

1911

EAST AFR. PROT.

223

TCL

Lake River Boundary Survey

Has day to come from account of discussion
or report of Anglo French Board with Helas
for which this I suggest that the first be
prepared to put up a strip of sand at the river
and a return for time arrangements for surveying
the present course. The area in the dependence of

Arabidde

for fee also for $\frac{20}{5323} = \frac{20}{16355}$

The question of the land spot has been
settled. The same indicated by
Anglo French in the letter the
3rd instant and other

to again. I think that it must
after this be left
as it appears to be
there is no demand or objection
now that the land spot the Lake
is to be taken to represent
now as in the
course of the river as the
boundary. It will only set a few

clashed for itself on the Italian side
of the frontier +,

6. Hot case, a

block of states
uniting under
France between

~~the river & its
tributaries~~

therefore have to stipulate for the free
navigation of the river as well? the
kind, as the river might be portioned
in course be entirely taken care
of another plan by British & Co.

This might be satisfactorily arranged, but I see further difficulties. The
matter of importation of the -

Block of States territory - the

8 rather slow right before the
— " over to the

For training of all seven new section of the river for navigation purposes. The balance of the tape
is for internal.

may be given if the party
at that time to be ap-
pointed are present
with regard to the question

for
1/323

¹³
Send copy of 8/15 to Dr. $\frac{20}{14555}$



app 2 the 6th one, + app 1 $\frac{20}{10325}$

1

1632

the for^m a copy of our 1st to the
T.O. ? - and a short tel. to you
saying, that it has been decided to hand over the
X J.R.

27/11

alone

Pm 22

19772/11.

Found in Drawers

May 16th, 1911.

Immediate.

Sir:-

With reference to Colonial Office Administration,

I am directed by Secretary Sir E. Grey to transmit to
you herewith, to be laid before Mr. Secretary Harcourt,~~Read~~
a copy of a despatch from His Majesty's Ambassador in
Rome giving an account of his discussions with the
Director of the Colonial Department of the Ministryfor Foreign Affairs on the subject of the report of the
Anglo-Italian Commission on the S. of river.

Mr. Harcourt will derive from this despatch, that
there is but little divergence of view between the two
Governments on the subject. The only point on which the
Italian Government feel strongly is the question of the
ownership of the small strip of sand at the mouth of
the river formed by the sudden change in the course of
the stream. The principal question to which Mr.
Harcourt attaches importance, is, Sir E. Grey under-

stands

Under Secretary of State,

[redacted] Office.

understands, that of making the present course of the Juba the permanent boundary between the territory belonging to the British East Africa Protectorate and that belonging to the Italian Colony, and with this object in view to make an alteration in the wording of the Anglo-Italian Protocol of March 24th, 1891.

It is understood to be the intention of the Protectorate authorities to establish plantations (notably cotton) right up to the southern bank of the Juba river, and importance is attached to the present course of the stream being considered the permanent boundary in order to prevent any such plantations, on the development of which appreciable sums of money may have been expended, from being arbitrarily transferred to the Italian side by some sudden deviation in the course of the river southwards.

In view of the friendly manner in which the Italian Government have received the observations of His Majesty's Government on the suggestions of the Anglo-Italian Commission, Sir E. Grey is disposed to

think that it would be good policy on our part, frankly to explain the situation to them, and to announce the readiness of His Majesty's Government to give up the strip of sand at the river mouth in return for some arrangement for securing the present course of the stream as the definite and permanent boundary. Sir P.

Grey would therefore propose to inform the Italians that the intention is to develop the land on the British side and that we fear the possible loss of capital to be incurred if the boundary changes with the course of the river.

I am to request that Mr. Harcourt will take Sir P. Head's despatch into consideration, and that Sir P. Grey may be informed of his views on the suggestion put forward above as soon as possible.

I am,

Sir,

Your most obedient,
Amelia Servant.

W. Ransley

Rome,

7 May 1911.

I have the honour to acknowledge the receipt of your despatch in this series No. II of the 13th ultimo and to state that I have discussed the various observations offered by His Majesty's Government on the report of the Anglo-Italian Commission for the Juba River with the Director of the Colonial Department of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs who has, on his side, referred them to the Governor of the Sudanese Colony and to Captain Ville, one of the Italian Commissioners, both of whom are at present in Rome. The result of these deliberations I will now endeavour to lay before you as briefly as possible.

