Diagnostic significance of radiographs on proximal surface caries in epidemiological surveys

Lesan, WR

http://hinari-gw.who.int/whalemwww.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/whalem0/pubmed/2787239
http://erepository.uonbi.ac.ke:8080/xmlui/handle/123456789/31293
Date: 1989

Abstract:

Ninety seven patients were examined for dental caries using two standard methods: (a) clinical examination based on WHO Basic Methods Oral Health surveys and (b) radiographic examination. Clinical examination method under records caries by up to 40%. Such under recording may give an impression of a decreasing caries prevalence in epidemiological studies.