

EAST LEB PROT

23103

FEB 10 1920

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23103

G. A. G. 326
HOWING

1920

31st MARCH

at previous paper.

THE VAGRANCY ORDINANCE, 1920

Trans copies of, has assigned to

Trans copies sent to Librarian.

Mr. Parkinson.

4022
R1
237/20

~~Mr. Parkinson~~

Please see the Vagrancy Regulations 1900 (page 37) first E. County

This is a consolidating Ordinance, but at the same time makes some material additions to the existing law. It does not however unduly enlarge the powers of the police.

It gives power to establish houses of detention - a new departure - & the necessity of them would seem to point to the Vagrancy question being an expensive one, a costly.

I do not think ^{much} can be done against pauperism ^{under existing circumstances} so long as the power of detention is given to enlarge the area of the relief ^{relief} ^{relief}.

Sanction L. E. 82.

H. H.

~~Mr. Parkinson~~
Mr. Parkinson

59332

to refer a copy to the H.O. & ask
whether they have any books
to offer.

apart from the ~~very~~ ^{very} ~~ask~~ ^{ask} in
§ 14 there is one point in
§ 5 - i.e. reduced diet as a
punishment. This presumably
is all right & probably an
effective deterrent, but
then right, I think, to be some
recognised form of 'reduced
diet' approved by the
medical authorities, so as to
prevent any excessive restriction.

All
15/5

It would, I suppose, be well to get the views
of the H.O.

I do not like the elaboration of the
definition of 'vagrant'. Sub. (c) might be
used oppressively, & all proper cases would
never be so. I can see, fall under (b).

The bad English in § 14 should I think be corrected
& the expression 'apparently under' substituted
for 'under the appearance'.

The diet is to be prescribed by Regulation in
forming which the 'Med. Off.' should be consulted.

+ to draw your attention to Oct. 19/5

this is concerning. Try not to say

because of the faulty English.

But see all
all attention
H.D.

Chief Justice

instructing

then we might direct treatment of
 an ascending rule - deleting 2 (c),
 counting the last English as § 14; substituting
 "apparently under" for under the apparent
 a missing the word "rule" before the word
 provide a line § - a suit as proposed
 with regard to the relevant part a rule for
 an annual report on the working of the
 rule.

56)

4 June
 27/2/20

Lord Justice

I should not like to direct
 an order at the ordinary point about
 females as the legal lawyers would
 consider likely by pointing out that
 the legal position is as the law states.

But we can write as to it that
 persons above, though that which is
 advised that the legal position is
 as the law states, though that which is
 of the legal position is as the law states.

M. S. 6. 13

MS

23103

OFFICE PROTECTORATE
No. 536

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
NAIROBI, 10 MAR 1922

20 March, 1922

530

FINANCE
Memorandum

I have the honour to transmit, herewith, two authenticated and ten printed copies of 'The Vagrancy Ordinance, 1922' as passed by the Legislative Council on the 30th of January 1922, together with a memorandum by the Acting Solicitor General.

I have assented to the Ordinance in the name of His Majesty.

I have the honour to be,
Your Lordship's
humble, obedient servant,



ACTING GOVERNOR.

THE HIGH COMMISSIONER
RESIDENT OFFICE, P.O. BOX 10, N.A.C. (P.O. B.O.),
SECRETARY OF STATE FOR THE COLONIES,
ADAM STREET,
LONDON, W.C.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

The object of the above Ordinance is to consolidate and render adequate to the needs of this Protectorate Law relating to Vagrancy. The prior enactment, the Vagrancy Regulations, 1900, is consequently repealed. The Ordinance is largely based on the Law obtaining in Ceylon. Wide powers of arrest are given to the Police and the establishment of houses of detention are provided for together with the necessary powers given to the Governor-in-Council to make Regulations for their management.

Power is also given to the Governor-in-Council to expatriate Vagrants other than Natives and British Subjects born in the Protectorate and to return Natives to their reserves.

The Powers of Magistrates dealing with cases of Vagrancy are defined and penalties for persons who are found second time to be Vagrants are prescribed. Special provisions are also made for juvenile Vagrants; it has been found that this class are particularly prevalent in certain townships in the Protectorate.

Short title.

Definitions:— The definition of the word "house of detention" has been somewhat extended from that which is contained in the words "house of detention" in the original ordinance, and the full discussion of the three sections (a), (b) and (c) was eventually decided upon as being most applicable to the present circumstances and amenable to adaptation to the needs of the Township of York, East and West.

Power is given to the police to arrest without warrant any person apparently a vagrant and direction as to such cases to be taken before a magistrate as possible thereafter.

Provides for the establishment of houses of detention for vagrants and their proper staffing.

Provides that the Governor in Council may make regulations for the management of such houses of detention.

- (1) Provides that the Superintendent of such houses of detention shall endeavor to obtain suitable employment outside for vagrants admitted and, in case of refusal, to the extent of the vagrant to work as a day laborer.

Gives Power to Governor to discharge a vagrant detained in a house of detention at any time.
Provides for the work of inmates of a house of detention and makes a refusal or neglect to work an offence.

Prisons may be made provisional Houses of detention.

(1) Provides for the repatriation of certain vagrants if after a period not exceeding 5 months from the time the vagrant is admitted to a house of detention no work is obtainable for him.

(2) and makes provision for the vagrant to be placed on a board ship and detained on board whilst such ship is within the jurisdiction of the Protectorate.

(3) Similarly provision is made for the return of natives to their tribal reserve.

(1) Magistrates are given powers over persons found as a fact by them to be vagrants (1) to order them to find work and (2) to order their detention in a house of detention or (3a) in the case of natives, to order their return to their reserve.

(2) The Section also gives the return of a vagrant natives without permission from the reserve an offence.

(3) and provides for the interim detention of the native

(4) pending his return to his reserve.

Provides the Magistrate with the necessary powers to enforce his orders under the preceding section.

reception

bonities

A subsequent conviction for vagrancy is not offered
 available with imprisonment or increasing
 the fine. The law is not intended to
 is covered to make under this statute.

14

Special provisions are made for the treatment of
 juveniles by returning them to the custody of their
 parents or guardians, and in the event of a vagrant
 juvenile being taken into custody before the juvenile
 power is given to arrest via statute of a local
 case to be administered.

The Vagrancy Regulations, 1901, are repealed.

Yours

20th day of March, 1910

of 1910

Post
29/10/20 local

Draft

575

Sal
No
So
oag

Downing Street

11 June 1920

Dear Sir
I have the honour to acknowledge the receipt of your despatch
No. 336 of the 31st of March and to inform
you that His Majesty will not be advised to exercise his power of disallowance
with respect to the Ordinance No. 9 of 1920
of the Legislature of the East
An Ordinance to amend the Law
Relating to Vagrants

2. I have to remark however, that you
will take the first convenient opportunity
of introducing the following small
amendments, which are to be

- 1) ~~Article 2 (f) should be deleted.~~
- 2) ~~Article 2 (g) should be amended to read "under the apparent care of a person who is not well"~~

the first of which is in the marginal
of article should be added to
"apparently under the care" which is
should be inserted before "not"