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concession involving so large an area it is an essential preliminary to further discussion that the Secretary of State should be fully satisfied both with regard to your financial ability to carry through the undertakings contained in the concession, and as to the prospect of your success in obtaining suitable labour in the necessary quantity.

I am, etc.,

DOWNING STREET

2 June, 1921.

(Suspend pending reply to Baron de Warretrœu)

DRAFT.

ENYA

SIR,

M. Morthey.

MINUTE.

(22796/21) Despatch No 833 of the 20th May regarding Baron de Warretrœu's application on behalf of the East Africa Trading Company for a concession in Tanganyika. I have the following to transmit to you for your information:

Battersea 2/6/21.

Bromley 3/6/21.

Croydon 3/6/21.

London 3/6/21.

Southgate 3/6/21.

Wandsworth 3/6/21.

Sir G. Fiddes.

H. Amory
Mr. Wood
Mr. Churchill

London 21st May 1921
Trading Co. 20th May 21

Mr. Strachey to see as to
labour.

- Drafts
for consideration

You will observe from this letter that Baron de Warretrœu now proposes to work the concession with native African labour, and suggests that the labourers immediately required not exceeding 10,000 should be available for railway work in Tanaland or Tanganyika, and that further labourers to the number of 5,000 to 10,000 should be recruited later in Liberia and Portuguese African Possessions. I understand that as far as Tanganyika is concerned

CO. 52

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the proposal is impracticable, but I shall be glad to have your observations as to their feasibility generally, and in particular whether, in the event of there being any surplus of local labour available, there are other works of public utility to which the labour could be directed with greatest advantage to the Colony.

Assuming that you are satisfied as to the first fact, like that of the Colonization Commission's ability to obtain sufficient labourers, it would appear reasonable to refuse to grant any concession until they actually proved themselves able to procure the labour - as they could hardly be in a position to furnish such proofs until the concession was granted. But on the other hand, I do not think that the demand for labour at the end of two or three years would be sufficient to warrant

I would say, the condition of the concession that it should become null and void unless within a certain limited period, say, twelve months from the grant of the concession the Company proved themselves able to procure labour acceptable to the Colonial Government and unless within a further limited period, say, 6 months they actually procured a defined number of labourers. I shall be glad to have your views on this suggestion and if you favour it, as to the length of the periods and the number of labourers to be inserted in the concession.

Unless

Unless, however, you are satisfied that there is some reasonable *prima facie* likelihood of the concessionaires being able to procure suitable labour, I cannot approve of any further steps being taken with regard to the concession.

2. If it is decided (subject of course to satisfactory information as to the financial position of the applicants) to proceed with the concession there are certain points with regard to its proposed terms which appear to me to require further consideration:-

(i) I understand that the proposal is to grant to the Syndicate 1,500 square miles, exclusive of native rights, the cost of survey of which is to be borne by the concessionaires; that is, the gross area of 1,500 square miles is subject to the deduction of the area over which natives have rights and no promise is to be made as to giving compensation elsewhere for the area excluded as being covered by native rights, such as has given trouble in other cases. I approve this method of procedure.

(ii) Though the requirement to spend £500,000 in the first two years may be regarded ^{as} excessive, I regard

rent of ten cents per acre laid down in the Ordinance. Under Section 6 (1) of the Ordinance the Governor has power, subject to the approval of the Secretary of State to grant land on any terms and conditions that he may think fit.

(v) I cannot agree to the proposal to look up indefinitely a further area of 1,500 square miles, and I think that this condition should be deleted. The area now applied for is very large and should be ample for the requirements of the Company.

(vi) The promoters' proposals for navigation, contained in the letter to the Land Officer of September 10th 1920, appear to require examination, in view of the report on the river of which a copy was enclosed in the Earl of Elgin's despatch No. 566 of the 18th of October, 1907.

