

DESPATCH

EAST AFR. PROT.
N ^o . 11826

C. D.
11826
REC'D
APR 3 1907

oal
 No. 94

(Subject.)

1907
 March 8

Trade etc on Abyssinian Frontier

Last previous Paper.

To two letters from M. Zaphiris re - Proposes detaching a Collector to act as political agent at Mairoubit & to control caravan to Semra as to report of contraband away from Italian posts.

70
 8/16

(Minutes)

I have spoken to Mr. Satter about this. He sees no objection to what the original proposer & for as we are concerned

Op. to J.O. Smith

at once.

H. J. R.

8/14

8801
 10/16/03
 70
 8/16
 11395

Next subsequent Paper

70
 11395

C. O.
11826
RECEIVED 3 APR 07

Commissioner's Office,

Nairobi,

March 24th 1907.

EAST AFRICA PROTECTORATE

No. 93.

(Encl. 2.)

My Lord,

642/01

With reference to my despatch No. 12 of January 17th I have the honour to transmit to Your Lordship herewith two further letters which Mr. Zaphiros, the Abyssinian Boundary Inspector, has addressed to the Acting Sub-Commissioner of Kismayu.

Zaphiros
19th 1906.
do.
18th 1906.

2. As already reported, Mr. Zaphiros appears to be endeavouring to divert the local trade from Italian territory to Kismayu. Uniseworthy as these efforts may appear they by no means assist us in our control of the Ogadins for they render useless the blockades which we have instituted at the ports of Kismayu and tend to give to the Ogadins the means of deriving

Principal Secretary of State

the Colonies,

Whitehall Street,

LONDON, E. W.

tribute from the trading parties. Mr. Zaphiros also mentions that he is able to send 500 mules to Kisumu, where however they are not required. I am unaware whether there would be any objection politically to asking Mr. Zaphiros to divert the trade from its present route to Naivasha or Nairati. There is a road running from Golba via Marsabit (or Sorgoti) to Rumurti which is said to be 16 days marches. It is a dry route but, I believe, not so arduous as the Somali trade route via El-Wak, Wajir and Afmahu. There is no doubt that with a little assistance goods from British East Africa could successfully compete with Italian goods in Somalia and South Abyssinia and a steady supply of cheap mules or ponies would prove a great boon to the settlers. The 500 mules that Mr. Zaphiros mentions will, if sent to Kisumu, be purchased at a cheap rate by Somalis, whilst if sent to Nairobi they would be eagerly bought by Europeans, numbering not about 1000, many of whom are only too anxious to obtain draught or riding animals. Should Your Lordship approve of this proposal, I would suggest detaching a Collector to act as

as political agent at Marsabit to promote the commerce and intercourse and to control the caravans passing between this Protectorate and Roman.

3. With regard to the indiscriminate slaughter of elephants referred to by Mr. Zaphiros, it is distressing to think that Italy, one of the signatories to the Game convention, should do so little to carry out her obligations and should still permit the export of contraband ivory from the ports of Brava, Merka and Mogadisho.

I have the honour to be,

With the highest respect,

My word,

Your Lordship's most obedient,

humble servant,

J. J. Gallen

Acting Commissioner.

Sirre Borana 18th 10. 06

INCLOSURE 208

In Despatch No. 94 of Mar. 8 1907



Sir

I duly received your letter sent by Goduna yero Safari, which lately arrived from Kismayu. I have the honour to inform you, that my position here is, to watch the Abyssinians movements in Bolaha and the south to encourage the trade, to neutralise if possible the commercial road of Bugh, and Bardera, to open the road through Wojjera to Kismayu, and persuade the natives of our country, Gabrii, Sakuye, Ajusan, Gabras, and Borana to send their animals, and ivory to Kismayu, where I hope they shall find a better market, than that of Bugh.

Since four months not a single Safari passed through Gabrii to Bugh, and I believe that when the Bourni will definitely settle with the Abyssinians for an circulation between Kismayu, and Borana, districts as Korso, Gardulla, Sidamo, and many other in the south of Abyssinia will buy their goods from the market of Borana.

