

1925

KENYA

28436

DATE

21st May 1925

REC-23 JUN 25

MR. H.P. NORTHCOKE
CONF 70

RAIDS ON TURKANA BY THE DABOSSA TRIBE.

States as to two raids which have taken place and asks that enclosed reports be brought to the notice of the Sudan Govt, with strong representations for more efficient control.

MINUTES

The records show a raid on the Sudan was inflicted on the 20th of the month of May 1925. The Dabossa as had no any...

Received copy (with copy) = 4 JUL 1925
x Further to SO. com. of 17 July 25
copy to La Com (B) 25 AUG 1925
copy to 14/2/25
copy to O. 18 NOV 1925
Further to box 201 4 NOV 1925

? Copy to 70. - draw attention
copy letter 5256
that the Ministry correctly
before that it had a good
will in regard to the
proper control over this tribe
The result of my letter to the
G.O. to attend to the matter

Subsequent Paper

5/1/26

I hope, when the new Scheme
is in force, the conditions in
it will be more

considered by the Councils
to be creditable than

JH

9/17/25

Why not the Sudan Govt

is requested to make good the
losses & stock ~~losses~~ ^{or} inflicted
in the Turcoman by one of their
Govts for whose administration
they are responsible?

If adequate compensation was
always insisted on it would
bring home to the Sudan Govt

the necessity of controlling their
own people

9/17/25

JH

To take of Harlingen's point in order

A. Whether the Administration (I believe
that no British Council has yet been formed)
is to be held responsible for the losses
and in the fact of control of the
area - question of these is a matter
for the Sudan Govt to settle. It is really
the business of the Sudan

B. No suggestion has been made that
I know that the boundary lines Kenya
& the Sudan are in dispute, we cannot
ourselves be dealing with the
Sudan Govt. The Sudan Govt. has
the right to demand that the
Sudan Govt. should be responsible
with an impartial arrangement & the
proposed way to be agreed on.

the rest of the people as Lt. Harrison
found out in the article of the Indian
Bill. The King first had done in a strong
manner by establishing a strong military
depot both at Kani and at the
the Indian people were not expected
to protect the Indian tribes and to
protect the Indian people from those who
had been the true Indian folk who are
responsible for the trouble of the
border. There were made any effort to
do it was not his area to apparently
do not refuse to take any steps to this
action. The trouble for him to take was
only to do as the Indian people were
the Government of the King and the
the Government of the King (Dobson)
said in the King, the position is really
not clear and the Indian folk are not
likely to look after their side of the frontier
of the Government of the King, the possibility
of the transfer of the area to Kani. The
King does not want to see the
proposal that in the area of the Indian folk

103
that be called upon for an unduly
in respect of the damage caused in Kani
by their failure to control and administer
their country is attractive but I do
not know whether any such decision
has ever been made by a British
upon a large territory. The Administration
of the King is not a British
I do not know whether to be a British
at all, though the King is
mentioned in the King's
King's ^{British} ~~King's~~ ^{King's} ~~King's~~ ^{King's}
disposed to do anything but that was
to be done in the King's
from both sides the water level for
all the Indian people of the King
the Indian folk as regards their
and the King is the King's
making men and the King's
to be done in the King's
after the King in the King's
that in the King's

(through to) for a conference with the Packer
at which Col Hamilton will be present to
discuss his proposed matter. At his
Hamilton will explain what the Kuga felt
are doing to set their house in order &
we could write an "opus" against his
Indian fort and see for an improvement
of his position. We think that a conference
of this nature is not fair to bring about
a useful exchange of views & that it
might prove a turning point in the history
of the question.

We are not members of the Council & I
S. Packer, being very good work to his credit
of his work.