4. I shall be glad if you will send me a brief expression of your views by telegraph in answer to this despatch.

I have &c.,

regard to its proposed terms which appear to me to require further consideration:-

- (i) I understand that the proposal is to grant to the Syndicate 1,000 square miles, exclusive of native rights, the cost of survey of which is to be borne by the concessionaires; viz. ~~there is to be a grant of a definite area, exclusive native rights, and no promise to be made as to living compensation elsewhere for the area excluded as covered by native rights, such as has given trouble in other cases.~~ I approve this method of procedure.
- (ii) Though the requirement to spend £500,000 in the first five years may be regarded as ~~excessive~~, I would be glad to know if the concessionaires would be willing to spend ~~any~~ ^{definite amount} ~~within the first two years~~, and I ~~would~~ be glad to be favoured ~~with~~ ^{after} your observations as to the amount. If the applicants ~~intend~~ ^{desire} ~~for a long time~~ ^{they cannot object to such a} stipulation.

(iii) I am not quite clear as to the form of lease proposed, but I ~~understand~~ that the intention is to grant a special lease for the first ten years under the terms of Section 6 (1) of part 2 of the Crown Lands Ordinance of 1915, to be followed by an ordinary agricultural lease under the terms of part 4 of the Ordinance at the end of

that

that period. I shall be glad to receive further information on this point.

(iv) I do not understand why the Govt. should not attempt to derive any revenue from the undertaking during the first five years. I agree that the suggestion that the Govt. should take ~~5%~~^{5% of} ~~all~~^{open to objection} genuine profits is ~~not desirable~~.

but there seems no reason why some rent should not be imposed, either a fixed rate on the whole area or the ordinary rate of ten cents per acre for each acre occupied and utilised. In this connection, I do not understand the statement in Mr. Martin's memorandum of the 21st Nov. that the Gov. has no power to alter the rate of rent of ten cents per acre laid down in the Ordinance.

Under Section 6 (1) of the Ordinance the Governor has power, subject to the approval of the S. of S., to grant land on any terms and conditions that he may think fit.

(v) I cannot agree to the proposal to lock up indefinitely a further area of 1,500 square miles, and I think that this condition should be deleted. The area now applied for is very large and should be ample for the requirements of the Company.

(vi) I shall be glad if you will send me a brief expression of your views by telegraph in answer to this despatch.

Yours, etc.

W. R. Bell
Land Officer
1400, after
examination,
of the require-
ment of said
in answer
Land Officer
1400 of the
of October 17

that period. I ~~would~~ be glad to receive further information on this point.

(iv) I do not understand why the Govt. should not attempt to derive any revenue from the undertaking during the first five years. I agree that the suggestion that the Govt. should take ~~5 percent~~ ^{open to objection} of all genuine profits is ~~not feasible~~.

but there seems no reason why some rent should not be imposed, ~~at a fixed rate on~~ ^{one-half} the whole area or the ordinary rate of ten cents per acre for each acre occupied and utilized. In this connection, I do not understand the statement in Mr. Mart's memorandum of the 25th Nov. that the Govt. has no power to alter the rate of rent of ten cents per acre laid down in the Ordinance.

Under Section 6 (1) o. the Ordinance the Governor has power, subject to the approval of the S. of S., to grant land on any terms and conditions that he may think fit.

(v) I cannot agree to the proposal to lock up indefinitely a further area of 1,500 square miles, and I think that this condition should be deleted. The area can be applied for if very large and should be ample for the requirements of the Company. I shall be glad if you will send me a brief expression of your views by telegraph in answer to this despatch.

Yours truly, etc.

in the case of
land Office of S.
1920, after G.
expedition,
of this report
now of course
was addressed
Land of Uganda
in 1888 of the
Garrison 1888

Communications on this subject
should be addressed to—

Mr. CHURCHILL or Dr. REED,

Colonial Office,

London, S.W.1.

and the following

Number quoted: 25679/1921.

