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THE EAST

Weekly Edition

African Standard

MOMBASA TIMES & UGANDA "ARGUS"

The Oldest Established Newspaper published in E. E. Africa and Uganda.

Official Organ of the

E. A. Automobile Association.

Editorial Office, Nairobi, Kenya.

NAIROBI, SATURDAY, JANUARY 31, 1920

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PHENOMINAL BARGAINS IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.

The famous "Crown-pore Twill" white, single socks no collar, a material that will stand frequent washings and invariably remain in first day use for office wear, home wear, and comfortable and sanitary, Rs. 4.00 each.
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Coi'r Dove Mats,
Heavy quality coir
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Size 16 x 24 Price Rs. 15/-

26" x 14"	2.75	2.50
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Check Gleason Bros. in
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Electrical Equipment
and the prices.

For all the best
S.P. EQUIPMENT
see the

Whiteaway Laidlaw & Co. Ltd.



The "Alice" Riding Crop.

A model Crop for Boys or Girls. A leather strap with leather ends to carry the crop, two silver buttons on leather when needed. The leather strap splits at the middle to throw back when not required and allow room for the same decoration. Made in various colors and leather combinations to the customer. Rs. 30 and up.

Sale Price, Rs. 10.00 and 12.

Colorado No. 8 Carpet.

An all round price for the house, both bedrooms and hall. Contains a heavy pile and good quality. Colors are blue, green, red, yellow, orange, grey, pink, and white. Made in various sizes and thicknesses of various colors. Sale Price, Rs. 2.50 per yard.

Sale Price, Rs. 2.00 per yard.



THE "EVER WHIRL."

White Cotton Standard
Woolen. Made of
American Wool. Size 120 x 120
Rs. 1.50 per dozen.
Sale Price Rs. 1.00 per dozen.

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Whittemore Hair Bows
has improved the appearance
and growth of the hair
which is in great demand
now. Used from

Rs. 4.50
Sale Price Rs. 2.50.

Whiteaway Laidlaw & Co. Ltd.



THE SIXTH AVENUE STORE,
NAIROBI AND KAMPALA.

CHAMPION" DIP.

Representative Rhodesian Cattle Breeders Say About It.
West. Mafinga, Co-President of the Rhodesian General "Dip," says: "I am very satisfied with the Champion Dip so far. It made a real difference in Ontario, especially as far as the East African Log Tick is concerned."

Sabing, Bolwer, the big practitioner at the Johannesburg show, says: "I find the Champion quite the best dipping fluid available and I have used it for many years. Log Tick there is no other like it and in the past."

Stanley, Victoria: "I find your dip satisfactory, and trust you will do well with it." Leggate, Hartley, President of the Rhodesian Union: "I have just received 12 cases of your Champion Dip from the Farmers' Dip. Dip, are supper strong. Rhodesian industry, always increasing what you can add to your dip, it was first produced by us. We are the only firm producing Dip in South Africa."

M. L. C. Umstall: "I have had your dip for a week and have been pleased with it. It destroys the Log Tick. Wishing you all success with your new venture. It is certainly good."

You think you ought to be using Champion Dip and saving over 50% of your dipping costs.

For R.O.B. my station Apply:-
JEN WACK & SHEPHERD, Ltd.,
P. O. Box 487.
NAIROBI.

One to 200 gallons yields a solution testing 16% Oxide which is the stronger recommended in for weekly dipping.

Induced by the leading merchants on the East Coast whorespear does not accept it please refer direct to

INDUCED ARSENIC RHODESIAN, Limited
producers of
Champion Arsenic Cattle Dip, Arsenite of Soda, Liquid (Champion Brand), Arsenite and Metalite for Medicine, Champion Dip Inserter.

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Wholesale Distributing Agents.
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at the Works, Champion Mills, Ustal.

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KEMBRIE, KENYA.
ARMERITE OF SODA, 50%

Up to the right about:

H. G. GABRIEL,

NAIROBI

Just another shipment of the famous
erry Roger's French Brandy" has arrived.
Phala Brandy
that many varieties of Liquids are placed
before the public "Liquor of Brandy" but.

ny Roger's Medical Reserve

is the real
Eau de Vie
look on your stockkeeper selling you
From Roger's
through the retailers profits may be less
on the superior Brandy.

*Sale Agent
Gilliat, Clay House, Nairobi, P. O. Box 106.*

**COOPERATIVE BUYING
Case for Organisations in South Africa**

Having regard to the right of every man to buy his own cattle, the East African Standard is of the opinion that he should be entitled to do so if he so desires. This article, dealing with the "South African Dairymen," should be of interest to those of readers who are engaged in co-operative buying.

The whole of the Power created by the prime movers goes into the Cultivation it is in the Fowler Cable System. This is why the System was invented, over sixty years ago.

It utilises Unclaimed Land to the most complete and perfect extent.

Seed Bed. Implements are used with it for Seeding, Inter-

Cultivating, Trenching, Draining, Scouring, &c.

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Post Office Notice

The Postmaster-General is prepared to consider tender for the conveyance of mail by motor van between Thika and Nyeri as from the 1st of May of next.

Mails may be required to be conveyed between these places either twice or thrice weekly in either direction. The average weight of each mail to be conveyed from Thika is approximately 500 lbs, and in the opposite direction the average weight is approximately 90 lbs. For further particulars apply to the Postmaster-General's Office.

Tenders to reach the Postmaster-General not later than 12 noon on the 31st, of March 1928. No lower or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

A. E. HUDSON,

KERICHO
LABOUR AGENT.

LUMHWA - LABOUR Supplied, in gangs of 10 or more, at Rs. 11 per head, including meals or dormitory, railway fares (as far as Nairobi), one blanket per man, and ponos for journey.

KIGUY - LABOUR at Rs. 14 per head, inclusive, as above.

Special Terms for Large Orders and Regular Customers.

EAST AFRICAN STANDARD.

PALMERS appears in
Nairobi.

TRADE AND FAIR TRADE

TRANSPORTATION

TRADE AND

OUR LONDON LETTER

Report of E. A. Steel
Premier.

SETTLERS AT ST. PANCASIA

London, November 26

From the proceedings of the first Annual General Meeting of the British Settlers in London, 1 October, that strong representations were made against the use of military parades—“to the discomfiture of an important number of us,” still noting the British Colonies with colonial representation.

Another thought considering the financial position of the Colony was that only £1,000 could be afforded by the settlers for the last allotted sum that the settlers were given “a very good time” in the “Colonial Games” had left and so have the “Mary Jones”.

The “Mary Jones” was given in token of humble thanksgiving for the preservation of the Empire.

The King, however, did not appear to his people in all parts to hold religious services on Remembrance Day and also to respond to it as a day of prayer.

OFF TO B.E.A.

Leave took originally when the departing settlers were proceeding on a long tour, may usually be considered a sound business. There is no reason why it should not be so, however, after the departure of the regular settlers on route for the interior. The settlers who had been in Nairobi during the week end, especially interested in Tilbury Park, were, however, later informed of records that indicated the station presented other endeavours to second the idea of a leave of absence. This, however, may be due to the fact that the station is situated in a more or less mountainous region and requires a great deal of time to make up for the loss of time.

The gold shielded returning officials who had been away for a week past, and young ladies carried umbrellas and boomer sticks with a nonchalance that might well indicate that they were hardy girls troopers rather than members of the fair sex. The girls, however, were leaving in favour of “Deli, falls and plains now,” the shores of the Old World, for the first time. They were a general cross-section of all

types pervading the whole party.

THE NIGHT MAN.

The old soldier sitting there gave the impression that he was a man of few words, but who really understood and taken into account in his work the needs of the defence of his country. He was a man of few words, but a man of action every day.

Then, at home, the old soldier sat down to rest from his work. At the end of the day he was ready for his bed.

“Mary Jones” was the question from the old soldier a picture of two rounds has been painted of the people, but the old soldier said, “I am not one for himself.”

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Soldier Soldier

The above American was now formed to be the most unique Central African animal ever seen in Europe. It was said that the soldier was discovered by Harry Johnson many years ago, and he has been

African and produced interwarred Colonial Army. Under command of the British Government, he was sent to the continent to pay attention to the arrival of the soldiers.