Quincy
16 July 1875

To Shady

- Si. G. Arden's case with me was that
- (a) I was wrong in possibly offering checks at
admission in order -
 - (b) Regarding this point the Gov. of
Virginia, he had refused to support
my efforts to get something done
A disagreement might be useful
in establishing the fact of his refusal

Shady, I am very glad to
hear of your plan for
university & to see it
written in your paper on
5th of July. I hope you
to study the matter further
because it is important

Quincy
17 July

Dearest, The Gov. should be at the top
of the list of things to be done
possibly all the more so because the
state is in a very bad way

The University
Shady

KENYA



GOVERNMENT HOUSE

Nairobi

CONFIDENTIAL

21st May, 1925.

28436

REC-23 JUN 25

Sir,

With reference to paragraphs 7 and 8 of the late Governor's Confidential despatch No. 10 of January 20th last on the subject of the Kitgum Conference in which reference was made to raids on Turkana by the Dabossa tribe from the Sudan, I have the honour to inform you that the raids have recently been carried out by natives of this tribe on the Turkana.

The first raid took place on December 14th last and from the extracts from the Intelligence Report for December and February by the Officer-in-Charge, Kakuma (Annexures I and II) it will be seen that a large quantity of stock was captured and some casualties inflicted on the Turkana by the raiders.

I should add that Zingota is situated in Uganda but is within the area which is being administered by troops of the 3rd King's African Rifles on behalf of the Uganda Government.

News of the second raid was received by the Officer-in-Charge Kakuma on February 28th and I enclose a copy of his report (Annexure III).

This raid also took place at Zingota but the raiders did not escape without punishment as on the previous occasion and it is hoped that the retribution which overtook them will have a salutary effect and cause the Dabossa to abate

their activities to some extent.

HONOURABLE
MAJOR COLONEL L. C. H. S. AMERY, P.C., M.P.,
SECRETARY OF STATE FOR THE COLONIES.

ANNEXURE II

Extract from Intelligence Report for
February 1925.

Since the Dubessa raid reported in my last report, Esauyen's people have returned from Lingote area and reoccupied the grazing area originally allotted to them on their arrival from the North, on the Tarakh north of Kakuma. As far as can be gathered, the Turkana casualties in the raid were as follows:

Killed 33 (about one third males, remainder women and children)

Wounded about 60 (mostly women and children).

The 16 wounded women and children admitted to Hospital at Kakuma are now nearly well again. The wounds were all open wounds and have healed remarkably rapidly. Although rather frightened on admission they are now thoroughly grateful for what has been done for them. One small boy will require an operation to remove a piece of bone from his leg, and the Asst. Surgeon has been asked for to come to Kakuma.

Turkana who were driving some of the recovered stock to Opolapola, and as a result, it was afterwards learned, a certain number of Dabossa were killed. Another party of Dabossa attacked one of the Sections of the Patrol, and 7 Dabossa were killed. On the 8th the raiders endeavoured to turn the head of the Patrol and 4 Dabossa were killed.

On arrival at Iukichugi the stock recovered was counted and number as follows:-

- 250 head of cattle.
- 93 calves.
- 3,000 Sheep and Goats.
- 23 Donkeys.

This stock was then divided amongst the Turkana from whom it had been stolen, the Equetalle and Mambomong Sections. A party of A. H.C.O. and 3 O.Rs. was met here with supplies sent out by O.O. Kakuma. The patrol now returned in order to look for the Sahili - Habash Boma, which was known as the headquarters of the Green Raiders. At Opolapola a Dabossa woman was found who acted as guide, but unfortunately her husband fled and warned the Swahili. Swahili were killed and 1 wounded, and the remainder were driven North along the N. Wain River. A fire had been opened on the Patrol by the inhabitants of the neighbouring hills they were burnt with the Boma.

On the 21st, from news received the Patrol was able to come into action with a party who were entirely composed of Swahili raiders on Kayapuf Hill West of the River. This party numbered approximately 30 rifles, and had taken up a very good position amongst the rocks and caves. 3 Swahili were killed, and some wounded, numbers unknown, and the remainder escaped. The latter were later reported to have gone to Magoni and then on to Maji. A number of Donkeys with black spots, with bad gill marks were left behind by the Swahili.

