

1930.

Kenya

No. 16384

SUBJECT

CO 533/404

Ridgeback Stock Farms

Masai and Tharaka Reserves

Previous

No. 621
15856/8/29. (Agric Commr.
Report)
See 16324/10. (Act Service in
Antine Reserve)

Subsequent

See 17308/21 (marked
livestock)

4 Nov 1958

20 November

State local native council has provided £300 towards centre at Machakos, which will be spent in 1958.
State as to centre at Ngong and report Majendo
local native council is providing £1000 towards stock
farm in connection with native school as mentioned
herein below.

In para 130 & 135 - qd later
Report to Agricultural Committee

recommended the establishment of

educational stock farms in

Chamaka & Masai reserves. "not
however of the comparatively advanced

type side as to now being carried
out at Ngong but something much
closer to the methods of
natives themselves."

In his Dept Committee

No. 4 on

15856/29

para 10

on the report the Govt said that
the natives would farm and
sheep which they believed
would be relinquished of any land
in the Reserve & he reported that
the problem was being enquired into
therefore on that topic.

No. 6 on

15852/29

para 6 (and)

In replying to the letter
asked to be informed of the Govt's

proposed as soon as the discussions
with the Local Native Councils
had been completed.

Ukunda Reserve

This Dep. shows that

300 ha have passed from
Local Water Fund, which
into "Other facilities from public
fund" with only the centre
to be spent in 1932.

At present division from
the Est's as presented
to the Council, are the memo. on the
Select Cte's report, what their
"Other facilities" amount to.

Nasar Reserve

Further info about the
educational work in the Nasar
Reserve is to be found on
bgs 8 & 9 of the Annual
Report on the Province. (In gen.
Report on the Province. In gen.)

The new venture at Loitokitok
is the important one & it
is not satisfying that the
L.N.C. are providing £1000.

a year for it

Montgomery
MR Stockdale and Winkles

also
16309/130

will be interested to see

Subject to their decision

I think we might speak with
interest & say that the P.S. is
free to have that it has been
possible to secure the concession
of the water in the last
9 days for farms & so that
the last 10 days will prove
to be quite successful.

As far as I can find
report on the Ukunda farm
after it has been working
is about the end of 1932
Also no late account.

J. Jackson
22-12-32

Refer also to 16309/130

2 16324/130

16324/130

23/12/32

(B.M. are delayed for disposal)

1 16324/130 11/12/32)

See final
mem 130
16324/130

The value of demonstration, such as that
at Ngong, is incalculable. Africans as a whole,

and stock layers in particular, have an unusual sense of perception, and will learn from a centre like this in a manner impossible by other means. It is hoped it may be possible to establish others on similar lines among other tribes, and that in all schools pastoral subjects may be given prominence and demonstration. The greater difficulty in arranging pastoral tuition explains, I think, why it is so much less apparent than agricultural and horticultural "plots", but if practised, I am convinced of the rapid response.

E. B. -

-29-
31

It would appear that a genuine
interest in this development is
taken by the native groups
with substantial sums being
expended by the local
tribesmen (one off for these
expeditions) to obtain
the Nelly's. It is proposed
that the word "native" be deleted
but expressed as "the
other facilities mentioned
page 2 of the doc.

all Passengers

卷之三

J. Shultz

1630°C will require a fierce
circulation, as I said it is now
as it was not a year. I think this

Prison - themselves are being set free
things
object of a revolution (as in the United States)
there is a large part of society who believe
in excellent men

As per need

661
22-31

I am quite pleased at all this, except
that I am wondering if it is quite
in order that the Native Council
should part with all this money. How
does this compare with the labours
of the Appicultural and Set Deptt.
for the Europeans? And what is
the proportion, if any, of the
cost of these Administration stations
borne by the general revenue?
Subject to any desirable comment
on this point, I agree with what is
proposed.

卷之三

3-2-31

J. B. Smith

Please see note by Mr. Costello

In the C. S. R. 1850-1851

Agri. Dept. V.O.T. (which
includes Veterinary Service)

is t 192,957. This is shown

under various heads.

A. Administration £ 22,355
 B. Division of Plant Industry £ 58,556
 C. Division of Animal Husbandry £ 92,046

B is not further sub-divided.

C is not further sub-divided
 called as a general enclosure
 to the charge.