Mr. F. J. Scott, ex-adjoint engineer, proposed to take

3. To approach and the general interests of all soldier community

4. To co-operate and co-operation for the supply of supplies and materials.

5. To endeavor to the interest of the League in terms of Relief.

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SPANISH CARUSO

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The following night, in “Piano Concerto” (London), and in “The English Leather” (Paris). “Piano Concerto” was well received, while “The English Leather” was well received, but the audience was not very large.

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In Case You

Don't Know

CEARN'S LIMITED.

HAVE IN STOCK:

	Rs. cts. Rs. cts.
Draughts Men	2 50 to 3 00
Boards	1 50 .. 3 00
Chess Men	6 50 .. 8 50
Boards	1 50 .. 3 00
Dominoes	6 50 .. 9 00
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Penknives	2 00 .. 7 50
Hair Clippers	10 50
Gillette Razors	14 50
Blades	per doz. 3 00
Autostrop Razors	14 50
Blades	per doz. 4 00
Y.S.C. Razors	12 50
Blades	per doz. 2 50

All Less 10% For Cash.

CARRIAGE PAID.

Cearn's Limited.

Nairobi's Leading Outfitters.

"For the Highway and the Byway,
The Airway and the Fairway."

An Oil that Circulates
Everywhere.

C. C. Wakefield & Company's,
"CASTROL."

Sole Agents in :—

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NEWLAND, TARTON Co., Ltd.

Branches at :—

Zanzibar, Dar-es-Salaam, Mombasa, Nairobi, Nakuru, and Kampala.

FORD Castrol. Rs. 7-50 per gallon.

Specially prepared for use in a Ford Engine.

C. W. Castrol. Rs. 7-50 per gallon.

A practically Carbonless Oil.

Specially compounded and recommended for the following Cars :—

Buick, Hupmobile, Overland, Vauxhall, G.W.K., etc.

C. Castrol. Rs. 7-50 per gallon.

The finest Oil obtainable for Motor Cycles, and for Cars requiring a heavy Bodied Oil.

Gear Ease. Rs. 8-50 per 7 lb. Tin.

Castrol—for Gear Box and Back Axle. The Gears work with perfect ease. It follows the teeth; does not cut into tracks. Contains no Water, Acid, Alkali, or Artificial Thickening.

THE MOST ECONOMICAL OIL ON THE MARKET

SIMPLY WORK FOR
WOMEN AT HOME

LEAGUE OF MERCY

Excellent Work Done by Lady
Marylebone Home

Girls' Dress or Party Frock

A pretty dress frock has been chosen for our fashion catalogues. I think you will all fall in love with it. At once here it is in its sketch for it shows an elegant combination of ornaments and simplicity. The pretty lace edging and the most round neck to fashion will also your dress are becoming to every girl of girl; and should you like to do something just a wee bit different for some of the occasions mentioned, it is easy to alter it and even beautify the dress by adding a lace ruff or collar. Of course all house is a strip of cloth slightly edged under the neck edge, and then drawn up with a ribbon at the opposite edge to fit the chart.



The making of this frock is exceptionally simple, and if you like you can convert it into a number of different styles. The skirt is in two pieces, joined up the sides. It has a tiny placket at the back and a hem at the lower edge. It is gathered into a Magyar bodice which has just two seams (one under each arm) and seamstresses for added security (these dresses are sometimes subject to a fair amount of wear and tear, remember) the whole is mounted on a well-fitted lining bodice fastened inside with a prettily bound waistband.

In the matter of trimming the garment let us give our judgment, because of all kinds of silk and ribbons, lace, etc., nothing seems to fit. If the colour of the dress does not harmonize with the rest of the outfit, it is better to have a very pretty idea. It is better to have a cluster of silk grapes or a bunch of violets.

You may easily make dresses, gowns, and trimmings, and embroidery, unless you have much time, which the above sketches clearly show how to do. There are many ways of doing a silk dress, and the more you do, the better you will get, either by copying designs, as it is suggested, the dress taken off, or of all material. The pattern can be had for 1/- post free.

Latest London Fashion Goods

Very short skirts and tight stockings are still in favour, despite the cold weather, and furs appear in the winter coat, combined with the variety of materials. Never has winter been so expensive.

Doublets and fitted side girdles are now in style. The newest creation seems to be over the top, a doublet with a wide belt, and a wide belt with a large bow, yet very smart, and a great variety of colours.

Coats with a belt are still in style, with a belt and a wide belt, and a wide belt with a large bow, yet very smart, and a great variety of colours.

The girls of the present in the I should be used to do the best for the paper "Facts" - Department of Education. Small packets in every envelope with the address of the paper "Facts" - Department of Education. Small packets in every envelope with the address of the paper "Facts" - Department of Education.

ANNUAL REPORTS

At the annual general meeting of the League of Mercy and the Lady Marylebone Home, held on Monday, the annual reports and financial statements were read of both bodies.

Under the heading of charitable work it was announced that:

The Colchon Society are paying £60 per annum, to three orphan girls who are being brought up in a school in South Africa.

A family in the country were allowed £100 per month the father being a pensioner invalid. Payment of £100 per month was subsequently granted by Government, and the sum provided the family with decent clothing and money for incidental expenses.

Two orphan children have been provided with clothes and their holiday expenses paid.

A mother and child were kept at the Convalescent Home, until such time as passage was secured by the Government for the child.

Three bills were paid for an invalid body as he was unable to work for a considerable period.

Rent was paid for a widow woman for some months, until other arrangements made for her.

Fare was being paid for two children at the Home.

A widow was helped to buy a bicycle.

Clothes have been given to many persons who need them, and the remainder have been sold and two or three children clothed with the proceeds.

Nursing fees were paid for a woman who was unable to care for herself.

Accommodation and nursing fees were paid for a maternity case.

A hospital account was paid for a woman who underwent an operation and needed attention and drugs for some time afterwards.

School fees and board are paid for a child.

The care of grave in both the old and new cemeteries had been made a strong point by the League, and the committee had been visited regularly each week.

The League expressed their thanks to numerous people for help extended particularly to the disabled.

It was stated that work done for the disabled and sickly was to be continued, and the work of the League would be greatly hampered.

The financial statement showed a balance in hand of £6,000-21.

FREE HOME

The first annual report of the Lady Marylebone Home stated last night that the League of Mercy had decided to institute the Home, that Mrs. Harris most generously offered the Committee the use of a partly furnished building in Fort Hall Road, Portland, for a period of at least six months as a temporary Home, and this offer the Committee and financial advisers generally accepted.

On August 16, the Home was started. Mrs. Elizabeth Hamilton was appointed Matron-in-charge. By September 1, there were nine little bottles at the Home. Up to December 31, the number of children taking charge of was 25. Of these several were half-bred while their mothers were in hospital, the Home thus filling a long-felt want, as it proved a great convenience to the many relatives of the cases, and a constant source of comfort.

In October, a boy was found necessary to assist in the accommodation, and after inquiry was made, Mr. Harris very kindly finding all the children required, whilst most of the most considerable, another boy made a present to the Home of five hundred sovereigns.

The Home was formally opened on November 4 by Sir Edward Sir Edward Sherriff in the presence of a large number of well-wishers who all brought a welcome contribution to the Home's capital at the time of its opening, the Committee were most pleased.

The Home is now in full working order, and the children are well fed and well clothed, and the

E. AFRICAN STANDARD

How the Exchange Happens
Developed

COLONIAL INTERVIEWED

Mr. Percy Molteno introduced recently to Colonial Secretary, Under-Secretary of State for the Colonies, at the Colonial Office a delegation of colonial producers comprising Lord Cranworth, Sir William Gwynne Evans, Mr. H. R. Holt, Mr. John Smith, Mr. H. M. Hauberg, as representing some of the largest plantations in East Africa, to point out the critical position in which the industry was now placed owing to the present high rupee exchange and to ascertain what steps the Government proposed to adopt to mitigate the financial strain arising therefrom.

It was pointed out by Mr. E. B. Holt, chairman of the B.E.A. Firms and Industrial Company, that the present of the rupees in British East Africa arises from the fact that the Uganda Railway was built almost entirely by imported Indian labour, which resulted in the introduction into East Africa of the Indian rupee for trading purposes, where it has remained ever since.