The Patrol then returned to Kakuma.

As far as can be ascertained the total casualties were:

As follows:	Swahili	8 Killed.
	"	5 Wounded.
	Dabossa	43 Killed.

The following were given as the names of the Swahili

Killed:

314

Lomurumo
Modau
Lopogirina
Lotumonmoi
Mongula
Perisa
Bakari or Wari
Lopitimo

The leaders of these villages:

Lokogon
Arusca

The following are their subordinates:

Bwakomoi
Lokowton
Lobakillan
Nakifariang (now said to be at Uji)
Horadi

While the patrol were on the Lokogon River a Dabossa named Lutunmoi reported with typed credentials from O.S. Boyu but proved to be useless and in fact with the Swahili. The Chief of the Ukora (Ugora) Dabossa was sent for and eventually came in. He was of assistance, but the Ukora (Ugora) would not obey him because of the Somali threat. The Somali are in the area of the Dabossa. They were concerned in the Dabossa (Turkana) and that the Dabossa was now in their hands. This he failed to produce 26 Donkeys, 3 Oxen, and 3 calves were brought as being the stock of the Swahili captured in a previous raid. The Dabossa were very hostile and aggressive to the patrol. The Dabossa Sections in raids were given as, Ukora (Ugora), Omagwath, Epaymong, and Ingangiya, and that Arusca was the leader.

The Swahili number, it is thought, about 100, of which one third is used raiding, and third in bringing supplies from Uji, and one third on ivory expeditions. The areas hunted being east near Lake of River called Lotuko, along the Lokogon River West, and at Apogon Hill. They are all armed with small bore rifles, either German or Lee Enfield 303, and have a very plentiful supply.

supply of ammunition. 200 rounds of 303 S.A.A. and one Lee
Enfield 303 numbered as follows was captured.

- Body No. L. 67573,
- Bolt No. 94730,
- Disc No. 295.

The owner, who was killed, was a young man of the
Kavirondo, (Mumias) Tribe, and in possession of 60 rounds
S.A.A. Mk. vi. and most probably a U.S. Rifle.

Supplies of Ammunition are brought from Nairobi for which
they trade in ivory and ivory.

The patrol suffered one casualty, a Rifleman named
who was wounded by a spear, having entered the bush without
caution.

Lieut. Macounell reports that the N.C.O. and men of
his Patrol were dislodging the Kaffirs from Kavirondo Hill
fought very well, although attacking over the crest and under
a fairly hot fire.

H. D. Mackay
 Captain,
 O.C. Kakuma, Det. 3rd K.A. Rifles

Copies to:-

- The Central Intelligence Officer, Nairobi.
- The Officer in Charge, Turkana Districts.

Chall July 2
Office 2/7

Continued 3/7



Kenya 316

Wid 35821

July 1925

S/4

PART

25 JUL 1925

W. of ...

70

I am to transmit to

you to be laid before all

the members a copy

of a despatch with enclosure

from the High Comm of Kenya

in which he reports further

raids by the Sabosa

made on the Turkana by the Sabosa tribe from the Sudan.

14 May

Conf 70

28 4 36

refs

COPY.

322

The Treasury,

(P. O. Box No. 25)

Nairobi, 20th April, 1923.

Ref. No. 849/1923/2.

Gentlemen,

I have the honour to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of 6th instant and to inform you in reply that I have referred the matter to the Officer-in-Charge, Masai Reserve, to be dealt with by him direct.

I may add that I consider it very doubtful whether Government will accept any liability in a matter of this kind.

I have the honour to be,

Gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,

8d/- ?

for Treasurer.

Messrs. Messers, Crawford & Hopkin,

Colinists,

P.O. Box 521,

NAIROBI.

COPY.

325

Calcutta, 22nd June 1925.

The Officer - in - Charge,

Nasir. Reserve,

H A R O O K.

Sir,

Re Somali Elmi bin Abdi.