All the natives are very pleased to be delivered from the Alps and being fond of trading they readily accepted to send their goods to Kismayu if I shall protect

Sankarai Gahri 10. 12. 07

84

INCLOSURE ~~no. 2~~

In Despatch No. 94 of ~~Mar. 8~~ 1907.

Sir

I have the honour to inform you, that the Ogaden Rer Sunat, and Doulihan have assassinated the father of Ahmed Merjan near Bardera, it was reported here that Ahmed Merjan came to Kismayu, and took from the Government of Kismayu 30 Rifles in a cart, and killed above 100 men, women and children. I don't know if the above report is true or not, a messenger from Bardera affirms, that the Rer Sunats, have been killed with rifles, and the Rer Abdullah supports to have taken from the above two parties above 20 thousands Camels, goats, and Cattle, the Rer Sunat crossed the Gamaale River, and went to the Italian side, the Ogaden Rer Abdullah sent word to Wojiira, and stoped all the Safaris at Wojiira for 3 months.

Many Gahris from El Wak with a great number of animals left Wojiira for Kismayu, lately the Gahris tuff. and Kurar, reports, that the same caravan from El Wak were attacked by the Ogadens

myself I don't believe it, all the Gahris are now
 with great anxiety, if the said caravan should
 not attacked on their return, and if you shall
 persuade them to not have any fear in the future
 on the Bagaders, hundreds of Gahris from here
 with a great quantity of Ivory shall come to Kis
 sayu when the rain season commence.

According to your desires I am sending you
 caravan with mules, which I hope they will
 find a good market, I shall advise the company
 encourage these Safaris, and give them a good price
 for their mules for the present if they return please
 promise to send you next caravan 500 mules
 more.

I should be much obliged to you if you
 send me a report of all the Safaris which
 arrived for the last 6 months at Kisimayu if possi
 ble the names of the Safaris and the quantity of
 animals ^{and ivory} wholly brought down to Kisimayu.

As to the Ivory I have already reported to
 you that I have had orders from Sir John H. Sturgeson
 to confiscate all Ivory which the Bush people kills in
 the country, but I find out that it is impossible for
 us to do so, as the frontier is on a line of 200 to
 300 miles long, and in all our country there is thousands
 of elephants, and hundreds of elephant herds, which

impossible for me to watch, there are Watus, Boranas
 gurans Gabras, Sakaye Gabris, Sigodis and Sugh people
 who kill elephants in the night waiting on the wells
 but when the elephants are coming for water, they are
 attacked by them with spears and fleches, the Watus
 and many other people live on elephant meat, when
 I first went to confiscate both tusks, I first sent
 the news went to all the hunters, and it was
 known that I did not cut to pieces my self and
 25 soldiers which I have, I told them that the
 men who kill elephants without permission shall
 be punished and sent to his majesty, but they know I
 do not have 500 soldiers to put in different places
 to watch all the wells, so they continued to kill
 elephants and sent the ivory to Sugh and Baderan
 I sent about hundred hunters to Sugh, and
 now there is about 100 but they are British
 subjects and their country is south of the line I
 went to confiscate their fleches, they refused
 definitely I was obliged to call all those
 people in a general meeting and informed them
 that if they do not obey my orders, I shall call
 them off my business from Koursa and make a visit
 to them, this made them hear to reason and it was
 settled between us that one tusk shall be given
 to the government and the other to the man which

at the elephant with condition to take a pass from me
 I rent it to Kismayu in case he brings ivory to his
 I. with out a passport from me shall be confiscated
 you on his arrival the female elephants tusks
 will be given to the Government, the Safaris who
 brought their ivory from the north of the line, shall
 send report to me about it, take a pass and go
 to Kismayu, in case of going to Suah or Baiter
 shall pay Custom duties 20 per hundred, all the
 while watching that no ivory shall pass to Suah
 south their country until the Safari pays his Custom
 duties, I gave orders and put two temporary bus
 houses at Solo, and at Baiter, under the name of
 of Galeri and Chaban Alys, the Safaris seeing
 they have to pay a tax of 20 per hundred, and
 they declared that in the future they will go to
 Baiter the Safaris at Solo and Baiter, with
 ivory which come from Baiter, and Sibon if they
 have a market at Solo, not a single tusk shall
 go to Suah so in a short time I closed the road
 Suah and Baiter, I dont believe the Officer of
 Suah will like it, but I cant help it, seeing hundred
 tons ivory every day crossing to Suah from our coun
 try and the elephants being ours, and killed by his
 order in our country I thought that it would be better
 stop it, I am very sorry for him, but he must