For over 12 months rupee exchange has been steadily rising from the normal rate of 16/-, or 15/- to the very erratic figure of 26/-, which represented an increase of 62 per cent., and as British East Africa itself was almost wholly sold in London the resulting loss in remitting money to enable operations to be carried on was obvious.

It is possible to explain, to return money to the Union of South Africa and Rhodesia, where labour and conditions are analogous to those in British East Africa and where British currency prevails at 10 per cent. whilst in British East Africa with rupee currency the rate for remitting a big sum out.

Colonial Secretary said he had realized the difficulties in developing the Protectorates with such an exchange. He agreed that

it was necessary for Government action to be taken, and that required measures were being adopted and he hoped world-wide that we get help in carrying out our objects.

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It is possible, he explained, to return money to the Union of South Africa and Rhodesia, where labour and conditions are analogous to those in British East Africa and where British currency prevails at 10 per cent. whilst in British East Africa with rupee currency the rate for remitting a big sum out.

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W. DUNDAS SMITH & CO.

WATCH FOR THE DATE

SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

On Salisbury Road,

Including Dining-room Furniture, Bedroom Furniture, Bedsteads, Pillows, Mattresses, and all necessary Dressing Tables, &c., Kitchen Utensils, including Dover Stove, &c., and a Piano.

W. DUNDAS SMITH & CO., Auctioneers

FOR SALE.

Appx. 3,000 pairs Uncle Gikos, 12 miles from Elsden, suitable for sale. Many named in England or S. Africa, for example Cheltenham Hotel, Apparels, 20 acres forest, 20 acres land, 20 acres office in bearing, fruit trees, water laid, Farmhouse, Price and Terms on Application.

Money accepted in England or South Africa.

CARPENTER & CO. Land and Estate Agents, Auctioneers

created by the depression town; and I contend ought to receive the enhanced value.

Whatever form of adoption I shall see the those most able to bear INDIAN DANCE.

The better has been question and it must be the new Council as far as the bazaar fails to meet requirements. The biditions have been the usual outcome of plague in the deaths of Europe and native. New towns going up everywhere in spite of the utmost importance of the bid and application of possible.

TOWN IMPROVEMENTS.

The drains of Native a cleaning jobs to be visited the country. Drained their efforts to those about them to be seen in the leading covered areas to connect them with cable. The Native Standard Bank is a

A third great and created bidding agency of human character, the administration for the family is the chief consideration, man and wife, and at the base of every other society known. It is the family and not the individual which is the real unit of human society.

At the present time buildings in Nairobi as practically a standard, and with the financing of the municipality, will be faced with a housing famine.

Whatever may be done for hotels and boarding houses, they are not suitable as a permanent residence for the family, and such a life is not conducive to the moral and social well-being of the family.

Therefore if I returned to the council I should advocate that the municipality build houses on crown and residential roads.

The suggestion of Glasgow has been before the people, and it has proved a source of income to the rates, and satisfaction to the citizens.

TAXATION.

It is a matter of common knowledge that additional revenue must be raised to carry on the different departments of the municipality. The means by which this revenue must be raised are of the most important all tax papers.

As an example of the taxation of land values, that is to say, a tax on unoccupied land, the tax has been adopted in the Old Country.

It is a power of the government to levy a tax on the value of land, and the tax has been adopted in the Old Country.

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PER PLANTERS

to the E. A.
Convention

C2 AND POLITICS

A meeting of the C.O.P. was held on the New Year's Day at the Convention Hall, Nairobi. Mr. Andrew Boustead, Mr. George Taylor, Collings-Wells, Mr. O'Hagan, Major Parker, Secretary, Mr. Andrew Smith, one of the last general speakers taken at read, the discussion which followed was as follows:

Major Parker, Collings-Wells, Mr. Andrew Smith,

Taylor, O'Hagan, Great,

Howell, with Mr. Munro

draw attention to the poor

way it was known, that the

were to be discussed.

Collings-Wells, mentioned

it was resolved to leave

the Convention of Am-

endment on the agenda over this

Convention, whether it

is mentioned or not, and if im-

portant

expressed the opinion

that the Convention

should be carried

modified form, and that the

negotiation with it should be

continued.

Collings-Wells was very strongly

in favour of the Convention continuing;

a sort of second chamber

to be a guide to the members

of the Council.

He thought the subscriptions

were rendering the Conven-

tion a success. He also thought

the Convention should be left in the hands

of the Government.

O'Hagan's suggestion is very

good in order that the C.P.L.'s

will attend the Convention

and express their views to each other,

which would be a meeting of

the Convention.

He also suggested that the Com-

mittee of the Convention should

be increased for an

ordinary session.

OUR BUREAU.

After much discussion the C.O.P.

proposed that the C.P.L.

should be represented by a labour agent.

It was asked by the committee

whether the C.P.L. could do

nothing else than be a labour

agent.

He should be a man who

had a car and his working

expenses, travelling expenses,

etc., etc. He also had to call on

politicians, public men, and

members, both in Kenya

and Mombasa, and correspond-

ence should be maintained, not

so as to bring up the cost of

another agent.

One agent will

do a month's work

and receive

expenses of, say, 10/- per day

for 10 days.

This agent will

be paid by the C.P.L.

and the C.P.L. will

pay him 10/- per day.

It was agreed that the C.P.L.

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THE STANDARD SNAPSHOT COMPETITION.



Prize photo
S. M. K. M. S.
Mombasa



Prize photo
S. M. K. M. S.
Mombasa



Prize photo

MANAI NGOMA



J. A. Clark, London
Prize photo
Castles and Mercury at the fancy dress ball on the Ganty Castle

G. Irvine.



THE FALL OF THE HAMIDI BEHU.

H. P. Foss, Nairobi



THE MEALII FIRE GADGET

H. P. Foss, Nairobi

general council proposed a vote of no confidence in the Native Political Council at the Native Assembly held yesterday afternoon, T. J. Wood presided.

Abseance of the President (C. G. H. Anderson), Mr. H. H. Headstone, said his health was failing.

As President, I have much regretting the fact that our Native Political Association

was formed in Durban a time when we were under most severe financial difficulties. We had less than a per cent of state, or nearly five years ago, re-considering all local holding at a standstill all progress.

had for many years held the formation for a short time in the country, which I am glad to observe a few more members, Mr. Headstone and Mr. W. A. Wardle, the approval of your general meetings, as reported nominally by Mr. Headstone the Governor as members of the Legislative Council, for the special purpose of assisting the Legislative Council. Your meetings took an active part in the discussion, and the Bill was passed at the meeting with the unanimous approval of the country.

These important matters as which your association has so far been engaged, and interest has more than justified the formation of your association, and I trust your work has gained public approval.

What we have now taken the first steps towards ultimate self-government, the success of future administration depends largely on the manner in which the various complex questions of the country are handled.

The supervision of these questions, and of the members who are chosen to represent the country depends on our associations who must hold a watch over behalf of our people.

In conclusion, I trust that all members of the association who have given so much time and thought for the cause well.

The coming year will be one of anxiety and trial, but we have every reason to hope that our efforts will be rewarded.

The conclusion of the Native Government and control of the Native Affairs Council.

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seen to provide advice. On the subject of the Constitution it is to be hoped that our delegates will be sent to represent your interests.

In forming estimates for subscriptions to the Convention, all members have been asked to make a contribution, and as in the case of other associations, those not fully supported by your delegates are not fully supported by the Convention, but that the thorough manner in which they have been presented has been appreciated.

SUBSCRIPTIONS.

During the year the subscription rates have reduced from Rs. 15 to Rs. 10/- and we are anxious to encourage everyone to contribute. That sum will suffice to cover the cost of the delegate's passage to Durban, which has been set, as first rate passage through the medium of the head treasurer, Mr. Newmark, will easily liquidate tip voluntary subscriptions of various members.

During the year it has been difficult to find a time suitable for holding meetings in accordance with the great pressure of business, and the result is that some meetings have not been so fully attended as might be, and though every attempt may be taken to hold meetings on Sunday morning, this is but a temporary measure until business becomes normal, and the object being the good of the country must justify the position.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL BILL.

In doing so, however, your members, Mr. Headstone and Mr. W. A. Wardle, the approval of your general meetings, as reported nominally by Mr. Headstone the Governor as members of the Legislative Council, for the special purpose of assisting the Legislative Council. Your meetings took an active part in the discussion, and the Bill was passed at the meeting with the unanimous approval of the country.

