagement of the required personnel.

It is suggested that Mr. Oldham, Dr. Lorne and Dr. Jones might be consulted in this connection.

I have, etc.

(Signed) Edward Orme.

EDWARD ORME.

5. The candidate for the post of agricultural extension agent should possess a degree or diploma of high standing in agricultural science and a good knowledge of practical agriculture.

He would be required to teach agriculture and agricultural science study in connection with the Journals and Village Schools, and to organize their gardens. His duties would include a large measure of practical work in the field. He should be of a disposition that would enable him to work with missionaries, administrative officers and members of other Government Departments.

6. I trust it will be possible for the money created by the Carnegie Trust Corporation to be made available from the 1st January 1927, or from any earlier date on which it might be required for passage, salaries, etc.

8. The aforementioned proposals have been approved by Legislative Council at the present session, and I shall therefore be glad if you will be good enough to arrange for the engagement of the required personnel.

It is suggested that Mr. Oldham, Dr. Larm and Dr. Jones, JONES might be consulted in this connection.

I have, etc.

(Signed) Edward GREGG.

EDWARD GREGG.

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2000-2001

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I have the honour to acknowledge the receipt
of your sum of £5,000 of the 26th of January, in which
you enclosed a remittance by Dr. J. G. Campbell with
respect to the alteration of the grant made by the
Friends of the Germanic Corporation and to inform you
that I agree that, in the circumstances, the alteration
of the grant as buildings would be inappropriate.

8. I note that you consider it preferable to make recommendations at the present time to the disposal of these funds but I would observe that since you & your son have claimed since the offer was made by the Government Corporation and that my proposal mentioned, in his memorandum, that the Secretary of the Trust hope to visit Kenya this year. In these circumstances, and not wishing to pre-empt that consideration of this matter should be wholly postponed, I propose that I shall be pleased to be present, before the present year is over, to inform the Corporation of the persons to which it is proposed to devote their grant.

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Yours truly,

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(Signed) L. S. AMERY

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