(b) is subdivided -

Administrative £ 18,551

Native Agriculture £ 23,49

Coast Experiment Station £ - 3

Coast Office Laboratories £ 13,117

Cooperative Services £ - 7

Planning Department £ 3,333

Grading & Inspection £ 11,226

C is subdivided -

Administration £ 16,615

Executive Vet. Services £ 34,662

Vet. Research £ 32,29

Animal Husbandry £ 2,658

b) While only £ 12,359 appears,
 particularly as all head devoted
 to native agriculture, it will
 naturally be possible to hold
 that the natives have netting
 out of the remaining £ 160,000!

) I doubt whether money can
 entirely, therefore, satisfactorily
 as regards its advantage
 to natives or non-native

although in the short time
 when we are expecting
 from Norway an indication
 of how kind will be made
 from a fact that I cannot
 help further to accent
 a fact largely at present
 all passing by

12/2/21

The 3rd of Oct. M. Native

Coastal Tribes have recently

been mentioned in connection

with Govt. Apportionments

and Kakamega & Nyeri

as well as other areas

in East Africa have come

into view

as a result of the

advice given to me,

and I should like to

recommend it to the

Government for consideration

as a method of

reducing the cost of

protection to the

native and to the

Lab. No. 3-21

P.T.O

Sent 5/2/31
(Signed by Cecil Rottembury)

I am obliged by these full answers
and notes. I am satisfied that you
have the point before you, as we on
Native Affairs of compelling Native
Skins, fossils to set up schools,
stock farms, etc at our own expense
while large sums are kept spent
out of revenue on corresponding services
for Europeans.

TDS 12-2-31

See
6/2/31

As proposed (but when
the tables arrive showing
the division of expenditure
between Europe & Native
the draft on the Native
Council's revenues must
be taken into account
and the whole position
considered) P 1/2

Govt. of India - 17 FEB 1931

From Mr. D. A. C. H.
Harm Vaidu

6-3-31

Copy for confirmed minutes of Advisory Committee in
education see 5004/14/31 General

7/3 Gov. letter ref. 56
definite facilities provided during 1931 to
enable natives educational institutions to
be opened in 1932

The amounts proposed in the 1931 Estimates
under the three headings total £3200 or nearly
£800 per cent. The amount of machinery £300
is also provided from Native Council funds.

It is probably impossible to give the
exact figure for each of the four centres

P. 1/2

The provision in the Estimates is as
follows:

Item 149 Maintenance of Centres	£1,700
Item 150 Purchase of stocks	£1,400
Item 151 Purchase of equipment	£100

£3,200

Although these provisions are shown in the 1931
Estimates as new items, they are not new, and they
are merely a continuation (with some changes) of similar
items in the 1930 Estimates where they come under
African Training Centres.

In his despatch of the 17th February, the
Secretary of State presumed that full accounts of the
working of the farms would appear in due course in the
annual reports of the Agricultural Department. A good
deal of information with regard to those centres has
already appeared in past Agricultural Reports, but
this paper may be noted to be brought up with the
Report for 1930? J. M. C. 18/3/31

X S/A
There is, I think, something
about breakaway agricultural
stock farm in Mr C.V. Buckley's
memo, or will come in
probably for registration

If cumulative with
191953/31
Mr 3576
If so send in this file with
what memo

Check

191953/31

Mr. Buckman

The above instruction was
only carried out & conducted by

Mr. Buckman 191953/31

KCA

1. Under the rural village
described in para 23 of
the memo is mentioned a little
on the Agong Stock Farm - but
also to have a h-36. But
there is very little about
Agong in Mr. Buckley's memo.
(Under Agong is in the
Vards & not on KCA) also
distinct.

? put into file?

(Buckley)

17/7/31

All 8/7/31
above

Mr

KENYA

NO. 56

Confidential



GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

NAIROBI,

KENYA.

April, 1931.

RECEIVED

4 MAY 1931

POST OFFICE

My Lord,

I have the honour to refer to Your Lordship's Confidential despatch dated 17th February, 1931, in which an enquiry was made as to the other facilities to be provided during 1931 from public funds to enable the Machakos Educational Stock Farm to be opened in 1932.

2. Such facilities are provided for in the Expenditure Estimates for 1931 of the Agricultural Department under Items No. 149, 150 and 151, which also include provision for the other Veterinary Training Centres at Maseno, Ngong, and Isiolo.

3. With the funds available the number of heifers at the Machakos Centre has already been brought up to 100 head and these should provide sufficient milk producers to allow education to commence in 1932. Other development in the shape of calf houses, weaner pens, poultry runs, and kitchens is also being undertaken by the resident staff. The grant of £300 from Local Native Council funds will provide the necessary housing accommodation for the pupils.