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Occasional Notes.

Captain C. B. Anderson, of the R. A. Engineers, left by Wazirabad's down train en route to India.

For riding a motor cycle without a light a Mr. Rempelius was fined Rs. 2/- by Mr. Dooly last Saturday.

For committing a nuisance in a public place the Resident Magistrate yesterday fine one A. S. D'Souza Rs. 5/-.

The "Songbird Hotel" forms at Muzurugari and Mr. Watt's farm at Lumbwa are out of quarantine for foot and mouth disease.

Mr. W. J. Maynagh on Wednesday evening was fined Rs. 1/- and sent on a farm of 227 acres at Piar Terrian, to Commandant Belagan for Rs. 400/-.

Attention is drawn to the fact that the next Convention of Associations sits on February 9 and following days in the Balway Institute Native.

Inifajahs has made his reappearance in B.E.A. and cases among natives and up-country, who are said to be requiring up-country and in Nairobi.

A European run for being drunk and incapable was sentenced by Mr. Justice Magistrate on Monday to pay a fine of Rs. 2/- or to go to jail for 7 days.

Two Indians found drunk and disorderly at the entrance to Nairobi's Oyster Bay in River, and were Thursday fined Rs. 10, each by Mr. Dooly who has returned to Kenya.

Eight of the Uganda Railway's powerful new steam-climbing locomotives have arrived in B.E.A., and are already working on the rail.

A man in whom the Indian and Australian governments have confidence before the Native War Committee and the Indian government.

His Native friends will be pleased to hear that Mr. Headstone has been appointed to the Native War Committee, and will be fully occupied in the preparation of the war.

The following information from the Indian War Committee will be of interest to our readers:

Action will be taken on Monday, March 1st, against Farren and Co. Ltd. a London company, who have imported and exhibited wireless sets for sale.

The morning report of inland traffic states: "Telegrams received from Nairobi on 11 a.m. on Tuesday, January 27, 1914, stated that the blockade against Mombasa is shortly to be relaxed, and that there are enough communications of goods available for export, ready for export, the high tide, usually occurring on the 28th January, will probably be paid off by the 29th January, and should be paid off to the inflated prices, now being asked for so-called 'charter' boats in B.E.A."

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The "R. A. Standard" was officially informed by Mr. J. A. Watson, the Town Clerk that up to the date of January 27, 1914, there had been no withdrawal of candidates for Municipal Council, while that of Mr. Headstone was still attached.

It was this, and led to the election of new members after a ballot the following day.

The Northern McMillan Mount R. T. Headstone and Mr. D. D. Dooly.

The Association's delegates to the Convention will then see to it that their

TRY IT IN YOUR BATH.

BY APPROPRIATE SOAPS TO THE SKIN.

SCRUBBS' AMMONIA

MARVELLOUS PREPARATION
Invaluable for Toilet and Cleaning Purposes. Soluble Hard Water.
Special Cleaning Preparation for Laundry, Washes, &c.
Alleviates Irritation caused by Mosquito Bites.
For Skin, Face, Hair, Jewellery, and Carpets.

SCRUBBS & CO., LTD., 40, QUEEN VICTORIA STREET, LONDON, E.C.

"KODAK."

Cameras.
Plates and Films.
Developing Tanks.
Developing Tank Powder.
Developing Thermometers.
Acid Fixing Salts.
Photo Albums.
Negative Albums, Dishes, Frames, Squeezes
etc. etc.

A. H. WARDLE & Co., Ltd., CHEMISTS.

Telograms received at Nairobi up to 11 a.m. on Wednesday, January 28, include messages from England 28, South Africa (fully paid) dated January 24; South Africa (fully paid) dated January 25; India (fully paid) dated January 26; and India (deferred) dated January 28.

Mr. F. C. McMillan, C.B.E., has been appointed Acting Administrator of Zanzibar.

It is understood that later in the year it is the intention of His Highness the Sultan of Zanzibar to pay an official visit to Zanzibar.

Swami Makandashrami will deliver a lecture on "Buktry" in the lecture hall of Shri Swami Dhamra Baba to-morrow at 8 p.m.

It is understood that Glascow House is now definitely destined to be sold shortly, and the purchaser may re-open the place, but that it is a matter for conjecture.

According to a Gazette Notice recently published in Durban on January 15, the Colony of German East Africa will provisionally until further notice be officially known as "The Tanganyika Territory," soon February 1.

No vigilance committee in the clustered villages in Mombasa has been formally elected as a body to act for the Legislative Council, though its local administration continues on the concepts of its members in London.

Mr. T. G. Headstone is in the United States to claim compensation for his son's death. Captain Headstone's son, Captain Headstone, died in the service which the 1900 "Pork Stock" call early required him to the services, now giving precedence to his domestic life. Headstone has been in the other field.

The morning report of inland traffic states: "Telegrams received from Nairobi on 11 a.m. on Friday, Jan. 20, include messages from England (fully paid) dated January 24, South Africa (fully paid) dated January 25; India (fully paid) dated January 26; and India (fully paid) dated January 28.

Master Bates and Co., London, in their code report dated Dec. 10, state: "Public sales have been small, and transactions have been mostly to dealers. Yesterday, however, probably 100 pieces of sheet metal were sold."

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With reference to an advertisement made by the Child Slave Society, the Native War Council, Nairobi, says:

"The Native War Council, Nairobi, has issued a circular to all the Native Chiefs, and others, in the Native areas, asking them to assist in the rescue of slaves, and to prevent their being sold into slavery."

As has already been announced, the next meeting of the Convention will be held at the Uganda Native Council, Nairobi, on Friday, Jan. 20, 1914, at 11 a.m.

THE EAST AFRICA STANDARD
Nairobi, P.O. Box 60
TELEGRAMS: "STANDAR"
TEL: 022
TELEPHONE: No. 72

FOR SALE

WHITE LIME AND SAND:
Chemical & Co., Akira River. (422)

Table Cloth:—In Cash
of 20 gallons at Rs. 7.50 per
gallon (Cashaire). L. Pri-
garo & Co. Government Rd.
Nairobi.

TRADE FUGAR CAFE: ready for
March rates Rs. 12/- per ton on
cash, Kiyama District. Orders back
at now. Simpson & Whitewall Ltd.
Nairobi.

BRAE: We have just imported a
consignment. Prices Rs. 15/- per
100 lb. (special quotations for large
quantities). Simpson and Whitewall
Ltd. Nairobi.

WOOD and Iron BUNGALOW: well furnished, 15 acres free-
hold near Akira Estate. House, drawing-
room, two bedrooms, bath-room;
kitchen, 192 ft. by 12 ft.;仆man's
quarters; water; price Rs. 12,500 cash.—apply
Mr. Hamper, G. G. G.

POODO Guning: Bush Settle-
ment, B.E.A. Wagon Works.

GOOD Australian ONIONS: 17
per bushel, bag, box or bushel-
basket; 12/-; 1/2 bushel; 1/-
each.—F. Buckley Gilfill.

PLATE GLASS: For Sales and Holdings:
No. 20 per load; 2nd Priz
show—apply Oerckendorff Brother,
Kesalo.

L. UGIRIA NURSERIES 26,000
Orchis Trees for sale chiefly
Lemons and Limes. Best varieties.
Special quotations for large orders.
Orders booked now for March rates.
Inspection at the Nursery invited
apply Simpson and Whitewall, Ltd.
Nairobi.

WORD CAR FOR SALE: A hor-
se body; in good order; engine
nearly thoroughly reconditioned; square
wheel with outer cover; 8 space incise
seat; in excellent order; accessories
good and complete; car of Steele
foot, power seat; the 4000, delivered
at Kora Station.—apply Agiuson
Motors, Nairobi.

DRIVER PLATE GLASS: from
now on. No. 22 per
load; 1/2 bushel, B.E.A. Wagon Works;
or P.O. Box 101, Nairobi.

BRITISH BIKE: B.E.A. Speci-
ally new. No. 120.—apply
Nairobi.

MARK VI 1916 15cm WHLBY
GUN: Remanufactured REVOLVER;
over head; also 300 cartridges; the
same as used by 100-400 Winchester
Rifle; 6 shot magazine; with 30 car-
tridges. Current price Rs. 100.—
Colonel HARMSWELL, Nairobi.

