

EAST AFR. PROT.

C. O.  
15168

No. 15168

30 APR 08.

*S. A. Pratt*

No. 1  
Order 27

(Subject.)

1908

2 April

Dances - salar - Tabona Railway

Copy contains copy transport of materials. Has appended draft of Mr. Curries reply to Mr. Hauragordato; to state S/S affairs.

Last previous paper.  
at 110  
1908-9-5

(Minutes)

Mr. Antedus.  
After all the Gumar Co. (backed by the State) are proposing a railway to compete with our line to Pea Lake Victoria. See map on which I have marked the route in red ink. It will take a long time to make, & in the meantime we must endeavour to carry these materials at the normal rate, but there is no reason why we should concede a special rate which will not pay for it. Mr. C. & some of his friends would like to see a paper on this subject. I have written a paper on this subject. I have written a paper on this subject. I have written a paper on this subject.

1/4  
Subsequent paper

I was told some

line of Great Horned Osprey,  
as the result of his visit to  
East Africa, had expressed  
the opinion that the wisest  
course w<sup>d</sup> be for the German  
Govt to make their railway  
to Lake Tanganyika and  
then Lake Victoria to our  
Nigeria Railway. But  
this opinion has not been  
yet been adopted.

July 25 + 26  
for Cairo C.E.T.

J.H.S.  
30.4

811

15168

REF  
30 APR 08East Africa Protectorate

Confidential (27)

Tombura Office 234

Khartoum  
2 April 1908

My Lord,

In submitting the enclosed correspondence regarding the transport of material for the Der-es-salaam - Jibora Railway, I have the honor to report that I have approved L<sup>ie</sup> Currie's draft reply to L<sup>ie</sup> Harrogordato and I trust this will meet with Your Lordship's approval.

2 We cannot refuse to carry the German Railway material, at the same time we are not anxious to see a connection laid down between Jibora and the Victoria Nyanga, which although temporarily for the transport of material, L<sup>ie</sup> Currie is right in assuming will be there to stay.

Principal Secretary of State  
for the Colonies

Downing

London

S.W.

3. I therefore do not see why we should necessarily reduce the rate for ton for the carriage of this material, to the rate which we should be willing to quote for the same material carried on the proposed extension of our Railway system to the Lake Albert.

4. In any way this is a question which will come up for determination later on. In the meanwhile I am of opinion that Mr Curran is right in offering Mr Hodgkirk the assistance he has at the rates proposed.

I have the honour to be  
with the highest respect  
My Lord,

Your Lordship's most Obedient  
humble Servant

J. Grey

15168

20 APR 68

With reference to...

Your letter of...

All your proposals... my letter I...  
I have agreed and my staff reply.

The primary aim is to...  
It should be the intention to build a...

...that line is laid it will not be...  
...and...

...will have direct...  
...on the line.

...is...  
...that is...

...should be...  
...40,000...

At the same time...  
...that I...

...it will cost this to carry  
the staff.

...on 75,000 tons =

...it is possible that so

...at the rate of...

...should be...

...as I...

...and...

...the risk of...



Inclusion in East Africa Protectorate  
Confidential (77) 28 Oct 1908

PHILIPP HOLZMANN & Co.

Gesellschaft mit beschränkter Haftung

No.  
147.

Frankfurt A.M., Den 23. Februar 1908.

Dear Mr. Currie,

Since having had the pleasure of meeting you in October 1905 in East Africa, after having completed my survey for the extension of the Darassalas-Morogoro railway to Tabora, I have spent most of my time surveying the country between the above mentioned railway and the Nyasa-Tanganika alignment. In the meanwhile the line in construction as far as Morogoro has been opened to traffic, with the result of deciding the home authorities to extend the railway as quickly as possible to Tabora. The building Company Messrs. Philipp Holzmann & Co., G.M.B.H., to which I belong, is pretty sure of being put in charge of this extension and is making arrangements to complete the work in the shortest time possible. One of the alternatives is to begin by laying a temporary line from Tabora to Mwanza or to some favorable spot on the South coast, probably below Jnara Kwa Pambani. The distance from there to Tabora is about 150 miles. This would allow the building Company to begin the staking out of the line from Morogoro to Tabora at each extremity at a time. The length of line to be laid from Tabora eastwards would also be about 150 miles. The rails, iron sleepers, rolling stock and other building materials (tools, iron bridges, cement, etc.,) would have to be brought to the lake terminals by your railway and steamer. I hardly think that your steamers could reach the railway pier on the South coast and in order to avoid an expensive transshipment it would probably be more advantageous to load the staking out and other materials in bulk at Port Florence and to tow them or tow them alongside your steamers as far as Mwanza from where a tug boat would tow them to the staking pier. The rails will be thirty three tons, rather inconvenient to handle for

