UGANDA. 32253 PELLER, C.S. 3 NL 24 7th July 1984, Mr. Ballet KENYA - UGANDA 63, 800,000 LOAN. ALLOCATION. w march Permit DS of 8. Part U.S. of S. coretary of State. Previous Pape MINUTES P6 3/863 I think the felling's doubt will do Fau 31/28 exist that (3) should be a cifitalist on to the existing me live and Take relative addition grafunt for the min livered Like regions." The refly must a net to telle a se the 15 to was up up prince a chance of my with the lawner of 24 . .... I there is well tomed on the

MINUTES NOT TO BE WRITTEN MINUTES. of the westing receiving to server and the 1. 18 time of from of despring the the is pro the Better by - 100 Dirting to see him for the , V. J. R 2 17714 lung strates we away I by helpen lead for with ling her Folly up at 60 20 trum law that the M.

## Allocation of the £3,500,000 Assisted Loan.

The following extract is from a nemorandum prepared by Mr. Felling after departmental discussion:

"I would like to be able to say that I have seen the Secretary of State and that it is clear that the circumstances and conditions under which the £3,500,000 was sanctioned preclude the use of the money for other than purposes stated at the time, and that an allocation for £6,500,000 for Kenya and Uganda railway and port development, treating the £3,500,000 as an instalment, free of interest for five years, is impracticable."

There is no quarrel between us, but in a matter in which Kenya feels "left out" there is obviously a big difference between Mr. Felling being able to say "Mr. Thomas told me me was afraid it would not be done" and mis saying "the Colonial Office could not agree".

I may say first of all that I see no difficulty in form in a local Ordinance for £6,500,000, of which the £3,500,000 would be part, provided that the £3,500,000 is covered by allocations to works for which it was destined.

As to those works, we have to consider

- (a) Our commitments to the Treasury and
- (b) what passed in the House of Commons in the departs on the Vote.

## (a) Treasury.

We have undertaken to spend the 3,500,000 and any accruing interest on the cotton extension to and in Uganda and in North Kavirondo, on relaying the main line.

# Allocation of the 23,500,000 Assisted Loan.

The following extract is from a memorandum prepared by Mr. Felling after departmental discussion:

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and on further harbour works and, while keeping power to use the money to finance other bervices as well (so as not to have to borrow additional money before it is necessary have undertaken to render a separate account of our disposel of the 23,500,000 and interest (b) House of Comions.

The Wote was in general terms. In the debates the Secretary of State emphasized the cotton development and unemployment points but did not say exactly on what services the money would be spent. Members showed at distinct dealousy of any of the money being spent on extensions to European areas.

The conclusion is that we are bound to (a) spend the £3,500,000 on lines which either directly benefit native cotton growing or make it possible to carry away the increase traffic which the cotton development will bring and (b) to see to it that the expenditur relieves unemployment here. From this point of wiew the works we originally proposed to the Treasury must stand. There are two species points:

The relaying is largely a renewal and not strictly a lean service atail. That part of this work which can be charged to capital will not use up as much of the 23,500,000 as we thought. Mr. Felling propose to spend the balance on additional cotton railways in Usanda. As a matter of form we must take the Treasury with us, as the contract of the capital cotton was taken the treasury with us, as the contract of the capital cotton and the capital cotton was taken the treasury with us, as the capital cotton and capital capital

(12) " To ention the sayings on the first and a settimate for the cotton reviews. These too se would apply to new cotton railways in Unands

owned where at that his (on Monneau Island) we maintain that he purchase price, not being a new service tanding to reliave unemployment here, gained come out of the 23,500,000. That is a point on which the Secretary of State's geolsion is required. I do not wish to insist two such on form, but I do think we should be open to challenge.

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(ii) He anticipates savings on the first rough estimate for the cotton railways. These too he would apply to new cotton railways in Uganda.

(fil) It it is desided to buy the privately owned wharf at Mbaraki (on Mombasa Island) we maintain that the purchase price, not being a new service tending to relieve unemployment here, cannot come out of the 23,500,000. That is a point on which the Secretary of State's decision is required - I do not wish to insist too much on form, but I do think we should be open to challenge.

Of course any capital expenditure on the wharf after purchase would be a fair charge.

I may say that Mr. Felling proposes to delay the issue of a further railway loan by making advances from his "Betterment" fund. This is sound for two reasons; it is not desirable to go to the public before we must, and it will help to stabilize the position of the railway accounts. The Railway is making big profits now but has big debt charges impending; if the profits are not usefully employed there must be a reduction of rates, which would have to be cancelled when the debt charges become due. Again.

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for Jellings news

#### MATHORAXDUM:

#### Kenya-Uganda 23,500,000 loan allocation.

Subject to approval by the Secretary or State of the allocations suggested, I subjoin a preliminary draft of a proposed sable from myself to the Governor of Kenya in reply to the cable of which I have handed a copy to Mr. Bettomley.

I would like to be abla to say that I have seen the Secretary of State and charact is clear that the circumstances and conditions under which the £3,500,000 has sametioned preclude the use of the money for other than purposes stated at the time, and that An Allows ation for \$6,500,000 for Kenya and deprets railway and port development, treating the 23,500,000 as an instalment, free of interest for five years, is impracticable.

Kenya feels that as it alone took the responsibility for the £5,000,00 less, and as the bulk of that lean was spent on deep water berths, which will be used largely for Uganda imports and exports, and on the first stages of the line to Uganda, some Kenya development expenditure might come out of the free loan. Under the specific allocations proposed the bulk of £3,500,000 would be spent in Uganda, which is in a relatively sound position financially.

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It is admitted that the extension of the Plateau line to Uganda will turn a non-paying into a paying proposition, and that Inter-Oslonial Railway earnings, and not the separate income of Kenya Colony, will have to bring up the interest on all expenditure on railway and port development, but the separate allocations will result in interest A charges accruing immediately instead of in two years time.

The trouble is that Kenva requires more money for other development. It must have a road programme, educational development, public and school buildings, etc., and it must have more branch lines or the transport unless serious dissatisfaction is to develop in settlement areas now far removed from railway lines, constructed or .. proposed.

Can Kenya be assisted in any way under the public utilities or any other scheme?

Mowey from Zelling : Your cable re loan allocation Secretary or State, emphatic that sonditions under which . £3,500,000 sanctioned necessitate specific allocations conforming to expressed distentions. He is prepared accept following:-

> 1.Extension of railway line

> ditional rolling stock £ 400.000

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1.Extension of railway line into Uganda and Kavirondo and Uganda branches £2,200,000

2. Additional rolling stock & 400,000

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3.Capital improvements to existing line and take persides and additional all squipment ( )

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400,000

Borrowing for expanditure on proposals which have already been approved under £3,000,000 programms ammay be approved becauter to be permissible but interest to the permissible but interest to be one heads. As full amount to under heads and 4 may not be required to be a more needs to become available for expanditure under any one or more other made. As follows in the properties of the permissible for expanditure under any one or more other made.

No decisio yet in Wharakt but as Joan is for additional facilities probably authority could not be given to charge it with 4047 of transferring ownership of existing !soilitiss. To heads 2 and 3 could be charged rolling stock and other improvements and additions recently sanctioned for Uganda extension work and for coping with increased action traffic but s avoid raising loan sooner than actually necessary care must be taken adhere capital betterment and remeyal regulations and to use betterment rungs a. far or plagticable up to evort reasons amount available for bottom ing to cover expenditure incurred or sanctioned under £3,000,000 programe. Telegraph whether you concur.

Little hope of assistance at present

Have assurants that the gives the probable consideration.

General Minager, Uganda Raifbay,