Stocks now Flax and Vegetable
Catalogue on Application to
Whitewall, Ltd. Nairobi.

EGGS: from Unexcelled Farm, best
and special grade. Stock Island
Road. Rs. 18 per dozen.—apply
M. M. K. Ltd. Nairobi.

ONE 10-30 Winchester RIFLE: No.
first class condition; and 700
cartridges. No. 150.—apply
M. M. K. Ltd. Nairobi.

SILVER PLATE: We have
for sale a fine set of Silver
Plates, consisting of a large
Dinner Plate, 12 in. dia. etc.

WHITE PLATE: Plates, Flasks, Mugs,
from Best Flasks, Nairobi. Chrysanthemum
White PLATE. (176)

PLATE (local tin plate). Very
good value. M. G. G. Ltd. Nairobi.

Miscellaneous

PLUMBING CONTRACTORS:
D. H. D. Ltd. Chemists & Co. Ltd.
B. M. G. Ltd. G. G. G. Ltd.

GENERAL & TRADES: Drapers,
Electrical Engineers, Gasfitters, Gas-
fitters, Gasfitters, Gasfitters, Gasfitters,

NAKURU RACES

Good Starters and
Concours.

RESULTS AND BETTING

Nakuru, January 30
Nakuru was all along this morning
on the occasion of the opening of the
two day's meeting of the E.A.
Turf Club. Bottles literally pour-
ed in from the surrounding districts,
and the town was crowded to
its utmost capacity.

The racing train which left Nairobi
on Tuesday was full to the
brim, but even so, many Narricans
had the precaution of leaving
the Capital by an earlier train, so
that the numbers of visitors to
Nakuru can be imagined.

The Nakuru Hotel is naturally
overcrowded, and many tents have been
brought into use. Those which are
erected in the grounds surround-
ing the Hotel, are also packed

The day opened fair and
entirely suitable for racing. There
were clouds in the sky, but the
weather was cool, giving every pro-
mise of a good day's sport.

At a comparatively early hour,
tracks were made for the Nakuru
course, which is situated near
the Lake, and by the time the first
race was due to commence, the
stand and paddocks were well filled
with a merry and eager crowd,
ladies in charming costumes, making
a prominent feature. Many
motor-cars were in use, conveying
races from the town to the
course.

Promotions amongst the good
groom were Mr. Charles and Lady
Bowring.

At the start of the first race, the
weather was very hot, but it turned
cloudy in the afternoon progressed
Clouds gathered, and during the
course of the several race were
a slight shower of rain, accom-
panied by thunder. The thunder
was never however cleared away

The entries for the various races
were good, but the number of start-
ers was very poor, owing to
numerous scratchings.

The betting on the Total and with
the oddments.

FIRST RACE:

Divided pony handicap (First
division); a handicap divided into three
divisions by the handicapper; value
Rs. 100, of which Rs. 10 in the second;

Rates for Rs. 20. 5 farthings.

1. Capt. J. H. Philpott's (Watson).

2. Major H. P. Webb's (Drury).

TALEN HO:

Only two run. Won by a lead. Time:
1 min. 5 2/3 sec.

Betting: 3 to 1 on Drury, 2 to 1
against Tally Ho.

Tally Ho paid Rs. 5 for a win.

There were originally six entries for
the above race, but in spite of the poor
start, the race remained here.
Nightie carried Rs. 10. The favourite
made no mistake, though the race was a
good one.

SECOND RACE:

Divided horse handicap (Second
division); a handicap divided into two
divisions by the handicapper open to all
horses; value Rs. 150, of which Rs. 10
to the second. Entry fee Rs. 20. 14 miles.

J. M. H. S. Smythe's (Trotter).

ROAD TO RUHE

2. Major G. H. Riddell's (Watson).

3. Mr. T. Stephenson's (Trotter).

ROSE TO RUHE

2. Capt. D. F. Webb's (Trotter).

ROSE TO RUHE

Trotter paid Rs. 5 for a win.

The scratchings reduced it to seven or
eight, consisting of a field of seven. The

weights were: Road to Ruhe (2), 200.

Rose to Ruhe (2), 200.

Ridge to Ruhe (2), 140.

Rock to Ruhe (2), 14

MANIFESTO

Pledge Addressed

A. Electors

LABOUR POLICY

Help, a candidate for the Native Council for the Lake Naivasha constituency, writes the following to the electors:

to thank you for nominating a candidate for the Native Council; I would like to give you a summary of what I intend to endeavour to do if I become your

whatever, I think, must of every wise conservative as to what we can accomplish during the next few years of course:-

problem of labour, with attendant duty of health and medical treatment

early construction of communications both by railways throughout our extensive network, and by roads, leading of course, to the marshes;

and, by no means least, in improving agriculture in so far as it is done, but by a comprehensive scheme on a will be big enough to problem permanently

of sufficient funds and three presenting problems with now and all,

four problems to work which I, in the light of our failure in this matter, do not consider it is to be taken at all, as follows:-

1. LABOUR

I am convinced that the exchange of labour from our length and breadth of native labour possessed in the greater experience in organizing labour possessed by officials in South Africa, I trust that the new Chief Native Commissioner engaged in many of the efforts of the South, who must be equally qualified for such an important post as any member of the present Native Commissioners' staff. I trust

also that the earliest steps will be taken to engage a really sufficient registration staff, so that the whole burden of this new work will not fall on the already fully employed district administrators.

Native affairs in this Country will never be satisfactory until we have a complete laws, operating efficiently throughout the whole of Southern Rhodesia.

Our just and able administrators will all tell us that we are doing a noble work and therefore we will, not only make to work, but given the instruction which will make him an increasingly useful worker and a more civilized member of the community.

In the past the sole burden of educating the native appears to have been born by the missionaries, and there is no question that we owe a very great debt to their energy and spirit of self-sacrifice.

I cannot, however, believe that it is right that the cost of education of the native should be wholly borne by the State administration, using the term in its broadest sense, much more than by those called but too easily patriotic, disengaged and commander veterans.

What we want is an organized system of technical education for natives which will enable them to hold their own, and more, with the Indian. This is not a "farm nor a business in the whole of this Province that would not gladly avail itself of such a source of skilled labour. Therefore the native administration should, while making the same arrangements as do so much work as possible, be enabled to afford facilities of technical instruction for the more promising among youth.

I wish to point the greatest opposition to the system of education, especially in other parts of the world, which practices a so-called native education, able to read, write and talk, but not prone to use his hands.

Technical schools should therefore be established in every native centre.

Equally necessary, however, is to provide medical facilities throughout the reserves. It is the intention of Government, and especially by the Native and Native Administration Commissions, to provide a system of local clinics, or, if necessary, to open a series of posts with Government medical officers to be located in each Reserve. It is also intended to establish a

Health Office at present

the government of each Reserve, and the very greatest care should be taken to see that the demand of labour the whole of East and South Africa.

At the time when Africa was the possession of one country, the day in which we were or were not, had been a day of peace, when there was no other neighbouring Power that could interfere in our affairs.

Now, however, we are a colony of Great Britain, and the day of peace is over. We have been

possible use of our own lands especially inside the country.

I have watched with the greatest interest during the past few years the steps which the native administration has been induced to take in the matter of trapping out-labour and, as you know, I have frequently expressed myself in very strong terms on the effect that I can bring about with these steps.

If the farmers of the Nyassa Province should see fit to return me to Council this year, I propose to press for the following practical measures:

(a) The issuing by Government of the plain truth, that an idle native is not, as he apparently seems officially to be regarded now, an asset or an ornament to the country.

(b) The enactment of legislation to prevent loading inside the Reserve as the logical extension of the law, which was issued during the last session of Council, to control idle men.

In other words, we want an universal law for the prevention of idleness among natives, and Government should have the courage to do so.

The enactments of legislation should justify in laying down, as it has done under another law a week ago, that any native may be called upon to perform a minimum period of work on roads and paths.

I cannot see why it is not equally justified for a man to be called upon to perform a maximum period of work as for a minimum.

Every effort must be made to

ensure that the principles

of the Native Commission

be applied to the Native Commission

as far as possible.

