



4303

DESPATCH.

Part

EAST AFR. PROT.

C. O.

5814

Rec'd
REG 17 FEB 08N^o. 5814Governor. No.
Jackson 48

1908

22 Jan ?

Last previous Paper.

Govt
917
of

(Subject.)

Emperor Navigation Co^(?)

Establish of trading station on R. Gaba

This report by Act 2 Port. bonairi His major
object is a rough sketch of route in neighbourhood
of Bandar. Capt. Salter has been invited to conclude
no route in Co^(?) but to fix proposals to any other
he may think fit to make for consid^r. Remarks as to cost
of proposal

(Minutes.)

Mr. Read

This is interesting, specially in
connection with the reports of
Mr. Neal & Marquis Hornigold
for trading on the Gaba. It
confirms what we thought before
that on the one hand there are
considerable possibilities of
trade on the Gaba, & on the other
considerable danger of trouble
with the natives.

There is one point which I
do not understand - &
that is exactly where the
latter are coming up

Received 2nd April 1908
Read 197 23 Apr. 1908

Independent Paper.

1588

1/2/08

The July issue is here omitted refutes
The Empress Navigation Co. is
about depart, & I understand
that Mr. Nittrouer upon plan
Mr. Brown seems to have taken
refuted a significant
consisting of Messrs London
Messrs A. & W. Nicollett, &
Sir James Loring & Son (now
bankrupt). I think we all
well to Messrs London you
quic.

MP 19/2

W. antarctic
So forced? You will note
that - and toward the end of Mr.
menings report start the trade
rifle. This - going to be a big question
later on - not only for the S.A.P. but for
the whole of the Pacific. If the Pacific
cannot support - make up their minds to
tackle it effectively now. A copy of the
report to me - with the sketch - orig.,
to go to the U.M.C. 3rd floor No.

Mr. Ellis,

309

The sketch of Bardera enclosed in this des-
patch has gone astray between the printer and the Sta-
tionery Office and can not be found. It would be well,
perhaps, to ask the Governor to send home another
copy to make the record complete.

E. D.R.

4.2.09.

Mr. North
Dear paper of an
empty
3pm sent
Mafie
stone

Governor's Office,

Nairobi,

January 22nd 1908.

No. 48

C.C.

5814

Rec'd

Rec'd 17 FEB 08

My Lord,

With reference to Your Lordship's Telegraph No. 264 of the 2nd of May last, on the subject of the establishment of a trading station on the River Juba at Bardera by the Imperial Navigation Company, I am to instruct you to transmit a report from the Surveyor appointed Captain George Simeyau, together with a rough sketch of the place in the neighbourhood of Bardera.

I. With reference to the last paragraph of Captain Mackald's letter, he has been instructed to conclude arrangements with the Company by forward their proposals and any observations he may think fit, along, for consideration.

II. The embassage mentioned will consist of 1000 porters which will have to be recruited, but it must not be lost sight of that a large element of risk is connected with the establishment of any trading station amongst those turbulent and treacherous Somali tribes. It is only a few days since I received a telegram from the Charge d'affaires at

Addis

U.S. PRINCIPAL SECRETARIAT.

FOR THE COLONIAL

PORTUGUESE

LONDON, ENGLAND.

Adis Baba advising me that in the opinion of the Frontier Inspector, the Company must be particularly wary and vigilant in their relations with the tribesmen in the neighbourhood of Bardera who have an exceedingly bad reputation for treachery and violence generally.

I have the honour to be,

With the highest respect,—

My Lord,

Your Lordship's most obedient,

humble servant,

(F. Jackson) ~~J. S. Jackson~~

(In the absence of H.E. the Governor)

Provincial Commissioner's Office,

KISHMAYU.

December 20th 1907.

No. 110

Sir,

I have the honour to enclose

1. Mr Manserh's reports.

2. Copy of sketch, Bardera.

3. Copy of Mr Mansergh's letter to Sir J. Harrington

4. Copy of Mr Mansergh's letter to Mr Zaphife.

Copy of steaming times and notes on tribes I have had
to compare with my own notes previous to placing them
in the local intelligence books.

Irwin started on the 12th October en route to
Bardera and I caught him up on the Government steamer
"Rose" at Celib near Wifudu on the Italian side having
on board with me Mr Mansergh whom I intended to introduce
to the Gesha chieftain.

