

1924

KENYA

C.O.  
10667

5 MAR 24

From

War  
Office

Date

5th March 24.

By Circulation

Mr.

Mr.

Mr.

Ass't U.S. of S.

Ass't U.S. of S.

Ass't U.S. of S.

Secretary of State

Foreign Paper

460  
762769  
23

Circular 26 March 1924

6th March 1924

Belgium Paper

460  
144626

K.M.R. Clearance Section  
Leave for Staff on Termination  
of appointments

6 months leave should not be granted to  
locally engaged members of the staff. Discuss  
question of incidence & cost of passage of  
Messrs. Craig, Thomson & Savage

## MINUTES

At 10 March Mr. Craig's Office communicated  
with a different view from that of the  
Officers who wrote out a memorandum that they  
have been asked to understand the  
terms of their appointment. I don't, however,  
whether it may be going back to Mr. Craig  
on this point under and until we can  
arrive similar to that of Mr. Ward (38876)  
as follows:

At 10 March It is difficult to begin at this  
date to understand the question of third class  
passages, but it appears that both in C.O.  
letter of 1st Oct 1923 (46276/2) and in C.O. letter  
1924 (46276/2), and in the despatches  
which those letters enclosed, what  
was mentioned was second class return  
passages, and of the W.O. or their  
attala of 5 October (No 7 on 46276/2) agreed

## MINUTES.

MINUTES NOT TO BE WRITTEN  
ON THIS SIDE

to the grant of these passages.  
It is, therefore, impossible  
for the W.O. to say that  
they thought they were  
approving a single passage  
only. But in view of the

letter of 3rd March 1923,  
and 5th May (No 402258462)

it is difficult to see how  
any officer could do other  
than grant a passage to them  
as far as possible. The W.O.  
has no right to tell them  
what they can or cannot do.

It is not clear whether  
the letter of 3rd March 1923  
was intended to cover all cases  
of discharge from the forces  
or only those cases where  
the leave was to be taken  
with previous service before discharge.  
The date of discharge for purposes  
of passing off should be the  
date of termination of service

under the Discharge Section.  
<sup>anywhere</sup>  
With receipt of advice

that W.O. concur that leave should  
not be granted to locally recruited  
members of the staff, but say that  
if a case should arise of the nature  
indicated in para 2, of C.O. letter  
of 62789/23, and S.P.S. is satisfied  
that the officer was genuinely  
led to mis-understand the terms  
of his service, he will still feel  
it necessary to know the case  
to the notice of the A.C.

With regard to para 2.

Observe that in C.O. letter of 62789/23  
in the case of Non-R.F. Palmer

F.H. Frost, and in C.O. letter

of 28710/23 in the cases of

W.M. & J.A. Palmer and S. Savage

and others, it is clearly

intended to give a wide

margin of error.

It is clear that the

intention was for the grant

of leave to return home

and that S.P.S. does not understand

how any ~~error~~ an understanding

can arise a ~~error~~ on their part.

Say that S.P.S. care that

under the arrangement

communicated in a letter in

in the case of F. Palmer  
i.e. instead of receiving  
the passage to England  
only to which they were  
entitled under their  
agreements, they are  
put in the position of  
ex-soldiers of the local  
forces.

Any further communication on this subject should be addressed to—

The Secretary,  
War Office,  
London, S.W.

and the following number quoted.

C.O.  
10667  
5 MAR 24

**War Office,**  
**London, S.W.**

111/Gen.No./2183 (Q.M.G.F.s.)

3t

5 February, 1924.

Sir,

With reference to your letter 62789/23 dated the 1st February, 1924, forwarding correspondence on the subject of the grant of leave to the staff of the Clearance Section, King's African Rifles, on the ultimate termination of their appointments. I am commanded by the Army Council to state that they concur that leave should not be granted to locally engaged members of the staff. The terms of service on which they were engaged appear to have been defined, and the Officer-in-Charge states that these terms were understood by the staff concerned. It is presumed that the terms were set out in a memorandum in writing on the lines of that addressed to Mr. Mapp, and if a case should arise, as suggested in your letter under reply, where an employee alleges that he was led to anticipate that he would be granted leave privileges, such a verbal understanding would appear to be inadmissible to vary the terms contained in the written memorandum.

