

1921

KENYA.

c. o. 394

46104.

Recd.

Reg. 15 Sep. 21.

FOREIGN OFFICE.

DATE

13th SEPTEMBER, 1921.

RECORDED

SUBJECT

MESSRS. CHILDS & JOSEPH

EMBARGO ON REPORTS

AMERICAN

Mr.

Mr.

Mr.

Mr. G. Miller

Sir G. Miller

Sir H. East

Sir G. Bruce

Mr. ...

Mr. ...

Philip ...

OCTOBER 14. 1921.

Enclosed copy of note
Embassy requesting special
firm.

for Ballynally

As I am writing this now, the
Foreign Office have said that they do
not desire our sending any information they
attach to their despatch, as it may well stand
as we do. They also say that if we do not
act upon a friendly government's note, it is
in their view the case of non-compliance,
~~and~~ ~~any~~ remedy has been exhausted. They
do not think it necessary for us to telegraph,
but will be quite content if we send a copy of
the Embassy's note by next mail, asking for a
report on the matter.

? Do so, and send a copy of our despatch
to the Foreign Office LF.

Cry and Cry 1527 - 16 Oct 21
Answer (Copy above and) in Red ink

Subsequent Paper

51763

for Ballynally
Stamps remitted for concern after
Takoradi wireless link to Liverpool
of the 22nd

In any further communication
in this subject leave wrote

6368/182/60

and address—

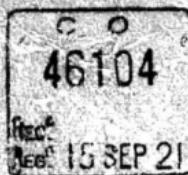
not to any person by name,

b2 b

"The Under-Secretary of State,"

Foreign Office,

London, S.W. 1.



THE Under-Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs presents his
compliments to the Under-Secretary of State,
Colonial Office, and, by direction of the Secretary of State,
transmits herewith copy of the under-mentioned paper.

Foreign Office,

12th September 1921.

Reference to previous correspondence:

Description of Enclosure.

Name and Date.

Subject

From
The U.S. Embassy.
Memorandum
September 6th.

Embargo placed by
British Customs Officers
upon export & import
of Chiles & Josslyn.

568/182/60).

46104

153LP21

MEMORANDUM.

On August 21st I received a cable from the Department of State informing me that the British Customs Office at Nairobi were endeavouring to collect duties from the local firm of Childs & Joseph, and that this notice was believed to be mistaken and was so held to be by Sir ~~John~~ Simon, their London attorney. I thereupon communicated by telephone with Mr. Hadow at the Foreign Office asking him to be kind enough to instruct abeyance until the matter could be formally presented to the Foreign Office, as still further cables were expected in the next pouch. On September 3rd, another cable was received from the Department of State stating that an embargo had been placed on exports and imports to Africa by Joseph, and I now draw this matter once more to your attention with the request that action against the firm of Childs & Joseph be suspended until the full participation of the U.S. can be formally presented to the Foreign Office.

(Signed) J. F. L. G.

Embassy of the United States of America,

LONDON, September 6, 1921.

F.O./46104/21 Kans-

October
11 September, 1921.With ref. to ~~your~~ ^{in regard to} despatch No.Ley 872, of the 16th of July, regardingDRAFT.

Entry and assessment of Customs

duties at Kinsarwee, I enc.

To your Comr.

of the Government of Uganda

copy of a note ^{regarding} the can

Messrs. Chidio and Joseph

addressed to the Foreign Office

by the Embassy of the United States

of London.

Note

1. ~~Some~~ for ~~some~~ 4 of

permission & the will greater,
~~impossible~~ and I shall be glad
and time would appear
if you will furnish me with a
to know why he did not put
up with Hamilton.

Should interview with the

I thought
makes with the first
ago nearly has been
distracted.

not too long ago to be
able to get to the point

James

July 10th 1858
Sir, I hope the Marquess
of Hastings, a Sir
John Lubbock has the day
of his birth awaiting a trial
action of two Customs Officers
which he had to his protest.
A copy of a Dep. which
has been addressed to the
Government after due special
consultation with your Dept.
is enclosed. It is suggested
that the Mr. Secretary should be
informed in regard to this letter
that, in his view of his colleague's
objection to certain drawings
in his (not, however, to say to see
what he means,) and that for
him to present, and that for

should be
the 40th
for Dillon
internal
the firm
Woolley
and Sothern

MINUTES.

MINUTES NOT TO BE WRITTEN
ON THIS SIDE.

make their decision -
quickly.

Should we add his Standing
for permission board
a copy of the Report to
supplement printed to be
C. nothing (as it is not
personally concerned)

6/28/11

6/28/11

6/28/11

6/28/11

6/28/11

at the " "

6/28/11

FOREIGN OFFICE, S.W.1.

592/14/1)

14th. September 1921

46523

16 SEP 21

Dear Read,

With reference to your letter N. 29870/21 of
June 1st, and my reply concerning the
evacuation of Ceylon, I enclose herewith copy of
a despatch No. 14 sent by the Foreign Office
to the British Legation at Colombo.