In view of the urgent necessity for the establishment of a Native Registration Department, and of the greater experience in organizing labour possessed by officials in South Africa, I trust that the new Chief Native Commissioner will be engaged in many of the efforts of the South, who must be equally qualified for such an important post as any member of the present Native Commissioners' staff. I trust

also that the earliest steps will be taken to engage a really sufficient registration staff, so that the whole burden of this new work will not fall on the already fully employed district administrators.

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It should have been

done a long time ago, but Government has been slow in getting into gear, but it is now

now in a position to do so.

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country and, if only from a material point of view, it is essential that the natives should increase rapidly rather than remain stationary or even diminish.

Finally to put my views on the main subject in a nutshell: Government in the past has chiefly concerned itself in "shoring up the protection of the native where he least requires it" against his people; it is high time now that Government should realize that there is a more genuine danger to the native in his own habits of life, and force upon him protection against himself, against his drunkenness, his idleness and his grossness, and against his helpless state of susceptibility to every disease to which the flesh of man is heir.

COMMUNICATIONS

The principle that money spent on communications should be regarded as a form of capital expenditure, and should therefore not come from revenue, but from a loan, is now generally recognized.

We all know too that the Governor is at present doing his utmost at home to negotiate the necessary funds for railway extension. Railways, however, are not everything, and the necessity of constructing and maintaining an efficient system of roads should not be lost sight of.

Every effort must be made to ensure that the roads are built on scientific plans for farms and townships, plots for roads, bridges, etc., etc., and equally vigorous efforts should be made to ensure the economical expenditure of that money. I am therefore very strongly in favour of the system of road bonds as a check on the expenditure of public money on works and ways. Each district should be entitled to see that, if money—which has probably come from its own pocket—is spent on a farm or on a road, it is well spent.

I have already referred to the bearing with the previous of communications on the need of obtaining labour from sources outside the Protectorate.

STOCK DISEASES

Whether we have a stock tax or not there will always be a considerable number of cattle passing from the reserves to the settled areas, and neither the settled areas nor the reserves should be treated without reference to each other; no system of dealing with cattle disease is any good at all which is only good in part. It is not sufficient continually to prevent infected cattle coming in from the native areas; it is necessary also to enforce within the native areas the same processions against disease as may be enforced in the farming areas.

I have already referred to the bearing with the previous of communications on the need of obtaining labour from sources outside the Protectorate.

We require therefore, not only a system of stock routes and quarantine lines straight through the country, but also the installation of dipping tanks inside the reserves in order to treat the evil as it founders.

TAXATION

Enterprise in this Protectorate appears to me to be divided into two quite distinct classes:

(1) The class which is almost mathematically certain of immediate profit.

(2) The numerically larger class which will wait for a considerable time for profit which are anything but certain.

It is to say the business man and the farmer.

Further, it is unfortunately the case that any taxation imposed on the first class is apt to be ultimately paid by the second class, making the former's profits still more remote and still less certain.

We have got to raise revenue to meet the interest on loans but any scheme of taxation which does not recognize this fundamental distinction and difficulty must be unworkable.

I should like, therefore, to state as the basis of my taxation as regards taxation, that a land tax or an income tax or some other tax of any kind whatever which is not accompanied by an income tax or an excise tax or a property tax as income tax, will not be able to compete with the administration and protection of a large number of native tribes throughout the world, and we have therefore persisted and persevered in the countries inhabited by these tribes, we hope for their own good.

The question, however, is how far different native taxes should be admitted to compete with the native taxes of countries other than ours, even in quite another continent. I do not consider that they should be admitted to compete in India with Indian taxes, or from the point of view of the administration of justice, or in favour of natives of this country in the full measure of rights of birth, to mention only a few instances.

Government, I do not say we

should not consider the Indian

native native property rights

in the same way as we do our own.

CONVENTION OF ASSOCIATIONS

The Next Meeting of the Convention will be held at the Railway Institute, Nairobi, beginning on Monday, the 12th February, 1920. Will all Secretaries of Associations, who have not already done so, kindly send in the names of Delegates, together with copies of any Resolutions they desire to bring forward, to reach the undersigned, Not Later than Wednesday Morning next, the 5th proximo.

P. O. Box 470 "Phone 330. Telegrams:—" HASLEWOOD."

NAIROBI.

B. HASLEWOOD, Secretary.

an income tax than that sits its own country, should be applied to the farmer who pays a land tax, since the farmer is already paying the import duties of the taxes—but we have to fulfil our obligations to the Empire, to provide for those less backward and weaker peoples.

In the Dominion of Canada, the Union of South Africa and the Commonwealth of Australia, we find that natives of other parts of the Empire deserve a share of sharing the white man's privileges and of immigrating, most produce to arrive at the elementary products of being able to read, write and speak in a white man's language, and that in this country, that is in the Dominion, I might mention how extraordinarily difficult it will be to extend the privilege of paying income tax to Indians. In common with Europeans, unless such Indians are capable of keeping their accounts in an European language and according to the usual European method.

I am therefore in favour of restricting the immigration of Indian natives to not more than those who can pass a reasonable examination, thus co-operating with the Indian Government as evidenced by the precedent of at least the following Acts, which are the only ones immediately available to me as authorities—

(1) The Immigration Restriction Act 1901 of the Commonwealth of Australia.

(2) The Cape of Good Hope Immigration Act of 1906.

(3) The Natal Immigration Act of 1908.

(4) The Transvaal Immigration Act of 1907.

(5) The New Zealand Protection Immigration Act of 1899.

(6) The British Columbia Immigration Act of 1900.

EDUCATION

As regards the stock tax, my views are that the intention of the Government should be honestly displayed in the light of day. If the intention is to tax cattle as a species of produce, then one stand taxation, the most useful commodity should be made of what other produce can also stand a levy. My own opinion is, and I propose to uphold it very strongly, that no class of production in this country can stand such taxation.

If on the other hand the object of this tax is to tax only native owned cattle, I can see no reason, particularly if any sort of land tax is introduced (taxing the white man where the native will not be taxed) why that object should not be valid in good sound logic.

I understand from a statement made in the last session of Council that steps have already been taken to increase the native hub and police force, and I am in favour of this tax, because it will bring in a steady flow of money to pay for the administration of justice.

We have hope already in this country the material for building up a sane and healthy posterity, along the lines of the ideals and traditions of a great colony, for which we are striving to serve the world, we should now turn the great asset of democracy side for the world.

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One of the BIG POINTS about a Fiat. They do not lose power working in high altitudes.

Messrs. L. Frigerio & Co. announce the arrival of the first consignment of Fiat Tractors. Demonstrations will be given this month.

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NAIROBI, MOMBASA & KAMPALA

CATTLE DISEASES

Veterinary Officer's Report for December.

RINDERPEST OUTBREAK

The Chief Veterinary Officer has reported to the Director of Agriculture of E.A.R., the following veterinary report for the month of December, 1919.

RINDERPEST

Three small outbreaks of this disease occurred in the Lake Nakuru District, resulting in 18 deaths. All animals were associated with cattle-rearing areas.

An outbreak occurred amongst cattle native around Githuri near Nairobi, resulting in 800 deaths. Similar to the outbreak, immediately preceding it, the disease, was of a very virulent nature. Mr. Reid, the District Veterinary Officer, offers as an explanation of this the suggestion that the Rinderpest infection originally contracted from game increased in virulence by passage through the more susceptible cattle in the district.

Two outbreaks were reported from the Kikuyu Valley, and in these cases, as in a previous outbreak a few months ago, the infection was supposed to have been contracted from buffalo. Several of these animals were found dead in the vicinity of the outbreaks.

DOUBLE INOCULATION

Double inoculations against rinderpest were carried out at the following stations during the month:

Kikuyu Quarantine Camp, No. inoculated 120, deaths not reported to date.

Kigumo Quarantine Camp, No. inoculated 120, deaths not reported to date.

Nakuru Quarantine Camp, No. inoculated 120, deaths not reported to date.

During the month double inoculations against rinderpest were carried out in the Nakuru and Kikuyu districts, and approximately 1,000 head were dealt with.

The results, as no reports were available, will be the exception of one farm where cattle which had shown no visible reactions to

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the usual period after inoculation contracted the disease some weeks afterwards and died.

According to the Acting District Commissioner, Kikuyu, Uganda, rinderpest has broken out amongst the buffalo there and many are dying. The affected animals are savage and very wild often travelling 80 to 100 miles a day. Under the above circumstances it is not difficult to find an explanation for the sudden and widespread appearance of the disease as often as possible in this territory.