for other places in the future, for 2 years now
the Ivory of our country went to Borava, but
we will try to send it to Kisimayu.

The forbid shooting for the present is impossible
two reasons. first the hunters will not obey my orders
if they don't kill some Elephants, the Elephants
go to the north and will be killed by the Abjins
who are killing any female, or young one, which may
before them, while our tribes have strict orders from
to kill only male Elephants, and prevent the Ele-
phants to go to the north, until today I took from
hunters 54 tusks male and female, hope to
them to Kisimayu next rain season, until then
hope to have 100 tusks.

I hope that you will support me by advising
Safaris to not come down without a pass from me
when their Ivory shall be confiscated by you, as for you
high is impossible the road is watched by a whom they
see their Ivory to Borava is also impossible, the Abjins
when they found Ivory in the hands of the Safaris
only take all the Ivory, but confiscate the animals
the I now will sell it.

The Safaris which I am sending down many
them are high people, I hope that you will ensure
them, and give strict orders to the Ogadins to leave
road free to all Safaris, and not take taxes from them.

Lately the Don Merchants took 600 Camels
to collect the Opium at the west of Canada, by
a letter to Chieft. Dimaic to return those animals
until today I have no news, those Don Merchants
are very troublesome, all of them have fled as
they don't obey any government.

An messenger from Solo arrived up here upon
that Uyay Sul Sakit is preparing him self
to fight, but they don't know where direction
I sent a special messenger about it to Sir
S. Harrington

The caravan which were with Chieft. Dimaic
is arrived here with a letter from you in which
Brook and Gabino are preparing to send a
number of animals at Kismayo, they report
in this relation the Aulichans try to assassinate
nearly everyone and if there do any work of
the Sulais and Gabino are preparing to come
to the land relation where a great
caravan with Berabas find them with coffee salt
I hope shall come to Kismayo

The Sakuye are collecting a great number
of skins, and they are preparing to come
to Kismayo

The Gabras encouraged by manufacturing to
bring some a great number of Camels, and goats.

The first messenger Mohammed Ben Uragi didn't
 want please if it is at His Majesty to not give him
 money, as he took many animals during his
 from the natives by giving my name, a month
 shall be a good thing to him.

I hope to have some news from you very
 the country question with Shyima is not yet
 set.

I should be very glad if you would suggest me
 the question of Troop of the Sajaris had not a year
 in my place to confiscate their Troop. If you do
 all the hunters will report to me their Troop.

Kore and Bendell suppose to have a great
 number of Troop, which I hope when the Boundary
 line is settled to exchange it with clothes for
 Government. I reported about it to Sir John
 Mungton. The Sajaris don't go for the present affair
 he assassinated, reports that the Kore and Bendell
 are great men of Mardouy.

Lately the Kore came at Allagan and
 at 2 Gabris and took about 1000 goats.

I should like very much if you would
 send my stores through Wajjeran, as the Gabris
 Wajjeran reports that they are afraid to send
 animals to Bardere, the Don allersikians whom
 inhabits the country near Bardere are not in fact

was with the Gahris.

The bears of the present Saleh ashoo
Aub. have 8 mules bought from the Sorama they
have well, they may return it they like but
we dont give them any rifles.

Please kindly to send me a good small
ale. of 200 lbs. for the Ivory. also I am sending
the lesser some samples of beads. kindly to
me 50 Bug worth, and 25 pieces (hokoko) -
black shash, the women put it on their heads.
here also 100 Pieces of Tobacco for the natives.