Before doing so, I ought however, explain that I had first, in accordance with my instructions, made it clear that any decision on the question of the said split at the mouth of the Juba River was reserved for the present. On less than three long memoranda by Italian experts on International Law have recently been handed to me by the Colonial Department, in defence of the Italian contention that the boundary should be modified with the alteration in the mouth, and I have on the other hand

explained

Sir H. Grey Hart., M.P.
etc. etc. etc.

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explained the view taken by His Majesty's Government on the
bearing of International Law on the point at issue. It is ~~299~~
apparent that such a question as that which has unexpectedly
arisen can be answered by experts in many ways, and it would no
doubt be difficult for either party to the issue to convince
the other by means of expert testimony. I should not propose
therefore to prepare translations of these juristic opinions
unless specially instructed to do so.

On the other hand the Minister for Foreign Affairs adopted
the line that he was prepared to discuss the findings of the
Commission and the observations of His Majesty's Government on
condition that the question of the mouth of the river should be
settled simultaneously, if agreement could be arrived at in all
the other points. The question that either country should de-
sign and commence to enjoy all the advantages accruing from ad-
dress to odd possession of one of the banks of the river was the
point that required masterly. Whatever ambiguous or partly am-
biguous procedure international lawyers might be able to invent
the spirit and letter of the Protocol of 2nd Dec 1903 were in
accord and pointed to the conclusion that the intention in
selecting the expression "boundary to define the boundary star-
ting from the sea, was to secure that from the source to the
mouth, even if there should be alterations in the (natural) high

of the conflicting parties should retain one bank throughout the whole course of the river, of which obviously the south was the most important part.

I observed that my instructions were such as I had explained, but that we should never get on if we did not discuss the various controversial points raised in the report and that I would gladly lay before you the position of the Italian Government in the matter and urge for careful consideration that the whole question should be considered together.

Signor Agnese replied that under those circumstances he was prepared to go ahead, but always with the proviso that if the question of the south could not be entertained with the other matter, the Italian Government would prefer to hold the whole question up for further consideration, and that our deliberations should therefore only be in this provisional.

This being laid down, he said that as a general principle the Italian Government would be ready, whenever the Commissioners had been unanimous in their conclusions, to accept those conclusions, but as there were certain points on which His Majesty's Government disagreed even from the unanimous conclusions, they would endeavour to meet us there also, and on the points where there was actual dissent try to find a solution.

I will now go through the various issues raised in your

despatch No. 11 Africa and in the despatch from the Colonial Office to Sir Percy Girouard Berlin of the 2nd of March, in numerical order as they appear in the Report of the Anglo-Italian Commission.

The first of these has reference to Resolution 5 of the report, concerning the proposed lighthouse in the British Protectorate. The Italian Government take note of the favourable disposition manifested in the resolution, and are ready to submit the result of investigations to be made locally.

Resolution 6. The Italian Government understand that the proposed modification in the text has reference to future proposals and not to those which will have been sanctioned if the report is adopted, and in this sense have no difficulty in accepting the drafting which it is proposed to substitute for the words "to regulate all further matters connected with the dinner".

Resolution 7. The Italian Government accept the addition in the place indicated of the words "as possible".

Resolution 8. The substitution of "ex-officio" for the word "permanent" is accepted. The Italian Government further agree to reserve the question of the scope of responsibility for subsequent study and consideration, observing, in parenthesis,

said, that the suggestion in this respect emanated from the
British members of the Commission.

Resolution 10. As this is dependent on the table attached
to Resolution 8 it is agreed that it should also remain in
abeyance.

Resolution 11. As regards the proposed Customs arrange-
ments the Italian Government, being very anxious that some agree-
ment on the questions of transit and transhipment should be
arrived without delay; in order to promote the encouragement of
trade in their colony, would prefer that the resolution be
adopted as it stands by the two Governments, with the reserve
that the reports of the Provincial Commissioners referred to
in section (a) should be omitted. If any difficulties should
be found to arise locally in giving effect to the effect of
the resolution on account of any existing law or treaty in the
British Protectorsate, the issue would be dealt with either by
the two Governors working in concert or by reference, if neces-
sary to the home Governments.

The Italian Government point out that the Provincial Com-
missioners for Jubaland and Somaliland respectively took part in
the formation of the Commission and, having full knowledge of
the local conditions, agreed to this resolution which was uni-
animously approved. The proposals of the resolution were put

put forward only to aid the Governors in making regulations under existing acts to suit local conditions, and in so doing they will of course consult the Customs authorities. There does not appear to be any divergence of view but the Italian Government are anxious to maintain the general principles laid down by the Commissioners on the spot for guiding the Governors in framing regulations.