With regard to Messrs. Craig, Morrison and Savage, who are described by the Officer-in-Charge as entitled on release to a return passage to England or South Africa by virtue of their military services, I am to refer to War Office letter 0165/R.A.S. 1259 (Q.M.G.F.) dated the 27th October, 1921 communicating the Army Council's agreement to the grant of second class passages to England, on the termination of their civil engagements, to these three gentlemen and others similarly situated. It was understood from the correspondence forwarded by your office (Colonial Office letter 45072/21 dated the 5th October, 1921 and 2287 R.A.S. dated the 10th June, 1921) that the passages in question were to be in lieu of the single passages to the United Kingdom on discharge provided for in their original engagements with the local forces, particularly as these ex-soldiers' cases were stated to be identical with those of Messrs. Palmer and Frost, who were described by the Governor of Kenya as "ex-Imperial soldiers... entitled under their original agreements... to a free second class passage to England, and as due for discharge in England, and the liability for passage was accordingly accepted against the Common Charges Account." The terms of paragraph 3 of your letter under reply appear to refer, however, to the concession of a double leave passage to and from the United Kingdom or other place of domicile granted to locally enlisted members of the East African Forces qualified by length of war service which was granted in 1919 and communicated by your Department to the

Under Secretary of State,  
Colonial Office,  
S.W.1.

Government/

Yours  
20923  
19

Government of Kenya in a cable dated 10th April, 1919.  
If it proves that the passages on which Messrs. Craig,  
Morrison and Savage have been allowed to retain a lien are  
leave passages under the above concession and not discharge  
passages under the terms of their military engagements, the  
incidence of cost appears to be governed by the Treasury  
decision communicated in War Office letter Q165/1598 (F.1),  
dated the 30th May, 1923, viz.:- that passages taken within  
twelve months of demobilisation should be a charge on the  
Common Charges Account but that any taken beyond that  
period should be a liability of the Kenya Government. As  
the three employees in question were demobilized on 31st  
March, 1921, any leave passage rights which they retain  
must be at the expense of the Kenya Government.

I am,

Sir,

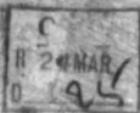
Your obedient Servant,

N N Lewis

W.O. 10667/24 Kenya

*Hand*

*(3c)*



*Se 26 March. 1924.*

DRAFT.

Secretary of State  
War Office.

MINUTE.

Mr. Seel. 21/3/4

Mr. Jeffries 22/3

Mr. Bottamley 24/3

Sir C. Dassie.

Sir G. Grindie.

Sir H. Read.

Sir J. Masterton Smith.

Mr. Ormsby-Gore.

Date of Dispatches.

For Carson.

*Significant events in Europe*

*1/4/24*

*to Sir H. Haig 3524*

*b7b*

*to the staff of the Clearance*

*Section of the King's African*

*Rifles, and to request for*

*to inform the Army Council*

*that he notes that they*

*concur in the opinion of the*

*Governor of Kenya, that*

*leave should not be granted*

*to locally engaged members*

*of the staff.*

*(2)*

I am delighted to receive  
receipt of your letter No.

111/Gen. No 12185 (Q.H.Q.F.C.)

of the 5<sup>th</sup> of March, on the

subject of the grant of leave

to the staff of the Clearance

Section of the King's African

Rifles, and to request for

to inform the Army Council

that he notes that they

concur in the opinion of the

Governor of Kenya, that

leave should not be granted

to locally engaged members

2. Mr Thomas considers

it necessary, however, to

state that in the event of

a case arising of the nature  
~~the second paragraph~~  
indicated in C.O's letter

of the 1<sup>st</sup> of February, to

62789/25.

