BUSINESS FORECASTING AND PREDICTION MARKETS
POTENTIAL ON BANKING INDUSTRY IN KENYA

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ABSTRACT

The environment surrounding organizations is turbulent, for this reason forecasting techniques have played a major role in sustaining them. The banking industry in Kenya is not also exceptional due to the fast change in technology and infrastructure. This has made managers and qualified professionals to be keen in matters concerning the external environment in order to have a competitive advantage over their competitors. There are a variety of forecasting techniques in use however there is a major forecasting technique according to research that outweighs the rest referred to as prediction Market.

Prediction market is a tool used to assemble and combine information using market ideologies for the purpose of future predictions. It is cost effective to the organization in the short and long run and produces accurate results irrespective of the number of participants. A small to big group can produce the desired outcome. This project seeks to reveal the various literatures on prediction Markets, highlighting theoretical contributions towards its effectiveness to aggregate information. It also reveals the benefits, applications and model. Furthermore, it analysis how knowledgeable and ready the banking industry in Kenya is towards the new concept.

The objective of this study was to find out the satisfaction of the present forecasting tools used by the banks, determine the level of awareness of prediction markets and develop a prediction market model that can be used to determine the readiness to adopt prediction market in the Kenyan banking industry. This study used a cross sectional survey design. The target population was senior managers in the marketing and research department from 50 licensed commercial banks. This study was carried in Nairobi since all the commercial banks have their headquarters in Nairobi. From the 50 licensed banks, the researcher selected one manager from each bank. Therefore, a sample of 35 respondents consisting of one respondent from each bank was used for this study. A semi-structured questionnaire was used for this study. Data was analyzed using descriptive statistics and multiple regression analysis. The descriptive analysis was used to test the level of satisfaction of current forecasting tools and prediction market awareness. As per the scale used, the level was average for both objectives. Multiple regression was used to test the readiness to adopt prediction markets in the Kenyan banking industry. Management support was
found to be the only independent variable with a significant impact on readiness to adopt prediction market \((b=0.569, p<0.001)\) when all the variables were entered into the regression equation. Time spend \((b=0.102, p=0.885)\), accuracy \((b=0.182, p=0.798)\) and legal matters \((b=-0.180, p=0.232)\) did not meet the necessary criteria to significantly impact the dependent variable (readiness to adopt prediction markets), so they played no role at this stage of the analysis because the \(p>0.05\).

The study revealed that for prediction market model to be adopted management support was necessary and therefore other variables did not count. For this reason further research on other factors other than the ones used in this study need to be established. However, study will be of use to all businesses and academic fields and if well embraced, it will make them realize the opportunities they have severally missed out for lack of correct or enough information that is vital for decision making.