

645

EAST AFR. PROT

C.O.

21520

RECD
REF# 24 JUN 13

417

1918

May

• Previous Page

1051

CUSTOMS TARIFF AMENDMENT ORDINANCE

Proposes to add Acetic Acid to free list.
Uganda agrees. Requests sanction.

~~Mr. Bostrom~~ ^{for G. F. Miller} (2 before)

We have got some to impose an export duty
on rubber and rubber for the present, in order to
give the industry a chance to establish itself.
But I don't whether we should go so far
as to subsidize the industry by removing the
import duty on materials used for its production.
If caustic caustic acid is used
extensively on the Sumatra plants, the loss
of revenue due to the omission of the import
duty would be considerable. The question
of such an exemption of caustic acid has
not been raised before, and this request seems
to have been stimulated by an occasion in it
regarding export duty on cultivated rubber.

We except seeds, plants etc., and machinery
and apparatus used in agricultural work,
but also chemical manures, etc. in Uganda
Nyanza and E. A.P., their substitutes
and in the formation of agricultural produce
imported by the U.S.A. from among the following

L 8087 wet do
but have a rigid int
view of vegetation
as long as possible
Sustained effort is for action
effortly is observed

L 808

sum of £8085 + £100
+ £2000 originally paid

I do not think we
should object to a)
b) seems more doubtful
c) are considerable by
to c).

yours sincerely

W. B. Chenevix

893

1. July 1913

Dear Bottomley

From 21519 of the
30th ult. paragraphs 5th.

How much do you
propose exactly to charge
against the Suspense A/c?

at £8,085 or (b) this sum
additional £1050 being
sanctioned or (c) the total

and a
number of other
things
not less than £1000
will be necessary to all
the expenses Dr. Story's
undertaking for supply of
water due to the continuous
use to cut off the supplies
etc.

8. Mr. M. would be glad
to receive the following
from the Governor's proposal to
open suspend acts in

connection with the expenditure

and revenue described above. This sum may be
used for the Governor's expenses incurred for
the opening of the session, and
shall be accounted by telegraph

I am to request that the H. J. Read
copy of this despatch
be forwarded at an
early date.

Yours,

(Signed) H. J. READ,

The Under Secretary of State

~~and the sum required
for the extension of the
laboratory and the installation
of new machinery.~~

~~It will be necessary to provide
furniture of £600,000 more or
less, which is estimated
to stand on Mr. Bowring's debt
as at 31st February at £6689, and the
total debt incurred for this purpose.~~

~~The £500 for housing of animals
referred to in para. 6 of that draft
will be regarded as capital
expended by the
Dept. of Agriculture £2000 was
provided under Head 31, P.W.
Expenditure on the Est. of the
Dept. for the year 1922-23~~

6. It was this Law
already been informed in the
Letter from the Dept. of
Agriculture, that the amount
(£2000) provided for Capital
expenditure

DRAFT.

WHITE

Mr.
Mr.
Mr. G. Fiddes
Sir H. Judd
Sir J. Anderson
Lord Lamont
Mr. Harcourt.

20/8/20
~~an amount of £5000
will be required to
provide for the extension
of the laboratory and the
installation of new machinery.~~

~~The £500 will provide
for the extension of the
buildings £1000
housing of additional
European assistants £1000
An additional £6000
required for the purchase
of the new electric and
gas plant has already
been approved by the
L. in Treasury letter No
10233/2 of the 23rd of May.
and it is probable that
an approximate sum of
£2000 more will also
be required to provide
for the housing of animals
and the labour required
for the extension of the
laboratory premises.~~

He has now
submitted his report on the Nainio
Conference and the following
points are noted:

3. His report has now
been received under date
of the Governor's despatch of the
30th May, a copy of which is
enclosed. This Dr. H. int.
observes that a large demand
is to be made upon the
Nainio river supply, and
subject to certain conditions
that the Comptroller
Office, Rangoon, has
undertaken on behalf of the
P.A.P. that he will
guarantee to supply 200,000
decs per annum to various
countries at an approx.
-imate cost of re-expense
decs. This is a charge which leaves a wide
margin of profit as
the water front
condition, the cost
of production is
only 3/- a dec.

4. As to the despatch of the 13th June
Dr. H. has submitted his
opinion that it would be
expedient to wait for
the result of the Conference

6. Dr. H. has also
recommended that the
necessary steps be taken
to go with the supply of
steam to the coast in
accordance with the
and irregularities of the
demand, and he suggests
that the most satisfactory
arrangement would be to
open suspense accounts
for such expenditure and
receipts. Dr. H. decided
to postpone consideration
of this proposal until it
was possible to judge with
some certainty how far
the countries represented at
the Bulwaggo Conference
would place reliance on
the Nainio supply.

5. The recommendation
of the Conference - now, in
Dr. H.'s opinion that the
Governor's suggestion Dr.
Opening

30 June

This Dept. No 14004/13 J.R.