After conversations with Lieut Verzani the Italian
Resident at Celib I gathered that the Adjurans having
made themselves obnoxious and having heard of the plan
of the Italian Government to transfer the Officers and
men of the Bardera and Tughi garrisons by water
(mentioned in my letter No 61 of October 6th 1907)
thought this meant an attack. This plan was afterwards
dropped, but the idea had remained. I, therefore,
thought it advisable to send Mr Mansergh with the Com-
pany's steamer in case of any trouble with the Adjurans.
As will be seen however from Mr Mansergh's report the
trip was quite successful and received everywhere with
friendship.



Mansergh suggests the North of the Bechuanas visited by the Manager of the Company and himself as the best for a station. Vide sketch map.

The Company ~~will~~ doubtless have to employ agents to trade for them and probably open in due course another station at Lugh.

The movements of Signor Perdunchi seem to be bringing him to the neighbourhood of the upper waters of the Juba and I should say although no doubt engaged in examining into the traffic of arms he is also reporting of the best methods of developing and turning the commercial possibilities of those regions into Italian territory and it seems possible that the Emperor Navigation Company if they do not enter into some agreement with the Italian Trading Company which I understand is to have monopoly of the trade in their colony of the Benadir may meet with some opposition from that Company.

If my Signor Ferrandi was right as to the possibilities of trade expansion both at Bardera and Lugh but there seems little doubt this trade would expand. As the traders are mentioned by Mansergh as coming from Uganda I do not know.

It seems right to conclude that a trading station at Bardera would have very little of success and moreover I feel sure the more the country is opened up the stronger the position of government becomes and the less likelihood there is of guerrilla with the Somalis. The fact that people from our side are crossing to the Italian side has been known for long but

3.

should be largely corrected by the presence of a British Officer in Sesha, who I understand will shortly arrive.

18. Mr Irwin has applied for a concession of 2 miles of river frontage and 1 mile back from the river, for his station at Bardera. At first I agreed to this but after consideration it seemed ~~xxxxx~~ rather large and I suggested a square of 300 yards each side which he said was too small and I am still in correspondence on the subject.

fc.
I have the honour to be

Sir

Your most obedient servant

R. S. Pratap
Ag Provincial Commissioner

Dated 18th January 1907.

KISAYU.

20th November, 1907.

C.O.

5814

Rec'd

Rec'd 17 FEB 28

Sir,

I have the honour to inform you that I returned from DAWAERA on the fourteenth of this month and beg to submit a report on the journey.

As you know after reaching GELIB, owing to information received from the Italian Resident at that place to the effect that some opposition might be made by the AFRAY at KISAYU DAWAERA to the company steamer's passage, you ordered me to accompany the steamer.

At various places therefore before arriving near this tribe I took particular care to find out whether any opposition would be made to our passing.

I gathered that SIRIK ANGUL DAWAERA had not the slightest intention of interfering with us as his quarrel being with the Italian Government and not with the company.

I therefore decided to go on. On passing the village the people shouted to us to come and tie up there, but I decided that this was too risky and so went on to cut wood on the English side well above the village.

At all the villages both on the English and

Acting Provincial- Commissioners.

KISAYU.

and Italian side of the river I noticed that the natives were only too pleased to get wood and sell it to the miners or the company.

It will of course take time for them to understand what a large quantity of wood is required.

From after about about forty seven miles above GORI there were the villages on the British bank are very few and far between and it seems that the people have mostly gone over to the other bank because the Italians can afford give them some sort of protection from outside tribes.

I heard several other reasons for their going such as objections on the part of the Goria chief's but I am inclined to believe that the first is the main reason. This is a great pity and I hope someone will be sent to Goria soon. We crossed a large watering place on the right bank I sent two men off with letters to the MUSSE, AHMED HAMMAD and HASSAN telling them that we should shortly arrive at HAMMAD and explaining to them the company's idea of building a station there.

There were no Somalis at HAMMAD as there has been plenty of rain up country.

On arriving further up there were a good many Somalis and the Somalis, mostly HAMMAD, AHMED and Mohamed. Some had heard that we were coming.

On our arrival at HAMMAD we were met by Major BURTON the resident we then went over to HAMMAD where we met with a most friendly reception from the Somalis.