Could it be possible, that the company to
send me a liste which will enable me to see
what merchandise will find a good market
at Kisimayu, so I should be able to import
sugaris to bring down to Kisimayu.

I am going to hear from you very soon
I have the honour to be Sir
Your most obedient servant
J. C. Zeyher.

British Southern Frontier

Major H. F. Keekpatrick
Sub Commissioner

Zululand.

from the Ogadens which are in the south of Wajjira
 was informed that the Ogadens oblige all the Safaris on
 return from Kismayo to give them a sort of tax
 unless they refuse to let them pass through their country
 Gahrro, Ajaran, Gabras, and Borana have a terror of
 Ogadens, and when they are asked by me, they decline
 to give me exact accounts about the tribes which took
 taxes, in any case I am waiting to see how they
 behave to the Safaris, which have been sent by me
 with Brooy to Kismayo.

I hope that you will not for the present
 send any Indians, or Companies to come up here, as the
 African question being not definitely settled, the Abyssinians
 do not like to see any white man, or peoples with
 a coming from the south.

I should be glad if you would inform me
 at what time of the year the River Ganalle is navigable
 a many days takes the Steamers of the Emperor Navigation
 Company to go from Bardera to Kismayo, if they shall
 passengers and transport, and if the Safaris shall
 their goods to Bardera, will the Company buy the
 goods, if so I should like to send the Safaris to Bardera
 in the month of Feb. Mar. Apr. May, June, July, Aug. Sept. and Oct. in those months there is
 water from Wajjira until Fanzal 8 days march
 Camels, while in the rains season, they shall come



to pass through Woffera. If such arrangements are made the Safaris would be able to trade all long the while now they are waiting for the rains to start.

If the company shall have a market at Bardera on our side, and the British Govt a Custom house watch the Safaris from going to the Italian side the Gahri, Ajuran, Bigote Gabena, Gabra, Ahya which are near Bardera, the Waki and Kaka, will buy their clothes from the market of Bardera, while now they are provided from the Italian side.

I wonder if the steamers of the company come up to Suge, as there is some cataracts betw. Bardera and Suge, but if they do come, and the company shall have a market at bold south of Bardera near the junction it shall have great sales, the yearly importation at Suge from the north of Bardera is reported to be above 500 tons ivory, which come from Haban, Arusi, Gurra, Web, Bir, Addo, the Safaris which are coming from the above countries, and willing to cross the Ganalle they have to go through our country, arising from the Ogaden, the H. is, which are on the east side of Ganalle between the Gurra and Suge so the Safaris coming from Arusi, Haban, etc. must first cross the Bardera, and then cross the Ganalle at Woral, once they

as the Gawa they are on the British soil, and if
 have a Custom house, and a market at Solo, not
 safe Safari shall pass to Sugh, the Ogaden Ker
 Kab which are on the east of Gannale, and suppose
 he Abyssinian suspect that sent me word saying
 they are very pleased with the British for taking
 possession of Solo, and at the same time to protect
 from the Abyssinians, they like to be ruled by the
 British for but they don't want to ask protection from
 us.

With regard to the Safaris of Ahmed Marjan
 were imprisoned by the Abyss authorities of Boran
 not by me. I came just in time from Adis to
 rescue the Abyss from taking all their goods, and the
 the Abyss reports that they check some having the
 they asked him, from where he came, to which they
 he soon replied that he was sent from the British
 man with a letter to Gedu chief of Sabu and
 Woldi, the Abyss seeing that he was rather
 than an envoy, and having not a letter from
 Emperor Menelik, they proposed to conduct him to
 Custom house, which he refused, when I arrived at
 the Abyss were preparing to confiscate their goods, and
 them to Adis, of course the Bonalis denyed all, I was
 to send their passport to Sir John Harrington and
 a permission from the Emperor for them to trade