10th of May, I am etc to
transmit to you, to be laid
before the S.C. of the Treasury,
the accompanying copies of

comes with the "For?" of the
E.C.P respecting a proposal
to open suspense accounts
for the expenditure and
receipts in connection with the
supply of anti-malaria
drugs to from the Nairobi
Refugee Laboratory to
Come Gars adjacent to
the District

2 Shin L. a. u. no
don't remember that
is the other name, the Delt

9. That in the event of the disease invading Northern Rhodesia in spite of the efforts made to arrest its spread and before reserves of serum have been furnished by the British East Africa Administration, immediate arrangements be made for the establishment of a serum station at some point in proximity to the Railway in Northern Rhodesia, and the Government which is in the best position to supply staff and equipment for such a station undertake its management.

10. That if an outbreak of Rinderpest is localised in extent and serum not immediately obtainable, the infected animals and all those in contact be destroyed; but if serum is available, only those actually suffering from the disease should be killed and those in contact injected with large doses of serum while the adjoining herds are treated in a similar manner.

If the outbreak be extensive, or destruction inadvisable, virulent blood and serum or fresh bile should be employed for the inoculation of infected herds, and the surrounding herds passively immunised with serum or glycerinated bile.

No opportunity should be lost of preserving in Glycerine, all Rinderpest bile for use in cases of emergency where serum is not available.

or the territories more remoted or pursued render them all Veterinary Assistance within their power including contributions of serum.

5. That on account of the vital importance of the early discovery of outbreaks of Rinderpest, those States bordering German East Africa which are insufficiently provided with Veterinary Assistance, strengthen their staff without delay, and that not less than two Veterinary Officers be stationed on the German East Africa Border between Lakes Tanganyika and Nyasa for the purpose of watching the situation.

The Conference desires to direct special attention to the dearth of Veterinary Surgeons in the Bechuanaland Protectorate which places that territory at a great disadvantage and in a position of extreme danger should the disease extend further Southwards.

6. That States engaging new Veterinary Assistance or whose present Veterinary Officers are not intimately acquainted with Rinderpest send Officers to some centre where they can have the opportunity of studying the disease in its present manifestations.

7. That the Nyasaland Administration establish a Cattle Free Belt along the German East Africa Border similar to that which is being cleared in Northern Rhodesia and that joint arrangements be made by these Administrations for the patrolling of the Belt, the approximate length of which is 250 miles.

8. In all territories in which regulations are not in force prohibiting the unauthorised use or removal of blood, bile, or any other material liable to convey Rinderpest such regulations be promulgated without delay.

that susceptible cattle are available in the
Western Province of Uganda, that laboratory assistance
is given to the Veterinary Pathologist by the States
concerned, and that the cost of production of the serum
required is met in such a manner that it does not appear
in the expenses of that Protectorate.

RESOLUTIONS.

1. That the various Governments mentioned below
establish reserves of serum of the amount indicated
in the Schedule and obtain their supplies by subsidies
to the Administration of British East Africa:-

Northern Rhodesia	20,000
Nyasaland	20,000
Portuguese E. Africa	15,000
Mozambique Co.	10,000
Union of S.A.	40,000
Bechuanaland Prot.	10,000
Belgian Congo	1,000
Southern Rhodesia	50,000

2. That applications for serum from the German East
Africa Administration to British East Africa receive
prior consideration, until such time as the former is in
a position to supply its own requirements, or until the
disease spreads beyond its borders.

3. That in the event of German East Africa requiring
additional Veterinary Assistance for the purpose of
combating Rinderpest, the States represented at this
Conference offer to assist by seconding professional
officers for duty in that territory.

4. That if Rinderpest invades any of the territories
adjoining German East Africa, the Governments of the

VETERINARY CONFERENCE.

BULAWAYO.

10th, 11th, 12th April, 1913.

636

The members of the Veterinary Conference called together at Bulawayo at the request of His Excellency the Governor General, desire to place on record, their appreciation of the courtesies shewn, and the facilities afforded by the Administration of German East Africa to Assistant Chief Veterinary Surgeon Edmonds on the occasion of his recent visit to that territory, for the purpose of obtaining information regarding the spread of Rinderpest.

The Conference have carefully considered the report of Mr Edmonds, and after consultation with the various Veterinary Officers whose territories are most directly concerned, is of the opinion, that the danger of the disease extending Southwards is such, that they are warranted in making the following recommendations to the various Administrations represented at the Conference and affected by the present situation, and urge that no time be lost in giving effect thereto.

