DESPATCH EAST AFR. PROT. No. 5 785 Rec: 17 FEB Q8 aler 19 1908 Kenia foresto 11 Jan Copies of Himster by Ch Conservator of foresto or Hawager, Rly. A Mutchins will again lunglest Kenya forest. Junter up. as acquired a recessary to deal with certainfant raisely it France 727593 4. J.R. 20/2

West Dean Park 12. 45. or Love 201 13. 12. L/5 Ein Greve. Namick + 9 howard I applied for locas for some timber limits on mount Kenia. lesson a tolerable from a vy vily know tanto fun il ottave

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APPER AND STATE OF THE STATE OF

Governor's Office, ...

January 11 1908.

C.O. 5785 Reco Reco Reco 17 FEB 08:

(No.19)

My Lord,

With reference to the papers which accompanied Your Lordship's despatch No.522 of the 19th Septem er last, I have the honour to submit copies of Minutes by the Chier Conservator of Forests and the Eanager, Uganda Railway, dated, respectively, the 24th and 30th ultimo.

Er.Hutchins s proceeding to inspect the Kenya forest spain accompanied by Mr.MacGregor Ross, and I think it ill be desirable that we should be in possession of the further information that will be acquired, particularly in regard to the area of the forest, before certain of the questions raised by Mr.Moreton Frewen in his notes on Mr.Mutchins' report are finally dealt with.

I have the honour to be, With the highest respect, My Lord,

Your Lordship's most obedient, humble ervant,

age Saxler

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M. PRINCIPAL SPORETARY OF STATE

FOR THE COLONIES,

DOWNING BIRRET,

LONDON, S.W

INCLOSURE -

In Despatch No. 9 Jan 18 1908

MINUTE.



Forwarded with accompanying note regarding the area of Kenya forest. The delay in forwarding these papers (which I regret) is due to my absence from Nairobi.

Value of timber. Twenty-four pence is an obvious misprint for 2.4 pence. This is the average value of timber standing uncut in the South African forests.

Working the timber. Mr. Moreton Frewen objects to working the timber on conditions which will preserve the forest. He would like to clean fell the forest instead or utilizing the timber by thinning and ensuring its reproduction. No doubt large areas of forests have been worked destructively in America but the practice is wasteful in the last degree, and it railing, more and more, into disrepute. It has been conclusively proved that conservative lumbering in America costs little more than destructive lumbering.

In Cape Colony the forests have been worked for nearly a quarter of a celury on conditions similar to those proposed for Kenia. One million pounds sterling has been apent during the last quarter of a century on the extension and conservation of the Cape forests so that destructive working there would not be periously entertained.

E. HUPURENA.

Chief Conservator of Porests

12/07

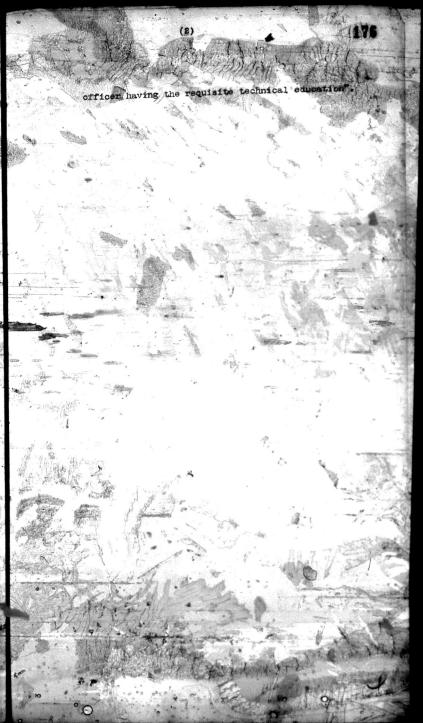
NOTE.

Forest Office, Nairobi, December 200 1907

Report on the Forests of the Protectorate by B. E. Butchins.

Mr. Winston Churchill (when discussing forest matt with me at Fort Hall) gave me a positive injunction that my report on the forests of the Protectorate was not to be published until I could add something more definite regarding the Kenia forest area than the estimate given in my preliminary report on the Henia forest. My tame spent in the Kenia forest last year was occupied with the examination of the timber. On returning to Nairobi I found to my surprise that the maps available in the Survey Office were so unreliable that I followed advice and discarded them. I formed a rough estimate of the area of southern Kenia taking my marching distance. I was not permitted to visit the northern Kenia forest but made a rough estimate of its area based on native reports. See my preliminary report on the Kenia forest, page 14: Colonial Reports, Miscellaneous, No. 41.

Mr. Winston Churchill contemplated an extension of the survey operations under Major Smith but I understand that the latter is not, at present, able to accomplish this. Failing an extension of Major Smith's operations I suggest a further examination of the forest by myself and a recommaissance survey by the Director of the Public Works Department, Mr. Macgregor Roas. Mr. Ross is willing to undertake this duty. He has had previous experience of the country above the bamboo and talks the Kikuyu We should be prepared to do this in January or country mext before the communication of the rains taking the state of the prepared to be seen apportant that the recommissions should be undertaked.



MINUTE.

From the papers I take it that the principal woods for export are Cedar, Yellow-wood and Camphor wood and from the table on page 25 of Mr. Hutchins' report the average weight of these woods may be taken at 70 cubic feet per ton.

A full train load of timber would consist of 13 vehicles carrying say 8 tons each = 104 tons say 100 tons per train / = 7000 cubic feet. 3 trains per day for 300 days in each year >6,300,000 cubic feet.

This we could work with comparative ease.

id per ton per mile is the absolute minimum rate at which we could attempt to handle this traffic. In fact I have never contemplated carrying it at less than id per ton per mile.

ad per ton per mile on 450 miles at 70 cubic feet per ton = 3.2d per cubic feet.

Even allowing for the wood being green and weighing more than 70 cubic feet per ton, say even 50 cubic feet, Mr. Frewen's figure of 5d per cubic feet is somewhat high.

I disagree with Mr. Hutchins' idea; of carrying this timber at id per ton per mile; it is out of the question. So also is his idea of increasing the gauge of the Railway to 4'si. If this traffic ever developed to such an extent as to make it impossible for our existing line to work it we would increase the weight of our rails and use heavier engines.

H A.F. Currie.