EAST COAST FEVER

Cases occurred in the following districts:—First, Tana, Nairobi, Lamu, Malindi, Mombasa, Boni, Shaba and West Kении. The majority of the West Kenia outbreaks did not fit in.

PLEURO-PNEUMONIA

Another outbreak was reported near Eldoret, which was tractable to treatment with infected animals. Vaccination of the infected mob is being carried out.

A report of an outbreak in the Eastern Province of Uganda suggests confirmation.

BLACKQUARTERS

One outbreak at Naivasha caused a heavy mortality, but on moving the flock to fresh grazing the disease disappeared. The next outbreak was a similar outbreak in the Kilimanjaro Quarantine Bone was successfully treated by vaccination.

TETANUS

One male died in the Nairobi district from this disease.

ULCERATIVE LYMPHANGITIS

Four cases in Eldoret, one at Gilgil, one at Machakos, and one at Naivasha were reported affecting bovines.

A Dutchman was heavily fined at Eldoret for riding a horse badly infected with lymphangitis.

No cases of epizootic lymphangitis were reported during the month.

Further experiments in connection with the treatment of ulcerative and epizootic lymphangitis were conducted during the month at Kabete.

ANAPLASMOSIS

One case was reported from Moi. The following reports of diseases are also to hand:

Billye Fever: One case, Nairobi, is in a foal.

Tick Fever: One case, Nairobi, in a dog.

Rodent: One case at Lari.

Nairobi Slaughter House Returns: One bull condemned for meat; two bulls condemned for puerperal pneumonia.

The following office bearers of the Indian Association Macleish were elected at a general meeting held on 1st December:—Mr. Dhammal Khimji, President; Mr. Nekha Gopala, Vice-President; Mr. S. D. Port, Hon. Secretary; Mr. Ali Deys, Joint Secretary; Mr. Syedji Lakha, Captain; Mr. Odell, Treasurer; Auditor.

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as we pay prompt Cash for all our purchases we guarantee to obtain for our Clients the lowest current prices, giving them
assurance, and allowing all Trade, Cash and Prompt Discounts. Terms of payment arranged to meet the requirements of

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Manager in E.A.R. addressed Uganda Mr. H. P. Bunting.

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LEAGUE OF MERCY

Lady Northey's Home Rules
Adopted

NEW COMMITTEE

The annual general meeting of the League of Mercy and Lady Northey's Home was held in the New Stanley Hotel on Monday.

H. E. Chas. Bowring presided and there was a large attendance.

After the routine business had been disposed of, Mrs. Orr, Hon. Secretary of the League of Mercy, read the annual report, and Mrs. Gossage read the financial statement.

On the proposal of Mr. Playfair seconded by Mr. Newmark, both the report and the rules were adopted.

Mr. Stevens then read the annual report of the Lady Northey Home and Mrs. Franklin followed with the financial report. On the proposal of Bishop Haywood, seconded by Mr. Stevens, both were adopted.

Mrs. Stevens then read the rules of management of the Lady Northey Home.

The recommendation of the Committee that illegitimate children should be admitted was left open for discussion.

Mr. Newmark said that the recommendation for the admission of illegitimate children to the Home should be supported, and he said that the recommendation of the Committee be acted upon.

Mr. Stevens seconded, and pointed out that it was up to all to help these unfortunate children, provided that they conformed with the other regulations.

On being put, the motion was carried unanimously.

On the proposal of Mr. Newmark, seconded by Mr. Alnsworth, the rules were adopted, subject to a minor amendment.

HOME FEES.

Mrs. Franklin asked that the feeing of the meeting be taken concerning the rule which laid down that Rs. 10 was the minimum charge. It was pointed out that Rs. 10 did not cover the cost of maintenance of a child, and that there were people who were quite willing to pay more.

Mr. Chas. Bowring suggested that the charges should cover the cost, as with the Home could simply be a miserable institution.

Lady Bowring said that the Committee had placed Rs. 10 as the minimum, for cases which were taken out of charity, and this money would be paid by the League of Mercy.

Mr. Playfair moved that the minimum fee remain at Rs. 10, but that the Committee should charge such fee as would cover cost of maintenance.

On being seconded by Mr. Newmark, the motion was carried.

Mr. Chas. Bowring said that parents and relatives had thanked the Committee for sufficient consideration and compensated admissions by suggestion. These should have been brought forward at the general meeting, and he asked if anyone present had any suggestion to bring forward.

No remarks were made.

Mr. Orr moved to adjourn the meeting and called Mr. Playfair to read a report on the matter, which report was received with appro-

The Chairman announced that Lady Bowring would act as President during the temporary absence of Lady Northey. Mrs. Stevens was willing to act as one of the Vice-Presidents.

Mr. Orr would act as Hon. Secretary till the return of Mrs. Monkton and Mrs. Gossage would act as Hon. Treasurer till the return of Mrs. Playfair.

The Hon. Secretaryship to the Lady Northey Home would be undertaken by Mrs. Stevens until she left the country, when Mrs. Welsh would take over. Mrs. Franklin would act as Hon. Treasurer vice Mrs. Howes.

The duties of visiting the Old and New Cemeteries would be carried on by Misses Thom and Paliurpe respectively.

There were six vacancies on the Committee, which numbered 12. The following ladies did not reply this year: Mandana, Tilman, Welsh, Alnsworth, Sals, Howe and Franklin.

On a ballot being taken, the following were elected to the vacancies: Mandana, Culbert, Ellis, Miller, Durham, Gosling and Brasier Edwards.

Mr. Davis undertook to be the auditor of the Committee.

Votes of thanks were extended to the financial advisers to the Committee, Mr. Heuts for his services, Mr. Hamilton, the Mason-in-Charge, and Doctor M. Mackinnon and Grice, for their work in connection with the Home.

These votes were carried with acclamation.

The Chairman announced that the financial adviser had stated that it would be impossible to go on with the creation of the new permanent building until they had 30,000 £ in hand. It was felt that this amount would be sufficient.

There being no further business the meeting closed, after the usual votes of thanks to the Chairman and Lady Bowring.

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Firm in E.A.S.
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NOTICE

Shooting on Gress-
wold-Williams Es-
tates, Kedong Valley,
is prohibited. Pen-
alty will be pro-
secution.

CRUELTY CASE

Convict Who Works Case
Second Trial.

SECOND CONVICTION

A case seems to have Mr. Dally under named Akbar Khan was prosecuted at the sessions of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, for causing seven months of which he had been held while

Mr. Sekaray defended the India and argued that the neck was not on the particular animal as it was not required to be so.

The defendant in the dock, who by the way looked remarkably ugly, said that his master worked night and day, and had to be taken over very bad roads, and the taking of the carts caused him pain.

The Inspector of Factories informed the Magistrate that the man had been found guilty for a similar offence at Darjeeling last year.

The Magistrate indicated a fine of Rs. 2/-

The U.P.C.A. is doing a fine work, and before started, could bring many offenders to justice.

WAR RECORDS

Tan Morgan, R.A. (Garrison), retired, raised to a rank of a Captain, serving both as Adjutant and Instructor for the Indian Army, and was made a Companion of the Order of the Indian Empire.

With the greatest and in history only four other men, he was highly decorated, nearly all of which decorations should apply to all Indian soldiers. He should be joined by several others, notably in the Indian Army, who were raised to the honour by what they gave to the service in the Legislative Council.

Now comes the war records of the members standing for Nairobi, all three whom are or were before the war, only Englishmen. We all know that Mr. Gullings—Wells was wounded and disabled for life in the field of this country. He need

not wait for the other two disabilities?—that they did during the war, and whether their services can be regarded as "honourable" to be held up?

I should like to know, as I have been asked, to vote for whom?

None of them.

R. A. Garrison

London, Feb. 22.

The above R. A. makes a powerful speech, but for a moment's attention we may consider that Major E. S. Gross, performed his services in the interests of Civilization, and not of the British Empire. He was a member of the Royal Engineers, and a number of the officers of the Government and other British—

NAIROBI CRICKET

Gymkhana Gain Victory Over Railway Club

On Saturday last, the Gymkhana met the Railway Club on their own ground and won a very exciting game. While the Railway declined, the Gymkhana had only 11 hours' notice, and Kenya and Sheldene had to decline, probably that they might play the best.

