

DOMESTIC.

EAST AFF. FRUIT.

No.

11254

4254

PAGE 2 FEB 07

Individual.

Name: Anna Black

1907

Year:

Previous Paper.

M
39041/2

(Subject.)

Mr. H. N. Henderson

Asks for a full statement of the
 reasons why his services were so favored
 with

(Witness)

Mr. Read
 Farmer a few months ago
 M.C./2

See Anteced.

Brought a proposal by
 Ellis at the end of his trip -
 write?

Hedge

7/2

Days for consideration - see me
 as soon as -

File 11.2

at once

See Anteced.

I have passed the oft but I feel
 rather inclined to let the father have
 a copy of all our correspondence with his
 son that he draw his own conclusion

1903/13/2

Subsequent Paper.

H
19583

Mr. Ellis:

I much think we had better do as Mr. Cox proposes.

The letter which has been drafted does not represent quite correctly what took place. It was not "the greatest respect" that Mr. Henderson was allowed to urge. He began by calling upon you to take his resignation. He expected to advise that he might be allowed to resign, and he did advise that March 4th. You said that Mr. S. F. was inclined to let him do just this, but you did not consent with our first letter.

If you could withdraw
of the responsibility, and
the justice of his own
desertion from it,

Mr. Wm. H. D.

I understand the course proposed to be
not well calculated to satisfy Mr. Henderson.
I will want to know the indemnification
to him - whether it don't satisfy
However we may try him with
two letters to start with, the of facts
for the violence we can't refer to

and then we may follow a butterflies
own butterflies, & in various stages of development.

III 18/2

At any rate the correspondence
will show Col. Henderson that we
it is not the case that we
intended to this day that
these specimens had been so
placed with Col. Col. not
placed with Col. Col. We have
the Col. in about 1860 he
had been placed at
Washington and here it remained until

III 26/2

F.A.P. 4254

The story of Mr. Henderson is as follows. He was deputy Inspector General of Police in the East Africa Protectorate and was on leave in England when a despatch arrived from the Acting Commissioner (No. 588 of the 28th October 1905) stating that Mr. Henderson was very heavily in debt, and has been guilty of certain actions which, if not actually criminal, rendered it most undesirable that he should remain in the Protectorate. The details of his offences were given in a memorandum by the Treasurer enclosed in the despatch.

briefly they are

(1) An Indian firm, Soper and Dias, was pressing Mr. Henderson for payment of a debt of £100. To stave off legal proceedings he gave their lawyer, Mr. Myron, certificates to enable the latter to draw his salary for July and August 1905 (amounting to £66.13.4.). The July salary was duly paid to the lawyer, but before the August salary could be paid in the same way Mr. Henderson went to the Treasurer and alleging - falsely - that he had arranged matters with the lawyer, obtained payment of his salary.

After this Mr. Henderson was again pressed for the money and gave Soper and Dias a cheque for Rs.800 which was dishonoured on presentation. An action was brought against him and judgment given against him and his pay attached by order of the Court in satisfaction.

(2) The Treasurer added that he was informed by the Assistant Liwali or Arab magistrate of Mombasa that Mr. Henderson had been indebted to them continuously for the past three or four years in various sums; the debt then

then (October 1905) amounting to Rs.3700 (£247). On one occasion Mr. Henderson tendered a cheque to the Liwali which was dishonoured, though after some trouble it was ultimately cashed.

(3) The Treasurer was also informed that Mr. Henderson had borrowed Rs.1600 from a Swahili Khanis Mohamed and still owed him Rs.400.

(4) On the date of his departure ~~from Madras~~ ^{for Europe} Mr. Henderson borrowed Rs.1500 from a German, a slight acquaintance of his, giving as security post-dated life certificates, which as the ^{acted} Treasurer pointed out were no security at all.

(5) Mr. Henderson told the Treasurer on leaving for England to contradict any rumours as to his indebtedness, as he had paid everyone through his lawyer Mr. Parkinson ^{acting}. The Treasurer however ascertained from Mr. Parkinson that this was not the case, the sum given to him being quite inadequate to discharge Mr. Henderson's debts.

