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KENYA

DATE

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29th January 1926.

X. 1996

23 FEB 1926

ON

GEOLOGICAL RESEARCH.

Streeter

Encloses copy memorandum by the D.P.W. and states that the opportunity will be taken of the visit of Mr Wayland to survey the main railway line, to discuss the lines on which - should be established.

(Wayland)

100g Paper

MINUTES

- 9/12/26*
1. We may wait for Mr Wayland's views. There's nothing here supporting the suggestion that the geologist should be under the D.P.W., and his Doctor (he's a water specialist) - but it's just enough of a geological survey of 98% unsatisfactory at the moment - to consider if a geological section
 2. I doubt if he can give any support to the suggestion that the Government should appoint in the second instance. It would be difficult to say where research begins, and there is no special feature (except the existing types anything more up-to-

100g Paper

and I do nothing with it except from other
people. I would like
to do more myself

252 26.

I am going to have some
of the same work again at
the beginning

In Heaven

252 27.

W

KENYA.

No. 17



GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
NAIROBI,
KENYA.

29th January 1926

X. 1996

23 FEB 1926

Sir,

With reference to your despatch No. 957 of the 26th of September last, I have the honour to forward for your information a copy of a minute by the Director of Public Works on the subject of geological research in Kenya.

2. By arrangement with the Governor of Uganda, the services of Mr. E.J. Wayland, the Government Geologist of that Protectorate, are being loaned for a geological survey along the main Railway line in Kenya with the primary object of finding suitable materials for carrying into effect the building programme contemplated by this Colony.

Mr. Wayland's services will be available for a month during March and April and it is hoped that this survey will lead to beneficial results. Opportunity will be taken of his visit to discuss with him the lines on which a geological research in this Colony should be established in the future.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient humble servant,

G. A. Thistell
for GOVERNOR.

Absent on duty.

HONOURABLE
COL. L.C.M.S. AMERY, P.C., M.P.,
SECRETARY OF STATE FOR THE COLONIES,
DOWNING STREET, LONDON, S.W.1

D
PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT,
HEAD OFFICE,
Nairobi.
20th. November, 1928.
Ref. No. 3469

The Hon. Colonial Secretary,
Nairobi.

~~COLONIAL REVENUE IN 1927-28.~~

I regret the delay in replying to your above-quoted letter.

2. I am strongly of the opinion that the time for the inauguration of geological research in this Colony out of public funds is long overdue. There has been an unfortunate tendency in the past only to finance services, which might be expected to yield immediate economic results, while postponing those which, though desirable, cannot be shown either to be essential to further development or to increase revenue. It is satisfactory to note that there are signs of a broader view being taken by the public of the necessity for research; if the Colony is to progress along normal lines.

3. The objects, which would be aimed at if a properly organized Geological Research Department were established, may be regarded as being of two kinds, viz:- (a) primarily economic; (b) primarily scientific.

4. With regard to the former, there are certain areas of this Colony which especially deserve examination to determine the presence or otherwise of certain minerals of economic value, which from the nature of the formations might occur. On the other hand, there are many extensive areas, which may be ruled out as unworthy of examination from that point of view. There are a few known mineralized zones which require detailed mapping. One of the chief activities should be the examination and assaying of specimens sent in by prospectors, and visits to the places whence the specimens emanated, when preliminary examination justified that course. It is important that an examination should be made of the only zone in the Colony where there is any chance of coal existing in seams, even though the chance is not high. A thorough investigation by a geologist might result in the Company, which has recently been prospecting, diverting its energies to localities, where there is at least some possibility of success. There is an immense field for research and experiment in respect of the location and use of brick, tile and pottery clays, and of hydraulic limestones. The only really good bricks so far turned out are those from Makupa, while all tiles made are indifferent in quality and high in price. If it is decided to inaugurate water boring in this Colony as an activity of Government, geological investigation would be valuable. For the

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Investigation of certain mineral occurrences, leading to their commercial value, before a reliable report can be prepared.

5. The scientific results of geological investigation in a country are primarily of value from the considerations that they yield ~~more~~ ^{new} facts to knowledge of the earth's history, and enable the geological survey of Africa to be pushed a step further. The results are also of value to the Colony itself from several standpoints, although perhaps not immediately apparent from the economic view point. For this reason, I am inclined to advocate that the financial assistance of the Imperial Government might be solicited for such activities of a Geological Research Department as:-

- (1) Regional Geological Survey.
- (2) Installation and Operation of Seismographs.
- (3) Gravity Determination.
- (4) Meteorological Investigations.

(5) Investigation of Rift Valley Tectonics, for the results of such work would be of importance to the whole civilized world.

6. After careful consideration, I feel that the most economical and satisfactory method of organization, if it were decided to inaugurate geological research, would be to attach the activity as a sub-department to the Public Works Department, in much the same way as the former Government Transport Department is now organized as a Branch of

/this Department.

- 4 -

this Department, or the Irrigation Department is attached to the Department of Agriculture, and the Survey Department to the Government of Zambia.

7. The other reasons for the above action are the following:-

- (1) Many of the activities would be closely allied to some of those of this Department, especially with regard to interests for constructional work, water supplies, etc.
- (2) Economy would result from the use of the existing organization in respect of administration, accounts, stores, labour, etc.
- (3) Use could be made of the executive staff of Divisions in respect of transport, labour, equipment, payments, etc.
- (4) A good deal of research work (not from the economic standpoint) has already been done by myself, although time has not yet permitted of the results being sufficiently consolidated for publication.
It may be observed that
the Irrigation Department of South Africa has a Geologist attached to it.
- (5)

8. The annual cost of a Geological Research Department would be dependent on the extent to which the various activities are prosecuted. There would also be certain capital expenditures on offices, laboratory and equipment. The Geological Survey

Department of Uganda is fairly well staffed and equipped, and has done most useful work. Its annual cost is about £7,500. In Nyasaland, where the activity is carried on on a very small scale, the annual cost is about £2,500.

DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC WORKS,

HLS/DG