~~to reserve the right~~  
~~will feel it necessary to~~

bring the case to the notice

of the Army Council, with

a view to its being considered  
for special treatment  
on its merits

3. With regard to

the second paragraph of your

letter under reply I am

to observe that in C.O's letters

of the 15<sup>th</sup> of June, 1921, regarding

8257, K.A.R.

~~Mr~~ R. F. Palmer and his

E. H. Frost, and the 5<sup>th</sup> of

October, 1921, recommending

46272/21

~~Mr~~ Craig Morrison and his

Sauvage for a similar

concession as regards passage,

2. Mr Thomas considers

it necessary, however, to  
start ~~that~~ <sup>in</sup> in the event of  
the case arising of the nature  
~~the second paragraph~~  
indicated in C. O. letter

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~~not~~ to reserve the right  
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a view to its being considered  
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62789/25

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the second paragraph of your  
letter under reply. I am

to observe that in C.O. letters

of the 15<sup>th</sup> of June, 1921, regarding

~~Mr.~~ R. P. Palmer and his

F. H. Frost, and the 5<sup>th</sup> of

October, 1921, recommending

~~his~~ Craig Morrison and his

Savage for a similar  
concession as regards passage,

8287, K.A.R.

46272/21

L 34

made clear  
it was clearly stated that  
the recommendation of the  
Governor was that second  
class return passage should  
be granted; that is to say  
in the cases of Gen. Ross and Mr.  
Palmer, <sup>his</sup> intention was that  
Palmer instead of receiving  
the passage to England only,  
to which they were entitled  
under their agreements, they  
should be placed in the same  
position as ex-soldiers of the  
local forces, [As Thomas  
does not therefore understand  
considers therefore that no  
room for a misunderstanding  
can have existed on this  
point]

The completion of their  
service the right to the  
free return passage  
which they had earned  
while serving with  
the forces.

and in the other case  
the intention was to prevent  
the person in question writing  
to Thomas to cause  
that under the arrangement  
communicated in War Office

No 0165 /1598 (F. I.) of the  
30<sup>th</sup> May, 1923, passes  
to and from East Africa

27304/23

Granted to members of the  
local forces and not taken  
within twelve months of  
demobilisation are a charge  
upon Kenya funds. I am  
however, to point out that  
the inability of ~~some~~<sup>the</sup> Craig  
~~to~~<sup>the</sup> Morris and Savage to  
take their passage within  
the prescribed time is not  
due to any action on the  
part of the Govt. of Kenya.

but to the fact that they have  
~~continuously~~ since demobilisation  
been engaged on work on  
behalf of the War Office which  
~~hurts~~<sup>hurts</sup> prevented them  
from taking advantage  
of the concession. In these  
circumstances and having regard

further to the fact that their  
service in the Clearance Section  
has been continuous with  
~~their service before demobilisation~~

Mr. Thomas A. of the opinion  
that the date of discharge  
in these three cases should be  
regarded, for the purpose of  
the passage concession, as  
the date of eventual  
relinquishment of duties  
in the Clearance Section and  
~~he~~<sup>himself</sup> to learn that the  
Army Council are prepared  
to agree to this view.

that the passage when taken  
should accordingly be a charge  
upon the funds of the Clearance  
Section, as previously suggested.  
He trusts that, on reflection,  
the A.C. will find themselves  
in agreement with this view.

(Signed) H. J. READ

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service in the Clearance Section  
has been continuous with  
~~their service before the creation~~

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that the date of discharge  
in these three cases should be  
regarded, for the purpose of  
the passage concession, as  
the date of eventual  
relinquishment of duties  
in the Clearance Section, and,  
~~he~~ ~~to learn that the~~  
~~Army Council are prepared~~  
~~to agree in this view~~  
that the passage when taken  
should accordingly be a charge  
upon the funds of the Clearance  
Section, as previously suggested.  
He trusts that, on reflection,  
the A.C. will find themselves  
in agreement with this view.

(Signed) H. J. READ