H.A.P. Currie, Esq.,  
Nyanza-Tanganika Railway,  
P.O. Box 1, Mwanza.

ships' cargo and probably for this reason also would it be more convenient to run them in barges at Fort Florence. The final decision about the adoption of this building-plan depends on the freights and that your railway steamers would charge for conveying the above mentioned goods to the German coast of the lake. The weight of the rails and sleepers for 380 miles amounts to about 25,000 tons (120 tons for each kilometer). Including rolling stock and fittings the weight would reach 35,000 tons. Other building materials would amount to 10,000 tons, which would make a total of at least 45,000 tons to be carried by your rails and steamers.

Half of this tonnage must be delivered to the German coasts of the lake in ten months after the first start. The other half in the following twelve months.

I should be very much obliged to you for your opinion about this scheme and for information about the freights for the above mentioned different classes of building materials, as well as for any barges and tug boats, that we should have to supply, in case your means of transport on the lake should not be sufficient for our purpose.

This way of building is certainly a very onerous one and it is doubtful if the great expense occasioned by it would be compensated by the gain of time on the alternative of adopting the harbour of Darassalan for landing all building materials and plant, and building the line from the east entirely by rail.

Considering the big tonnage which has to be carried by your rails, we hope that it will be possible for you to charge freights considerably below the ordinary ones charged by your railway for the same class of goods.

I also presume that transit goods from Namassa or Kilindini to the German coast of the lake, will not have to pay any custom duties. Would you please advise me about this possibility.

I shall possibly be leaving for Berlin this year. I shall be glad to hear from you. Please send me your address. I shall be glad to hear from you. Please send me your address. I shall be glad to hear from you. Please send me your address.

(6)

249

Use, G.M.P.M., Francorp on Main, and mention in your letter that  
it is an answer to mine.

With k. as

Yours sincerely,

1st/ - M. S. Myrogorodov.

(0)

*Business in East Africa to be treated  
confidential (27) 2 April 1948*

15168  
20 APR 08

Dear Mr. Inverarity,

In reply to your letter dated 25th  
last, regarding the carriage of railway  
material to Britis Sound on the Inverarity - Mombasa  
railway, I am glad to hear that you have  
made your arrangements for the carriage of material  
which can take 450 to 500 tons of weight.

Our cranes are 30 feet high and  
will be no difficulty in loading and unloading  
of 33 feet in length.

Our derricks are capable of lifting loads  
up to 5 tons and we could easily deliver your machinery,  
tools etc, at Britis Sound as fast as you could dispose  
of it there.

I can not locate the place you mention on  
the Sound but if your firm decides to send your  
material to Mombasa we could easily arrange either to  
select a site on the Sound accessible to the cargo  
boat - which draws about 7' 6" fully loaded - or to  
unload the material into 11' tugs at Mombasa.

As regards freights the rate for this class  
of material is "Intermediate" i.e. about 15/- per  
ton Mombasa to Mombasa and I can not quote anything  
lower than that.

Goods in the port of Mombasa are  
not cleared Customs duty as they are not  
subject charge.

Gov  
15/68/55

E. A.P.

12  
13

DRAFT.

E. A.P. Confidential

3 May 68

Gov  
Sadler.

Sir,

- MINUTE. 6/5 Recd of
- Mr. Noall 12/5
  - Mr. Ellis 11/5/55
  - Mr. Jupp
  - Mr. Andrews
  - Mr. Cox
  - Sir C. Lucas
  - Mr. E. Hopwood
  - Mr. Churchill
  - The Earl of Elgin

I have to honour to acknowledge the receipt of your Conf. doc. N. 27 of the 2nd of April on the subject of the transport of copies of the material for the German Rly from Das-co-salcaen to Taborn, & to inf. you that I approve the terms of the doc. & to M<sup>r</sup> Harragordato by W. Curial which formed the last link to your doc.