Resolution No 15. Mouth of the Juba River. Reserved.
The Italian Government ask that it should be considered together with the rest of the report.

Resolution No 14. Protocol of March 24th 1891.
The Italian Government would much prefer not to alter the actual reading of the Protocol. They cling, I gather, tenaciously to some form of definition, which could secure the point to which they attach so much value, namely that the north bank of the stream with all the advantages deriving from possession and utilization should remain Italian and the south bank British. They hold that at present our knowledge of the river is barely sufficient to warrant a final determination of the river number in which to place this principle. But in connection with Resolution No 11 suggestion 5 (infra) they think there will be in any case occasion to appoint an expert Commission to investigate the conditions of the river, and they hold that when the conclusions of

such a Commission are known and a study of the banks has shown how far there is any probability of a modification of the present course, it will be far easier to come to some definite conclusion, and that then an exchange of Notes might resolve the cases in which it is agreed that the Protocol in question shall be interpreted.

Resolution 104 suggestion 4. Italian Government raise no difficulty as to the re-drafting of paragraph one. As regards paragraph two they also consider it somewhat harsh to make an individual responsible for damages occasioned by operations approved by the permanent Commission. They ask whether His Majesty's Government will suggest another text for paragraph one, and what they would propose to substitute for paragraph two.

Resolution 103 suggestion 5. The omission of the word "other" before "tires or plants" in paragraph one (as implied in report) is agreed to. (not specified in despatch.)

Resolution 104 suggestions 11 and 12. If the conditions of Article 10 are deferred, to which the Italian Government are quite ready to agree, they think suggestion 10 should be similarly treated as 12 is dependent on 10.

Resolution No 10. If His Majesty's Government cannot agree to the fixing of the price for fuel by the Permanent

Commission the Italian Government are ready to drop the proposal.

Resolution No 30. The Italian Government will instruct the Italian local authorities that the question of the Ferry between Sestri and Genoa should be settled locally, ^{but} they inform us that, as a matter of fact, agreement has already been come to on the spot as regards this matter.

This exhausts the series of observations raised in your despatch. There is ~~however~~ one further point on which the sub-commissioners presenting the proposals adopted in Resolution No 21 failed to come to a definite conclusion, and that is at what depth the head-walls or irrigation banks or furrows should be placed on the bank and to what depth below zero the bed of the canal should be excavated.

As this question will remain open the Italian Government suggest that there should be a Technical Commission of Arbitrators to arrive at a final ~~decision~~ ^{decision}. The composition of such a Commission and the mode of procedure could be agreed upon ~~before~~ ^{as soon as} the principles of arbitration be agreed to by His Majesty's Government. In connection with this proposal it is further suggested that the British and Italian members of the Commission should at the same time make a survey of the banks of the river, which would enable the two governments

to come to a definite conclusion as to the best method of permanently fixing the boundary along the river, and to draw these conclusions in an exchange of Notes interpreting if necessary the protocol of March 24th 1891.

A consideration of the above observations on the part of the Italian Government in reply to those put forward by His Majesty's Government will reveal that there is little if any divergence of view on any essential question, with the exception of that raised in Resolution No 13, the consideration of which has been held in reserve. On this point it is obvious that the Italian Government feel very strongly and are convinced of the equity of their claim to have possession of the north bank of the mouth, notwithstanding the alteration in its configuration and the fact that the island has now broken through the sandy spit hitherto substantially isolated in the British Protectorate. I gather from your despatch that His Majesty's Government do not attach great importance to the retention as British territory of the land with in question. On the other hand a refusal to ascertain the Italian view or an indefinite postponement of our preparations to offer the submission as an act of grace and courtesy, thus making the Italian colony suffer by an act of nature which deprives them of the possession of the northern bank stipulated for in the protocol, would, I am sure,

3

create a feeling of disappointment and vexation here wholly
disproportionate to the value of the matter under dispute. I
feel it to be my duty to submit this aspect of the question
for your favourable consideration, and I venture to express
the hope that if any time the report and the contingent issues
may be dealt with as early a date as possible, as it is ex-
pected that a question on the subject of the Juba River will
be addressed to the Minister for Foreign Affairs not long
after the re-opening of Parliament which takes place tomorrow.

The enclosure to your despatch Africa No 11 of the
15th ultime is returned herewith.