I have the honour to be,

My Lord,

Your Lordship's most obedient,
humble servant,

BRIGADIER GENERAL.

GOVERNOR.

THE RIGHT HONOURABLE LORD PASSFIELD P.C.,
SECRETARY OF STATE FOR THE COLONIES,
DOWNING STREET,
LONDON. S. W. 1.

C.O.

Sir. G. G. M. 12/1/25 (is so after in [the] beginning for date)

Mr.

Mr.

Mr. Taitlinson.

Sir C. Bottomley.

Sir J. Shuckburgh.

Sir G. Grindall.

Permit. U.S. of S.

Party. U.S. of S.

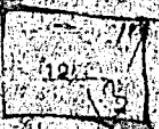
Secretary of State.

DRAFT.

Key

Conf.

Gov



10 12

I have also to add two more

Conf.

750 pieces/dec. = 158 7

to 20 Dec. on the subject

of the institution of educational

stock farms in the Nagai

Kumba division

2. I hope this draft

will interest you and help

you to see what it has been possible

to secure the cooperation

in securing the concurrence of the natives in the

institution of these two farms

I trust that you will be

successful

3. As regards the

machado centre for 170002

Mr. V. H. to see later

P.P. to receive with
copy as notice
comes now arrived

mentions that "other facilities"
due to be provided during 1931
from public funds which will
be granted of £300 from

Local Native Council funds.

With regard to the centre to
be opened in 1932.

shall be first to learn the
nature & extent of these
other facilities.

4. (became 5th)
full account of the working of the
farms will appear in the course
of the Annual Report of the

April Dept.

(Signed) PASSFIELD

Mr. Parkinson.

You asked me to find out what proportion of the cost of these educational stock farms is borne by general revenue.

The following is an extract from page 129 of the Agricultural Report for 1929 :-

"African Veterinary training centres are slowly being established at Ngong in the Masai Reserve, at Maseno in the Central Kavirondo Reserve, at Isiolo in the Northern Frontier Province, and at Machakos, in the Machakos Native Reserve.

Machakos and Maseno, although not yet in a position to function as African training centres have made satisfactory progress towards final preparation.

No financial assistance has been given by the Local Native Councils in helping to establish these training centres".

I am not clear whether the statement in the last sentence applies only to Machakos and Maseno, or to all four training centres.

The total expenditure from Colony funds on these training centres in 1930 was £7,852. The expenditure is not shown separately in the 1931 Estimates (see p. 47 of volume of Estimates as approved

*Local Native
Councils assist
in setting up
these training
centres*

Gaskins
7.2.31

KENYA

No. 154



GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
NAIROBI,

KENYA

20

November, 1930.

CONFIDENTIAL

RECEIVED

16 DEC 1930

S PRICE

My Lord;

I have the honour to refer to Your Lordship's Confidential despatch dated 10th April last, in which an enquiry was made as to the educational stock farms in the Masai and Kamba Reserves.

2. For a full description of the activities of the Veterinary Training Centres in each of these Reserves, I would refer Your Lordship to pages 129 to 146 of the Annual Report of the Department of Agriculture for 1929. In regard to the centre at Machakos the Local Native Council has displayed its interest in the institution by voting £500 for the erection of native quarters, which together with the other facilities which will be provided from public funds during 1931, will enable the centre to be opened for educational purposes in 1932.

3. At Ngong, twenty native pupils have been accepted during the year, but lack of accommodation and a severe outbreak of infectious bovine abortion has prevented the increase of these numbers.

4. During this year, an educational stock farm has been started in connection with the native school at Loitokitok in the Masai Reserve, and for this service the Kajiado Local Native Council is providing

17 FEB 1931

THE RIGHT HONOURABLE LORD PASSFIELD, P.C.
SECRETARY OF STATE FOR THE COLONIES
DOWNING STREET
LONDON. S.W.1.

(2)

£1000 per annum. Ninety pupils have been enrolled and are receiving training in ploughing, and the breaking-in of oxen from the Principal of the school, who has himself received some training in animal husbandry; instruction in improved dairying methods, towards which the Masai have provided about 20 heifers, will be instituted at an early date.

I have the honour to be, My Lord,
Your Lordship's most obedient, humble servant,

Mr. Atkins
ACTING GOVERNOR.