

KENYA FIRSTS: MEDICINE | From Kampala to Nairobi with 10 bodies

Don who trained Kenya's first doctors

Kenya has had many unsung heroes in its 50 years of independence. Today, the Daily Nation starts a series on some of these Kenyans — people who were first to do something that many take for granted today.

BY CAROLINE THEURI

'n 1967, Kenya started training doctors. Dr Joseph Mungai had been teaching at Makerere for about a year when Kenya recalled him to start a medical school at University College, Nairobi. Makerere refused to let him go and Kenya had to pay off his contract.

Dr Mungai was named senior lecturer in Human Anatomy in February 1967, just five months be-fore the 30 pioneer students were to report. There was a shortage of staff, equipment and teaching materials and Dr Mungai had to race against time.

One of the hurdles was how to get cadavers - human bodies used in practical lessons.

"There was no Anatomy Bill to enable the department to acquire cadavers for dissection," Dr Mun-gai wrote in his autobiography, From Simple to Complex. The National Assembly delayed passing the Bill due

to some other urgent Bills. Uganda had a special anatomy law, which allowed Makerere to collect unclaimed cadavers from mortuaries for teaching. MU agreed to provide Nairobi with 10 properly treated bod-

ies from its medical school.

The departmental head of Veterinary Anatomy, Prof R. R. Hofmann, lent Dr Mungai his Land Rover to fetch the anatomy and histologi-cal materials from MU in the first week of June, 1967, because students were to report the following month. CHRONOLOGY

Scholar a study in achievement



1932: Born at Pumwani Hospital,

1939: Attends Mahinga Elementary School

1940: Kahuhu Primary School 1941: Transferred to Ngeca Primary School

1950: Joins Alliance High School 1954: Joins Makerere University College (MUC)

1955: Named best student in Biology in the London Intermediate Science Examination

1956: Admitted to MUC's Faculty of

1963: Graduated with Bachelor of Medicine and Surgery

1964: Receives master of medical and surgery degrees (MB, Ch.M)

1966: Receives PhD in Medicine from the University College of London.

1967: Returns to MUC as a lecturer only to be poached by the Kenyan government to head the Department of Human Anatomy at the University College, Nairobi.

Number of pioneer students who reported in 1967 to study medi-cine at Chiromo Campus.

But then no driver would accept to undertake that kind of journey. Furthermore without the anatomy law, anyone in charge of such a vehicle and its contents could technically still be prosecuted. I had no choice but to undertake the journey myself," says his book, published in 2002.

After securing letters of authority

from the police and health ministers from both countries, Dr Mungai drove with a Ugandan medical stu-dent to Makerere. They reached

at 10pm

night. "At Tororo, we were required, to produce the vehicle's logbook and insurance certificate. We did not have them. We were immediately arrested and taken to Mbale, about 100 kilometres away, at midnight, to appear in court the following day," he says.

Police changed shift at midnight.

One of them happened to be a classmate to the Ugandan veterinary student. After explaining their predicament, the police set them free to continue with their mission. Dr Mungai eventually reached

Makerere University where the medical school allowed him to formalise the release of the bodies. A week later the back of his Land Rover was loaded with 10 cadavers.

Police barrier

In the evening, Dr Mungai and the Ugandan student left for Nairobi. At 10pm, they reached the police barrier on the Kenyan border. An armed policeman came over to Dr Mungai and asked what was in the Land-

"Ten human bodies," he

said.
" T e n
what?" the policeman asked, as he went to the back of the vehicle to investigate.

"Human bodies," Dr Mungai hies

The policeman shone his torch on the plastic bags. He then left and his colleague went to Dr Mungai.

"What did you tell my colleague

you have in the vehicle?" he asked.
"Ten human bodies," Dr Mungai

"Where did you get them from?"
"Makerere," Dr Mungai answered.

"What are you going to do with them?" he asked.
"I am going to start a medical school in Nairobi as required by the (Kenyan) government," said Dr Mungai.

Several other policemen did the same before Dr Mungai was asked to produce his passport and documents authorising him to carry cadavers. He complied and waited an hour before the policeman came back.

"You may proceed. Wish you a safe journey," he said. Dr Mungai never stopped driving for the rest of the night. He reached Nairobi at 9am.

When he reached the garage at Chiromo campus, he asked the nearest person to help him unload the cadavers, as he had dropped off the veterinary student home.

"He came over and looked at the vehicle carefully. When he realised what he was about to lay his hands on, he took to his heels towards the sports field, everybody else following him in flight," reads the book.

Eventually everyone fled, leav-ing the campus deserted. Some disappeared completely while others started coming back gradually, albeit with caution.

It was a cleaner who helped Dr Mungai to offload the cadavers. He had him promoted to laboratory assistant and brought to the Department of Human Anatomy.

On July 3, 1967, the first 30 medical students undertaking either a Bachelor of Medicine (MB) or a Bachelor of Chemistry (ChB), would be able to study human anatomy using the MU cadavers.
They studied human anatomy in

one corner of the veterinary anatomy garage because their building was still under construction.

In 1972, the first doctors gradu-They have occupied prominent positions in Kenya and other countries.

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