We beg to acknowledge receipt of your letter of the 10th inst. for which we thank you. We are forwarding copy of your letter & the particulars of claim to our client Somali Elmi bin Abdi is at present near Harok and instructed him to call on you as requested.

Kindly keep us informed in the matter.

We have the honour to be,

SIR,

Your obedient servant,

Ed/- Harrison Crosswell & Co.

COPY.

327

Harmpi, 23rd November 23

The District Commissioner,
Harok.

(Masai Reserve)

Sir,

In re Masai Rates, Re: Claim of Sh. 3074/33
by Somali Elmi bin Abdi a Somali Trader (Barker)
of Mara River.

I shall be much obliged if you will kindly let me have
a reply to my letter of the 24th August last in connection with
the above matter.

I enclose you copy of my letter in question in case it
has not reached you.

Kindly also let me know when the claimants are going
to be paid and how the whole matter stands as far as my client is
concerned.

Kindly treat this matter as urgent as my client is
worrying me almost every day.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,

Your obedient servant,

Sd/- F. Hoplay,

COPY.

328

No. 922/Vol. 8/24.

Office of the Officer in Charge
Masai Reserve,
Narok, 31st. January 1924.

Messrs. H. Creamwell & Hopley,
Solicitors - Nairobi.

Re: Masai Claims.

Gentlemen,

I enclose herewith a list of the claims passed by
His Excellency the ~~Commissioner~~ Governor-in-Council and
I should be glad if you would notify your clients to report to
my office for payment.

Yours faithfully,

Sd/- E. B. Horrocks

For Officer in charge Masai Reserve.

COPY.

130

Urgent.

Naïrohi, 27th February 1924.

The Officer-in-Charge,
Mauai Reserve,
HAROK.

Sir,

Re: Mauai Claims for Compensation.

Your letter No. 928/Vol. 2/24 of the 31st January last addressed to my late firm of Messrs. Harrison, Cresswell and Hoyle, Naïrohi has been forwarded to me for my attention.

I find from the list attached to your above letter under reply that the name of my client Somali Elmi bin Abdi (who claimed and I am informed proved his claim before you to extent of Shs. 3074/33) is not included in such list.

My late firm and myself are still in the dark as to why my aforesaid client's claim is not allowed and his name not included in the list of the successful claimants in the above matter know definitely whether or not my client's claim has been refused or admitted so that I can advise him as to his future course of action.

Kindly treat this matter as urgent.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your obedient servant,

Gd/- F. Hoyle

No. 922/Vol. 2/24.

Office of the Officer in Charge,
Masai Reserve,

Narok, 1st. March 1924.

P. Hopley, Esq.,

Advocate - Nairobi.

Sir,

re: Masai claims for compensation,
Samalis Hassan Ujira and Elmi bin Abdi.

I have the honour to acknowledge receipt of
the four letters of the 27th ultimo and the above subject and
to inform you that the claims of Messrs. Hassan Ujira and Elmi bin
Abdi were disallowed.

Sd/- E. E. Horne,

Officer in Charge Masai Reserve.

COPY.

The District Commissioner,
M.A.R.O.K. (Mandi Reserve).

336

Sir,

In re Masai Raids, & Re; Claim of Shs. 6050/-
by Somali Hassan Uris A Somali Trader (Hawker)
of plot No. 5 at Bardamat.

With reference to a notice appearing in the issue of the
East African Standard dated 30th July 1923, I heroby formally beg to
acknowledge my above-named client's claim for Shs. 6050/-, as my client is
at present on Safari, I am writing him to come down and see me on the
subject although his present whereabouts are not exactly known to me.

I beg to enclose herewith a copy of a letter addressed by
my late firm (of Harrison, Crosswell and Hopley Nairobi) to the
Honourable Treasurer Nairobi setting out all details of my client's
claim and the Schedule attached thereto, which I hope will formally
be proving my client's claim.

If any further particulars are required by you, I will let
you have same immediately after seeing my client.

Please acknowledge receipt hereof

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your obedient servant,

Sd/- P. Hilly.