I have the honour to be with the highest respects,

Sir,

Your very obedient,

Wm. H. Ward

(signed) Wm. H. Ward

20/10/76 2nd

DRAFT Tel. (for cipher) substance
captured &
sent back
Gerard 24/10
Nairobi 5pm

MINUTE

Mr Parkinson
Mr Read
Mr Piddon
Mr Cook
Mr G. Lewis
Lord Lonsdale
Mr Morrison

With reference to resolution
of the report enclosed
in your despatch of 12 Dec
780 I would have
decided to hand
over to Italian Govt.
without further delay
and split between
old and new members
of juba despatch
Bairout

7.07.16.78.80

~~2~~

DRAFT

U. S. of S.

70.

2 May 94.

MINUTE

Li

Mr. Parkinson Esq. I am to thank the receipt of
yesterday 23rd your letter No. 7772/11 of the
16th of May on the subject
of the report of the Anglo-
Italian Commission on
the future of the
amount £30. for the
info of Lee Sir E. P.
a copy of a despatch which
it has been addressed to
the Govt. of the S. of S. on the
matter.

2.

2. With ref. to your
letter N^o. 1649 of 11
of the 4^a. of May,
I want to state that
the Gov. of the Est.
has agreed to the
app. of the proposed
Technical commission
commission to
decide the level
for the irrigation
head works,
to request that
if it may be
ascertained from
the Italian Gov.
when it is proposed
to select as the
Italian representative
when it is proposed
to commence work.

707 16.78 205

340

DRAFT Est. Conf.

Mr. L. P. Giannini

25 May 1881.

MINUTE

H- Peckinpaugh
H- Reed 25
H- Fiddler, -
V- 2 with
H- -
H- -
H- Lame
Lame
Lame
~~Lame~~
Mr. Macomber

5
Date of. May 1st N^o. 272
of our No. 1. Received from
Government by you for your
info: a copy of a letter
from Mr. Ambrose
to Rane, to the S. G.
for Foreign Affairs in
the subject of the future
local negotiations.

2. River of about
in Remake Road

shak

stated in that letter.

I only decided to
hand over to the
Malvern Govt without
further delay the
said spit ~~which~~ which
~~had been formed~~
~~not long after~~
~~by the~~ between the old
in a few months of
the River. I have
already informed
you of this decision
in my duplicate
telegram of the
25th of May.

J. M.

70/1678 Est

311

DRAFT No 27

To Sir Alexander

25 May 20.

MINUTE

Mr Parkinson's - have to know back the
Read 23rd except of your telegram of 11th
Mr Fiddes
Mr Jones
(16/24) 20th of May & to demand
to you for your consent to
accompany us & F.O.
proceed with the Anglo Malvern
Commissioners Report to the
Parliament.

20/200/25
Par 9/200/25

No. 100000

16/24

16/25

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16/311

to receive your opinion
on the views expressed
by the Italian Government
in respect of the proposed
frontier arrangements.

(b) Resolution 13.

I am addressing to you
~~this~~
a separate communication
to you on this matter.

(c) Resolution 14.

The question of making
an alteration in the
wording of the Protocol
dated the 22nd of March
1891, to the effect that
the present course of the
River (excluding the mouth
of the river) be accepted as
a definite permanent
boundary does not call
for immediate decision.
There appears however
that to

~~the~~
that the view taken by
the Italian Govt. deserves
consideration. If at present
course of the River be
~~the~~ adopted, the
permanent boundary
to River may cut
new channel for itself
in the British side
of the frontier. In that
case a block of Italian
territory would intervene
between the River & British
territory, and if
it were cut a new
channel on the British
side of the frontier
then a block of British
territory would intervene
between the River &
Italian territory. A
stoppage would therefore
have to be made for
the

the free navigation of
the river in such an
eventuality.

might for a portion
of it be
~~subject~~ to be
territory & for another
portion entirely in British
no doubt a satisfactory
arrangement could be
arrived at in this ^{it appears to me} connection, but I am
provision that greater
difficulties might arise
in the matter of irrigation;
for instance, ^{an} intervening
block of Italian territory ^{cotton lands}
might deprive ~~the said~~ ^{the British}
of all access to the new
channel of the River for
irrigation purposes.

It would be good if
you would also consider
the proposal of the
British Government about

in Resolution 16 in the
light of these observations, 313
other outbut recommendations.

(d) Resolution 26:

In view of your telegram
N° 118 of the 15th of
May, no comment
is now required on the
question of suspending
~~or~~ arbitration Committee
to decide with regard
to irrigation headworks.

M