The recommendations regarding the supply of serum, are based upon offer of assistance by the British East Africa Administration, conveyed by its Chief Veterinary Officer Mr R.J. Stordy, which is as follows:-

In view of the danger of the spread of Rinderpest to the South African States, my Government is prepared to supply up to 950,000 (two hundred and fifty thousand) doses per annum of Anti-Rinderpest Serum at the minimum rate of one rupee per dose, providing always that

3. This application will no doubt be followed by similar requests from the other governments concerned, and I trust therefore that my proposal to open a suspense account submitted in my despatch No. 91 of the 12th of February, may now be approved and your decision communicated to me by telegraph, as otherwise the requisite supply cannot be produced.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your humble, obedient servant

H. Lowry Bayliss

GOVERNOR.

SOUTH AFRICA PROTECTORATE.

S.O.

2519

NAIRUO HOUSE

25, LITTLE EAST AFRICA.

No. 416.

May 30th, 1914.

With reference to my letter of the 21st of February, I have the honour to transmit herewith a copy of the resolutions passed at the Conference of Veterinary Officers recently held at Bulawayo to discuss measures for the prevention of the spread of rinderpest.

2. The resolution with regard to the supply of anti-rinderpest serum was based on the offer of assistance by Mr. Storck on behalf of this Administration, and I am given to understand that the Union of South Africa intend to apply at an early date for 40,000 doses in accordance with the terms of the resolution.

This

RIGHT HONOURABLE

WILS HARROUD, P.C., M.P.

SECRETARY OF STATE FOR THE COLONIES,

DOWNING STREET, LONDON, S.W.

~~Mr. D. P. Gopalakrishna - Jones~~
~~an important capital sum~~
~~for plant~~
~~and £ 1000 J. S. Jones~~

£ 1000, and another £ 1000
will remain about £ 1000 for
£ 1000 annual exp^{re}, and it is felt
that the ~~more~~ less will be required
N.B. If EAT manages to supply 250000 doses
at Rupee a dose, then the revenue
will be about £ 15000.
Total profit about £ 4000.
I have added to my draft. — H.D.

H.B. Bowring
2 May 1907
The main hall of the P.C.T. was estimated to cost £40000 per acre, and the cost of the Bowring's land being 1200000 acres, the cost would be £4800000. The P.C.T. undertook to supply the 200000 doses of cattle vaccine.

In Dr. Bowring's original cost of 1000000 doses he ~~estimated~~ ~~annual~~ ~~exp~~ of £1000000 capital exp. to the £2000000 ~~capital~~ ~~exp~~ provided in the Estimate) was £6489 + 400 or about £7000.

In minutes on 8/5/07 an act of a given day interview with Mr. Gurney ~~estimated~~ ~~which~~ he gave an estimate for a reduced supply of 300000 doses. This estimate also contained reductions in the annual exp., but an addition of £1000 for capital exp. (plant) and of £400 + 1000 for housing of cattle and animals. Thus the total estimate for cost (capital and 'annual') for the year ~~at~~ 300000 doses were about the same as Dr. Bowring's estimate of 400000 ~~for~~ ~~annual~~ and capital i.e. £7000 + 2000 (in Estimate) Estimate.

400000 doses

Capital £	Annual £ (See 18/4)	Suppl. Capital £	Annual £ (See 18/4 - 18/5)
Lab. 1500	European Costs 720	Estim in Lab. 1500	European Costs 600
Plant (original) 400	" " Machinery 200	Housing Costs 400	" " Machinery 200
Animals 1400	Natives 164	" Animals 1400	Native Lab. on 164
Sieve Plant 300	Steel apparatus 500	Electric & Steam 800	Steel Apparatus 400
Plant 200	Upkeep machinery 50	Gas 500	Upkeep Machinery 100
Total £44350	Rubber cattle 725		Purchase of cattle 2500
	Feeding 4200		Lending 100
	Contingencies 130		Or expenses 130
		Total £4350	Total £41440

Total cost £6689

The £6689 adds to the sum for Housing, the sum for Native labour, the sum for rubber cattle in 18/4, and a general overhead of capital exp.

Required £689

Total cost per acre £ 11039

Total cost (annual & capital) for the year £ 8494 (about)

i.e. £ 2545 per acre cost

of 300000 doses

copy to Sirs for whom I am sending letter
with copy on letter 14004/13 of 18th May, in which
we promised further communication when the
result of the Bulawayo Conference became known.
Send also copy of Sec 1879/13, 21st & 22nd
which refer to its purpose as it respects

H.M.D. 25.6.13

As regards the tel., we don't know if Mr. Downie & I
only to have known there was a mail in & short
have examined its contents, but it is not easy
to keep away from irregular events.

As a matter of fact this despatch contains
no "news" on the Conference recommendation
we are left to assume that Eng. is
prepared to make or take the responsibility
~~for such a proposal~~ so, in
any case - why not a prompt
reply to our tel. - we should go to
Treasury as proposed? The inform
account system is essential - the point
is not so much that the ~~extension~~ cannot
be forced as, that its uncertainty must
affect the working of the half & half
principle.

C.M.S. 25.6.13

Sgt. for whom

at once.

A. J. R.

26/IV/13