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DOWNING STREET,

June, 1921.

Sir,

I am directed by Mr. Secretary
Churchill to acknowledge the receipt of your
letter of the 20th May, submitting new
proposals for the provision of labour in
connection with the concession in Tanganyika,
for which you have made application on behalf
of the East African Trading Company.

2. Mr. Churchill is in consultation
with the Governor of Kenya on the matter, and
a further letter will be addressed to you as
soon as possible.

Yours etc.

Very obediently yours,

H. J. Reed

ARON DE WAHNTREU,

MANAGING DIRECTOR,

EAST AFRICA TRADING COMPANY.

M1

25679/1921.

IDENING STREET.

June, 1921.

Sir,

I am directed by Mr. Secretary Churchill to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 20th May., submitting new proposals for the provision of labour in connection with the concession in Tanaland, for which you have made application on behalf of the East African Trading Company.

Mr. Churchill is in consultation with the Governor of Kenya on the matter, and a further letter will be addressed to you as soon as possible.

I am, Sir,

Your obedient Servt.

(Signed) H. J. READ.

ARON DE WAHRTREU,

MANAGING DIRECTOR,

EAST AFRICA TRADING COMPANY.

at the time) telephoned at
10:45 & I ~~said~~
at R.S. TH. 1st. Central
not to say the letter

W. May (Aug 20th)
my son of Dr. Hartman
toured out that he had
very well carry on his
work as head of his
advertising studios in
Iganda.

Prof. Simpson said the
day was not too
unfavorable (1) against
the gun and (2)
against the ~~advertising~~
of the gun.

I go down to Iganda & tell
as definitely that
anyone or any ~~country~~
for gun.

This letter can stand the
it would

As proposed

C. G. 25/4/74
See annexed 12
from Mr. Pont who is
coming to be me a fully
as proposed at one

at the time I telephoned on
Wednesday
to R. S. T. A. I. d. wanted

an investigation made

Money (big "do")

was loaned by R. S. T. A. I. d.
I could not have borrowed
any such amount without
such a history of the
advertiser being known
against him.

R. S. T. A. I. d. said he
may have been
improperly treated
T. G. at the organization
(O) against it. However
he (T. G.) was not.

Sugarman's name is well
known and he
is definitely responsible
as well as any looked
upon.

See below for my
own account

as I found

1. C.W. 25/3/3
as usual for
from the Court about
coming to see me on Friday
as proposed at our

Today will be a record what
Dr. Beggan, Mr. Peter
Sir, told me yesterday:-

(1) The Reservoir was washed
through precipitately
a gully.

(2) It is about which
village for Prof. Sargean
to stand it lies, as all
comes up to this
at last!

(3) The Canal is going
to cascade through
the Airport - a longer
will Prof. Sargean
prefer to mind his
own business.

Of course Dr. Beggan
agrees that we must
act. The letter was
proposed

and

18/8/21

J.R.
26/8/21

had all to meet at
St. Petersburg, etc. You
see, like me yesterday:-

(1) The Resolution was rejected
through precipitately
a prima facie

(2) It is absolutely
unjustifiable for Prof. Simpson
to send it to us, as all
comes and goes this
way see?

(3) The Council is going
to consider a proposal
to establish - a Museum
till Prof. Simpson
is willing to name his
own trustees.

Of course Mr. Brewster
agrees that we cannot
act in utter dis-
proposed

and

W. H. B.

J. R.
26/1/21

In Black

Today we have what
Dr. Mayhew, the physician
for us, told me yesterday:-

(1) The Resolution was passed
through justifiably
unanimously

(2) It is absolutely
imperative for Prof. Thompson
to send it to us, as will
consp. and do this
the best!

(3) The Council is going
to consider & accept
the Report and to transact
all "business" -
in particular - now. This
from Brewster.

Of course Dr. Mayhew
agrees that we must
act in all the
proposed

8:52

18-5-21

A. J. B.
26/1/21

W. L.

25th May, 1921.