(6) Before leaving ~~England~~ ^{for}, the Treasurer stated, Mr. Henderson issued several cheques on the National Bank of India, though he had no account there.

On this we wrote to Mr. Henderson on 27th November stating that Mr. Lyttelton had learnt that "you are not only heavily indebted to various persons in the East Africa Protectorate but are also charged with issuing cheques on a bank where you had no account and with other actions which disqualify you for further service under the Government of the Protectorate. Mr. Lyttelton has accordingly no option but to call upon you to tender your resignation".

"Replies"

Replying on 28th November Mr. Henderson said that

- (1) He did owe money to a considerable extent.
- (2) The money had been paid off now.
- (3) It was never more than £250.
- (4) He had asked the Inspector General of Police whether he need resign on account of his indebtedness, and was told not to do so.
- (5) As to the dishonoured cheque - (he only refers to one case ~~but~~ there were several) he said that he wrote to the Manager offering security for the overdraft, but the cheque had already been dishonoured.
- (6) His indebtedness was due to his having started a pack of falsehoods !!
- (7) He "most humbly requested that he might be allowed to resign instead of being dismissed".

Replying on the 8th of December 1905 we accepted the resignation as from that date.

On 11th October 1906 he applied for further employment under the Colonial Office but was told there was no hope.

I should answer Colonel Henderson quite shortly, saying that his son had admittedly become and remained for years indebted in considerable sums to various persons, including natives and Indians in the Protectorate, and that in at least one case a debt of his became the subject of legal proceedings, and judgment was entered against him in the Courts of the Colony.

That such a state of things was obviously incompatible with his retention of his appointment as a police officer, and that in accordance with the usual

practice of the Colonial service, he had incurred the penalty of dismissal; but that at Mr. Henderson's earnest request he was allowed to resign, instead of suffering the disgrace of dismissal.

We need say nothing about the charges of issuing bogus cheques and defrauding Messrs. Souza and Dias, as even if they were disproved he could not be reinstated.

W.D.E.

A/2

135

preferable to diminish & affect
less unfavorably his future
prospects. I was abroad at
the time and he was unable
to consult me. W. Henderson
has never behaved any dis-
honest or unnatural way - The
only opinion I have had
has consequently never been
able to combat any charges
W. may have been made against
him. It is quite true that
W. Henderson had got into
debt and shortly before
his leaving Africa I sent him
a bill amounting equal to Rs. 2000
to enable him to meet his
own pressing liability
I cannot think that his debts
were the cause & reason for the
so harsh step
of having taken no dinner money
he was taken no dinner money
as far as I
can learn did not affect
service in organizing the
manning the East African
& under these circum-
stances especially as he was
the first being the only
Government Servant who
had owned

money in the Balancing Account
held throughout his service
must have been the result
of other & greater causes as W.
was never behind against him
& W. he has not been given
an opportunity to refute
it. I therefore ask
that a full statement of
his case be submitted to me
to enable me to judge what
course it would be advisable
to pursue in the future. I am
a Government Servant myself
having 30 years service in the
Indian Imperial Service
at present I hold the
rank of Colonel. I mention
this as an evidence to you
I claim that a full statement
of my Son's case be submitted
to me for my information
equidance.

I have the honor to be
Yours undoubtless most
obedient Servant
W. H. Henderson Col: I.M.S.

~~10~~ 5 AM
4254

19
12

436

DRAFT

Mr. Wm. Henderson
Esq.

MINUTE

Received 10/2
1876

Mr. Adderley 10/2

Mr. Collyer

Mr. Evans

Mr. Graham

Sir M. Drummond

Mr. Churchill

The Earl of Elgin

for me further minute
on further minute

(7 Nov 1876)

Received 17 Nov
(4254)

Handed 28 Nov
(4253)

To Dr 8 PM

19/2/19 February 1877

Dr

In reply to your
order of the 23rd of
January, I am directed
by the Earl of Elgin to
transmit to you the
accompanying copy of the
correspondence which
passed between the
Colonial Office and
Mr. Wm. Henderson
on account of his
representation of the
native tribes
in the name of the
East African Protection

RCG