The following were the scores:

RAILWAY

Order 1. Lanes, 14. 100.
Order 2. 17. Pauson 100.
Order 3. 18. Goss 100.
Order 4. 19. Chisholm 100.
Order 5. 20. H. H. Wilson 100.
Order 6. 21. Sheldene 100.

Total for all 100. 100.
Average 10.00.

GYMKHANA

Should Owing some losses did not
lose.

Except not 100. Babbin and
Lanes 100.

Total for all 100. 100.

Match, 100. Chisholm, Miller,
Pallister, Scott, Young, Rutherford
Rutter and Lane did not lose.

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5% Reduced Dry White Lead	"
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20% Reduced Dry Red Lead	"
25% Reduced Dry White Zinc	"
30% Reduced Dry White Zinc	"
No. 2 Raw Oil	"
No. 2 Double Boiled Oil	"
No. 2 Kerosene	"
No. 2 Boiler Oil Mixing	"
75% Reduced American Turpentine	"
Imitation Turpentine	"

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Thank the farmers and settlers for their co-operation in the past, and remind them that they are still open to buy all kinds of Farm and Dairy produce, Cattle, sheep, pigs, etc.

BEST PRICES PAID.

NOTICE TO COFFEE GROWERS

In the Kyambu, Limuru, Ruiru and Nyayo Districts.

Get your Coffee in before the Raina.

Ruben Bros. & Co., have a number of Ox wagons, and are open to undertake the transport of Coffee, etc., in any quantities, at cheapest rates, from any of the above-named districts, to Nairobi, and to arrange forwarding.

Telephone:—No. 383.

Telegraphs:—“BUREY,” Nairobi.

P. O. Box 483,
Nairobi.

INDIAN ILITERACY

Midnight on the 1st Jan to
Self-Government

In a pamphlet entitled “Our duty to India and Indian Iliteracy” published by the Christian Literature Society for India, the Rev. J. W. Jackson, M.A., put India out of the picture. India is out of the picture of 1811 nearly 200 millions of the natives. Of the nine there were 90 per cent. and of the women 95 per cent. Even of those children who received elementary education, it is stated, between 50 and 55 per cent. according to the districts selected, leave school without being able to read without being able to read. One reason for this state of things is to be found in the fact that there are in India 147 distinct languages, with over 500 dialects. These are urban as well as some 50 different rural, and ranging from 500 to 10,000 words. The same language is often spoken in three different scripts and the same script will be used for three different languages.

Under these conditions the mere learning of an alphabet is a matter of great difficulty, and it is suggested that there should be prepared a single script based on scientific principles and adopted by the Government as the authorized script for all languages.

For using an unscripted language an Indian was fined Rs. 5. In the Police Court on Saturday.

The “Daily Nation” says: “It has come to our notice that the German residents of this city have been served with a notice to leave the territory by 15th Jan.

For the time being, however, the police have issued a general order that no foreigner shall be allowed to remain in the city after the 15th Jan.

ENGLISH PHAR

VETERINARY & BULK
derived of alga

FARMER and SETTLE

METHYLATED SPIRIT

Per bottle (full)

1 gallon tin

Drums

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Drums

Drums

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1 gallon

Drums

Drums

Drums

Drums

Nitre (Saltpetre) per cart

Sulphur per cwt.

Cattle Salts (Glauber) 2 cwt.

Quinine Tablets (500)

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SAMPLE

of the Newest Designs in Costumes

now on view at

H. G. Gabriel, City Bond.



Your Baby's Welfare

Your desire will be to help to be well and happy. Then you must pay particular attention to the food for the welfare depends on the food.

The Allenbury Foods are specially designed for babies and their mother could have a new idea in

Allenbury's Foods

Make Baby Happy and Strong

WE SALE:—

Infant Food, Milk, Cereals, etc.

Manufactured at Chiswick, Middlesex.

Allenbury's Foods Ltd., London.

Box 68.

Rhodes Fruit Farm J.
Rs. 1.25 and Rs. 1.35.

Rhodes Fruit Farm C
and Plums 2 lbs. Tins.

Special quotation for

2 lbs. Tins.

CASE

WICHEN ROAD 801

Box 68.

N. THOMPSON

Velour

The next shipment of Handy MacDonald Whisky will be
Rs. 25/- per case.

Secure your requirements
by sending us telegrams!

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MAXWELL, BRADY & Co.

OFFER 20% DISCOUNT

ON ALL COUNTRY ORDERS PAID BY RETURN MAIL.

Box 50.

NAIROBI.

SALE.

to Estate:

estate of Dondro comprising approximately 5,000 acres are freehold land. about eight miles from Nairobi and a good road passes through it. A large proportion of deep red soil, watered by two Rivers, and could be of convenient blocks suitable for building. There are about 40 acres of woodland, a wood and iron mine, an Indian Water-mill, and a house, etc.

The property are a wood and iron mine, an Indian Water-mill, and a house, etc. The land suitable for building site for a village.

One of the most valuable offered proximity to Nairobi

apply to—

MACRAE, Advocate,
TANZ CHAMBERS,

X
GUNDY
HAMPAGNE

at quality, to be ordered from

Nicole Girondin,

et-Bonduau.

and prices from

City House, Nairobi.

BOUR
CKEY & CO.

above and Industrial Company, Ltd.,
Clients that he had been joined by
Yates, late M.L.C., and is now in
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your brokers shipping your produce through us.
do it better and cheaper than any other firm.

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P. O. Box 82.

B.E.A. ELECTIONS
Arrangements for Postal Ballot
Papers

PRESCRIBED FORM

A Nyassa Native intimates that the following arrangements have been made for polling day in connection with the Legislative Council election in the Lake area:

Polling stations will be established at Kisumu, Mukoroni and Lamu.

Those who reside more than 10 miles from a polling station, or are unable being unable to attend at a polling station owing to ill health, or absence from permanent residence or other place, should apply at once to the D.C.O. Kisumu, or any Police or Administrative Officer for a form of application for a postal ballot paper.

The form of application for a postal ballot paper, issued under the provisions of the Rules of August 6, 1919, stands as follows:

To the Returning Officer for the Electoral Area.

I hereby declare that I am duly registered under the above Ordinance as a Voter in the...

Electoral Area

and apply for a Postal Ballot Paper for the forthcoming election of a Member of the Legislative Council, on the following grounds:

(a) I do not reside within 10 miles of the nearest Polling station and am not entitled to vote, or

(b) I am physically disabled but shall not be absent from the neighbourhood of such Polling station on the Polling day, or

(c) I shall be prevented by ill-health or infirmity from proceeding to the Polling station to vote.

Signature.....
(Application for a postal ballot paper is not regarded).

The above form naturally applies to all electoral areas.



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Towels

That kind which gives the most wear
and greatest Satisfaction!

ISN'T that the kind you want?

First cost as much as you
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—but Quality for Superior
Strength—more lasting—shady-
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MUIR is soft—MUIR is strong—dry quickly
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bring a glow of health and vigor and restores
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Soberanos, *etc. etc.*
Senadores,
Crema de las Antillas,
George,
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To ports in the Red Sea, East Africa and
South Africa, including Zanzibar, Port Said, Suez, Port
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Reunion; Mauritius calling also at intermediate ports
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22. "Cedars" on or about February

22. "Golds" to follow.

Arrives from South, Homeward Bound via Suez

22. "Romans" on or about 1st February.

22. "Anthon" on or 22nd February.

22. "Can Siculus" to follow.

The Agents of the Old Line

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Hurroches Calico Al, 36in. wide	Home Price	1/- per yard	Our price	Rs. 1/-
Irish Linen Tablecloths, 54in. x 66in.	"	2/- 6/- each	"	"
Cassonent Cloth, 30in. and 50in.	"	1/- 9/- per yard	"	"
Cotton Twill Sheets, 90in. x 50in.	"	2/- 11/- per pair	"	"
Ladies' Lisle Hosiery, Black	"	5/- 11/- per pair	"	"
Ladies' Nightdresses, Nainsook	"	15/- 11/- each	"	"
Ladies' Sports Corsets, Elastic Tops [2]	"	25/- 11/- each	"	"

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