Dear Sir Herbert,

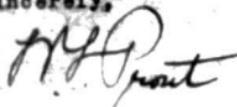
Perhaps you will remember that some little time ago I spoke to you about the work which had been done by Doctor Marshall in connection with trypanosomiasis and suggested that this deserved some encouragement.

There was, as you have of course noticed in the "Times" a meeting of the Royal Society of Tropical Medicine, at which a paper on his method and the results obtained was read and discussed. Although one or two members were inclined to criticise it unfavourably, yet, in my judgment, the results are sufficiently good to render it advisable that a further investigation should be carried out, and this was the general feeling of the meeting. As an investigation would, of course, involve Doctor Marshall being taken off his ordinary routine work and a certain amount of laboratory apparatus and assistants and so on would be needed, the Tropical Diseases Prevention Committee are prepared to give a sum of £5,000 towards the expenses of this investigation for the first year, and would probably be able to find more if necessary.

2

Do not you think that this matter might now be seriously considered? If it is not done in one of our Colonies it is pretty certain to be taken up by the Belgian Government and carried out by them, and I think this would be a pity. Could I possibly come and have a talk with you some time this week on the matter? I have asked that a definite scheme should be drawn up with an approximate estimate of the expenditure.

Yours sincerely,



Herbert Read, S.O.M.G.,
Assistant Under Secretary of State,
Colonial Office,
Downing Street.

Chairman's Address

Clerkenwell, London, W.C.

May 21st

1921.

Sir Herbert Read,

On behalf of the Royal Society of Tropical Medicine & Hygiene I have the honour of troubling you for the information of the story of Black foot disease as reported at a meeting which was summarily held at a meeting of the Royal Society of Medicine on Friday May 10th after my returning from the work I did by Dr Marshall with his department of Tropical Diseases. In doing so I desire to state that the information given to me by Dr Marshall in his paper, if fully confirmed by further investigation, has a very important bearing on the health of the African people not only from the point of view of treatment but also of prevention of such disease. Such confirmation would no doubt result in measures being adopted which from the humanitarian aspect would confer a valuable benefit on the African population and which at the same time of the greatest economical value.

The resolution is as follows:

"that in the opinion of this meeting of the Royal Society of Tropical Medicine & Hygiene the widest facilities should be afforded for a thorough investigation, on a large scale of the remedial measures put forward in the very interesting paper read before tonight by Dr. Marshall of Uganda." Have the honour to be

Yours Obedient Servt

W. J. Simpson

11. Chandos Street

Cambridge Square, London W.C.

May 21st

1924

Dr. Herbert Read.

As President of the Royal Society of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene I have the honour of forwarding to you for the information of the Secretary of State for the Colonies a copy of a resolution which was unanimously passed at a meeting of the Fellows of the Society, on Friday May 20th, after my reading the results obtained by Dr Marshall with his treatment of trypanosomiasis. In doing so I desire to state that the information contained presented by Dr Marshall in his paper, if fully confirmed by further investigations, has a very important bearing on the health of the African people not only from the point of view of treatment but also of prevention of sleeping sickness. Such confirmation would no doubt lead to its being adopted which from the humanitarian aspect would confer an inestimable benefit on the African population and would at the same time confer a great economic value.

The resolution is as follows:

"That in the opinion of this meeting of the Royal Society of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene the widest facilities should be afforded for a thorough investigation, on a large scale, of the medical measures put forward in the very interesting paper read before tonight by Dr. Marshall of Uganda." Hence the honour to be

Your obedient servant

W. J. Simpson

Marshall, Senior medical officer, Agosto

2 D. Marshall: paper on the
subject had already been brought to
the notice of the S.M.S. ~~on the~~

(3) Resolution of the Society is as follows:
passed by the
Society as voted.

~~RECORDED~~ E. J. HEAD