The Indian Office forwarded to this
Ministry the copy of the despatch
of the Foreign Office.

Yours sincerely

H. T. Read, K.C.M.G., C.B.,

August 19th, 1922.

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Lord:-

I have received a telegram from the acting-Governor of Kenya informing me that Garikima has been evacuated, meeting between the British frontier authorities and the Amman Assafau had taken place on the 25th ultimo on the former, being satisfied as to the Dejammach's intention and capacity to restore order in the country, I agreed to the measure above indicated. The acting Governor stated that he believed any other course would have resulted in hostilities. At a subsequent meeting Assafau had demanded the return of the Boran tribesmen who have taken refuge in British territory from Abyssinian oppression. A refusal was to be returned to this request, and the Acting Governor anticipated that "extensive raiding of British territory will be the immediate result".

The last mail from His Majesty's Consul at Moga had brought me alarmist reports in regard to the intentions and strength of Assafau who was then shortly expected to the district. This was followed on August 19th, by a telegram in the same tone from the acting Governor of Kenya, but he announced his intention of rejecting Assafau's demands, and he expected that fighting would result. Shortly after, an enquiry from Khartoum as to the situation showed me that it had been thought necessary at Nairobi to warn the Sudan

Hon. Marquess Curzon of Kedleston, K.G.
&c. &c. &c. Government

movements of threatened trouble with Abyssinia, and a possible reparation on their frontier. Continued as I do
that Despatch accepts your suggestion
not to contemplate hostile action at any time before
far from his mind when he left India. It is difficult to
say more than those who can be relied upon to know,
however, that, even if we had been compelled to take
such action as that of President C. R. M. L. G.
would have been of a half-hearted character, and one in which
the Abyssinian forces would have received a lesson.

In my Despatch No 56 of March 21st I mentioned
that British prestige should suffer by the removal of Mr. G.
of the British garrison from Gaddadawa on the part of the
of the Amhara Empire. It would be well to
stress the fact that he has now been evacuated in much more than
abreastness. I am not concerned for the
credit with the Central Government. His
was covered by the assurance which, with the
conveyed in Your Excellency's Despatch No 57 of the
same date, rested on the departure of Mr. G.
the day of the evacuation. I have followed his course
I have expressed my satisfaction at his having so
as far as gauged the confidence of the Amhara authorities,
and my hope that he will continue to do what I expect you
conclusion of his goal will be to have
effect on the frontier. I
of the Kenya authority
that, notwithstanding his
his successful staff, for he
take a line of action which he will never have done
before. The impression of leniency, for which the

prosecution of Gaddadawa was to have been the reward, will

Having secured the objects, he will
and goes now to see me and C.P.A. SINGH is going home
will probably leave tomorrow or day after tomorrow
ZEEBAN BACK IN DAKKOTA. He is staying in the frontier
towns of U.S.A.

4
A few days ago he had a good prospect.



46323/for K.

July

Paraphrase telegram from the Secretary of State
for the Colonies to the Officer Administering the
Government of Kenya.

404

(Sent 5.30 p.m. 21st September 1921)

sching
terber
21.9.21
with
t of 20.

Quid 4512?

21st September. Send despatch if you have not
already done so report fully the circumstances
in which Geddes was exposed.

~~Bottomey's
signature~~

TO.

46323/2c Kenya 29

~~8 July~~

409

33 September 1917

RAFT.

porting Reg.

to Sir Herbert Read's abn

I have opened your letter 15/9/17

of the 14th of Sept., numbered

A 6592/14/1, regarding the

vacuation of Gaddaduna.

Mr. Law telegraphed to the

Governor of Kenya to

send full particulars of

by despatch, if he has not

already done so.

MINUTE.

Lambing 21.9.21

Mr. Butterbee L/P

Mr.

Mr. Grindall

sir H. Lambert

sir H. Read

sir G. Fiddes

Mr. Wood

Mr. Churchill

Meanwhile, would you have any

objection to me sending a copy of

H. Russell's dispatch to ~~the~~ ^{the} ~~Government~~ ^{Government}

Norley privately? He was com-

plete in England at the time of

His arrival and ~~was~~ ^{was not, therefore} ~~was~~ ^{not} ~~privately concerned~~ ^{privately concerned}
~~The Foreign Secretary~~

(Signed) W.A. Bottomly

and the paper business -
possibly
had a...
in the same
any size... & when they
say it was now got close up
prolonged discussions were
had. & with the
various offices in their
cases certainly he and his son

I was sorry not to be able
to see him & so I will just
good luck over the top
difficult questions there &c.
have to tackle on your today.

With all good wishes,

Yours sincerely

Sgt H A Rottnau

~~SECRET~~ *Mr. Vandyk* Sept 26/921

FOREIGN OFFICE,

September 26, 1921.

Dear Bottomley:

There is no news from Mr. Edward Matthews.
I do not think he has been able to get into
Russell's custody. He has been in the U.S.A.
at the time of the trial and has been in
long discussions with Mr. Justice Brandeis
and Mr. Frank Murphy.