Dorana they were retained 6 months by the Abyssini
 authorities at Auro, when they were released they bought
 20 Horses and Cattles, and left here lately for Nairobi
 & strict orders to not try to exercise any influence
 with their guns, or buy a single tusk Ivory, Enquiring
 Somalis of Berbera, and their promises I oblig'd
 to give me a warranty for two thousand Rupees
 case they disobey my orders. (Copie of their pass-
 included) I send word with them to the chiefs
 Kora, and Rendille to send me some of their peo-
 ple, and it was agreed that two of them shall come
 with the Rendille, I was oblig'd to do so, as the
 lately came near my camp at Jolba, and killed
 Doranas, if the two Somalis will come back, I
 give them as Bakshish some Ivory and send
 to Kismayu, during their imprisonment at Auro
 of them runaway to Kismayu, on his way he
 some tobs and animals from the natives of Jolba
 giving my name.

With reference of the Dealers buying guns
 in the Alps I am taking the opportunity to com-
 mence to you some reports which I obtained from
 east, and west of Cahalle Riv.

A Safari from Alarka who was present
 the fighting which took place before three years
 been beyond Blue Sagid of Arusilant, and the tribes

... have killed 1014 Solais 6 hours from
 above, but the Abyss, cartridges being finished
 above tribes suppose to have killed above 1000
 Abyssinians, and took their rifles then rifles now sup-
 pose to be in the hands of the Ogadans, and in the
 hands of the above mentioned tribes, I am further
 informed that some Abyss merchants at Karanly
 will sell cartridges to the Ogadans: I send
 a post to Sir John Harrington about it. A day
 ago an Abyss chief of the Gaheri tribe, and Karanly
 reports that some Sigoris have rifles, taken by
 Abyssinians in a fighting which took place
 one or two years ago. I called up here their chief
 and Karanly, and they promised me
 to bring any rifle which his tribe may have.
 It was reported to me that the natives on
 Italian side have communications with the
 Ogadans of our side, and even they sell them
 rifles I don't know if the above report is true
 if the Ogadans are procuring rifles, surely
 they will be given to them from the natives of the
 line as to the Abyss selling rifles, I don't see
 any possibility, for they are about 400 miles from
 the line, and they don't come except for fight, since
 their arrival not a single Abyss crossed the line

at Solo neither at Borana.

According to your desires I told to all the
aris to buy mules from Kiso and Borana
hope to send you many Safaris with
mules and Cattles hoping that they will find
good market.

Kindly inform me what articles can
be a good market at Kismayu.

Hoping that you will send Mlamo back
at the stores as soon as is possible to you.

I have the honour to be Sir
Your most obedient servant

J. C. ~~Maghino~~
British Southern Frontier Inspector

Major H. F. Kirkpatrick,
Sub. Commissioner
Kismayu
Sudaland.

DRAFT

The Under Secretary of State,
Foreign Office

15 April

MINUTE

- Mr. Reid - 9/4
- Mr. [unclear]
- + Mr. [unclear] - 15/4
- Mr. [unclear]
- Mr. Lucas
- Mr. Graham
- Sr. H. Gannonney
- Mr. Churchill
- The Earl of Elgin

Sir, I am directed by the
 Earl of Elgin to transmit
 to you, to be laid before
 the Committee, my note with
 reference to your letter of
 the 4th of March (N. 4017),
 the accompanying copy of
 the report from the
 O.A.G. of the S.A.P.
 enclosing two letters
 from the Abyssinian
 boundary Inspector regarding
 the diversion of the land
 trade from Helin to
 British territory

Copy sent on 22nd April 1902

Copy to O.A.G. 27

2. Lord Elgin proposes,
subject to his Majesty's
consent, to authorize
Mr Jackson to
establish a College
at Marsebit for the
purpose of promoting
the commercial intercourse
& controlling the ^{traffic of the} commerce
passing between the
Protestants & Moslems.

3. Marsebit is

situated about

2° N. lat. & 58°

E. long.

3. I am ^{very} to wish

attention to what is stated

by Mr Jackson in the

last para. of his despatch

& to suggest, for his Majesty's

consent, that

some representation should

be

be made to the Italian
Govt. as to the necessity
of its carrying out its
obligations under the
Geneva Convention

I am

Yours