

EAST AFR PROT

672

REC
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6272

Governor 91
elfield

1914

7th January

previous Paper.

Mr
1/252COLLECTIVE PUNISHMENTS ORDINANCE
FINE OF IL MERISIA CLAN OF PURGO (MATAI) MORAH

States circumstances in which fine as seen inflicted. Provides report on its collection in due course.

Dr G. Fielder

Approve of the following action?

J. S.19/1/14
P.M. 2 o'clock

The time the value of the Native property is very heavy, and I should be disposed to say that while we are not prepared to interfere with the Government's discretion the ~~present~~ punishment is severe, and that there is a risk which we presume he has kept before him of disproportionate punishment raising permanent feelings of resentment among the tribe and

Subsequent Paper.

Mr
1/25
40349

This fund. The main object of collective punishment is to establish the Rule of collective responsibility, and its measure should be the what is necessary for that purpose rather than the resources of the tribe.

Ch. 70.2.14

Agree

20.2.14

If, as the Com. says, the fine
is to be fixed at

10/- per head

that the Bill is stated to be
230 read and the fine 1,000
head or about 60 times.

8/2/14

Dr. G. Fricker

see reply below, but
we have already had enqry
regarding the fine of 10 times the
value of the stock. See para 4 of
our conf. depo. of the 17th of Feb 13
in Dr. 12-13 + para 4 of the fo^{rth}
sup.

10th April 113 (1611/13) in which
he states that the punishment
of ten times the value of stock or
produce stolen would not be considered
severe under native law and added
is frequently exceeded for crimes
considered less serious by civilized
nations.

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With regard to the Harcourt's
written near the words of the
ord^c as "ten times the value"
I take it that the significance
is explained by the fact that
the native cattle are more valuable
than those stolen (one native
cattle = 23 scd of a stolen).

N. J.R.

25/4/14

I think that the earlier minutiæ were
written in forgetfulness of the date at
which they were agreed to in 1611/13. And I submit
that in the case of a series of cattle thefts
accompanied by murder the punishment
should be death according to the existing

In the Cole case it is hardly desirable &
challenging the application of the DPPA
but as we are quite clear as to the enforcement
of the minimum penalty as offensive
I therefore don't press } On 26.2.14
the DPP below pending }
further course

I was not aware of the decision on 16/11/13
In view of that decision we cannot
write as proposed

Patby.

Ch.

27.2.14

E. 28.2.14

I agree
I had forgotten 16/11/13

Off 2-3-14

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,

NAIROBI.

BRITISH EAST AFRICA

C 272

January 27th 1914.

EAST AFRICA PROTECTORATE.

No. 31

Sir,

I have the honour to report the circumstances under which I now deemed it advisable to inflict a communal fine on the II Meriano clan of the Purko (Masai) Morani under the collective punishment Ordinance 1909.

2. It appears that a series of cattle thefts, in connection with one of which a Somali was murdered, were perpetrated between November 1912 and April of last year during the exodus from Laikipia and at a time when the Masai were moving freely between that place and the new Reserve. Suspicion at first fell on natives of another tribe and a military patrol was despatched to the North of Laikipia with the object of recovering the stolen stock, which by this time numbered more than 230 head, and punishing the offenders. As a result information was elicited which served to establish the fact that the Masai were the real perpetrators of the thefts and that the stolen cattle had been taken to the Southern Reserve. Certain animals were subsequently recovered and these were identified as having been among those stolen at various times.

THE RIGHT HONOURABLE

3.

LEWIS HARJOURT, P.C., M.P.,

SECRETARY OF STATE FOR THE COLONIES,

DOWNING STREET, LONDON, S.W.

3. At the same time insufficient evidence was adduced to warrant the conviction of individual members of the clan, though there can be but little doubt that the actual offenders were permitted to move freely and at will among their own people, who not only on every occasion displayed the utmost apathy, but withheld any information which might have incriminated the guilty parties, and made no effort to assist in the recapture of thieves who had escaped from custody.

4. The cases were tried by the Officer in Charge Masai Reserve, a Magistrate of the 2nd class, and the evidence taken and his findings were referred to the Attorney General, who has expressed the opinion that a communal fine may be levied with propriety. I have, therefore, sanctioned its infliction to the extent of ten times the value of the stock stolen, or 1,000 head, on the "Moran" of the Il Merisho clan.

5. The fine is in no way disproportionate to their means and I will not fail to furnish you in due course with the report on its collection required by Section 8 of the Collective Punishment Ordinance 1909.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your humble, obedient servant,

H. Cawdy Beauford

GOVERNOR.