I explained them for what purpose we had come up and they informed us that a store such as company wished to make was just what they wanted as at present they have to cross over to SAWA, where, although

BARAWA charge them the duty which they themselves have to pay at the Coast.

It is to be hoped that the company will be able to divert this trade down the River to Kisumu.

I wrote to Mr. Legaire who was said to be somewhere near ZENYI informing him of the arrival of the Company's steamer and requesting him to do all he could to get the Baras to bring their ivory etc to Serenli and come sending it over the river also if possible to come down to Serenli to discuss the prospects of trade. Unfortunately we were unable to stop until the 15th November by which date he could have arrived at Serenli owing to the fall in the river I however wrote again and asked him to send any information he could to Kisumu.

I also wrote to Sir John Harrington at ADIS ABABA giving him all information I could and asked Mr. Legaire to forward it. Copies of letters enclosed

Signor Pernachchi is on the WEST side of ZENYI and is making his way to the Baran country possibly in the interests of the Italian Government. Two Europeans from Uganda are at a place called TURKANA in the north of Baran.

They have northern Somali ambris with them and an ivory safari of theirs passed through ZENYI the other day on the way to Baran to buy cloth etc.

Just before we unfortunately had to leave MR. HARRINGTON told me that one of the ambris of these Europeans was trying to get a pony from his tribe in order to ride down to see who we were as it has apparently been put about all over the country that this company is an Italian one and not English.

We were informed that the greater part of the trade goes through ZENYI to the coast. I could not get anything out of the Resident at MOMBASA but I know

I learnt from other sources that the amount of ivory both male and female from the Beran country for the last eleven months was 2200 pounds (7500k lbs).

The trade has greatly decreased as the Abyssinians from the North take all out of the country. A few years ago six to seven hundred families passed through DANTHARA in one year.

The company must remember however that a great deal of this ivory is underwater and therefore could not pass through Kismayo under the present regulations. But there is other trade besides this and I would let the company send their agents to Beran. If they can get places free Sennari they should meet with a fair measure of success later on.

I communicated this message to Lord Elgin's places for a possible site for a fort and forwarded a rough sketch of our proposed fort.

The place called Dantbara is the best I think although it may be on a surface river which is very dangerous. It would be easier to cross the river and take refuge with the Italians.

None of the watering places are marked which are now showing in the wet season. There will be many more in the dry and I would advise the company to give them a very wide berth when making their boma and shambas as it is well known that most of the cows amongst the Somalis themselves are over the right to water in certain places.

As regards the murderers of Sheikh Ali three two of them were at Berthara itself three days before we arrived. The other three are living with the ~~REBELLION LEADERS~~ two days from Sennari.

They have been to the Resident at Berthara to ask him to let them live on the Italian side but he refused.

If we had been able to remain until the 15th I think it would have been possible that the Mahilah might have brought them in to me. Fifteen more OGHRE HABHOOD have run away from the Mahilah in the North with their rifles and are joining the murderers.

The HIR ADDAD have bought forty rifles from the Abyssinians. The HIRRIHAN have fifteen rifles and the BARRATHENI fifteen. Farrah Ibrahim of the TUR ADDAI section of the AULIYAH has eight Government rifles given him by Mr. Jenner. He was told to these in but our sudden departure will probably be his excuse for not doing so.

There is no doubt that the Serreni Somalis are gradually getting quite a number of rifles from the Abyssinians who are being rearmed and are selling their old rifles.

This will probably be a big question later on.

I forward you the following documents:-

Letters to Mr. Saphire. Letter to Serreni chiefs namely HIRRIHAN, AULIYAH, BARRATHENI, MAGHAUBL, MOHAMED SHIRIR. Notes on some of the tribes. Letter to the Resident Governor asking him if possible to keep the murderer of Sheik Ali Mohar in his prison. Letter to Sir John Biggington at ADIS ABABA.

I hope later to send you my diary which may be of some interest, also the steaming time and places passed.

In conclusion I beg to bring to your notice the following names of people who have done excellent work:-

Haleib (Auliyah) who acted as my interpreter
Osudwan Ali interpreter

Miftendi Mohamed Agion who acted as trader for the manager of the company, selling all the goods.

to Farnworth Brothers as soon as we did. The company had only five beharings.

And lastly I would ask you to convey to the manager of the company my best thanks for his kindness and hospitality to me during my stay on the steamer.

Sc,

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

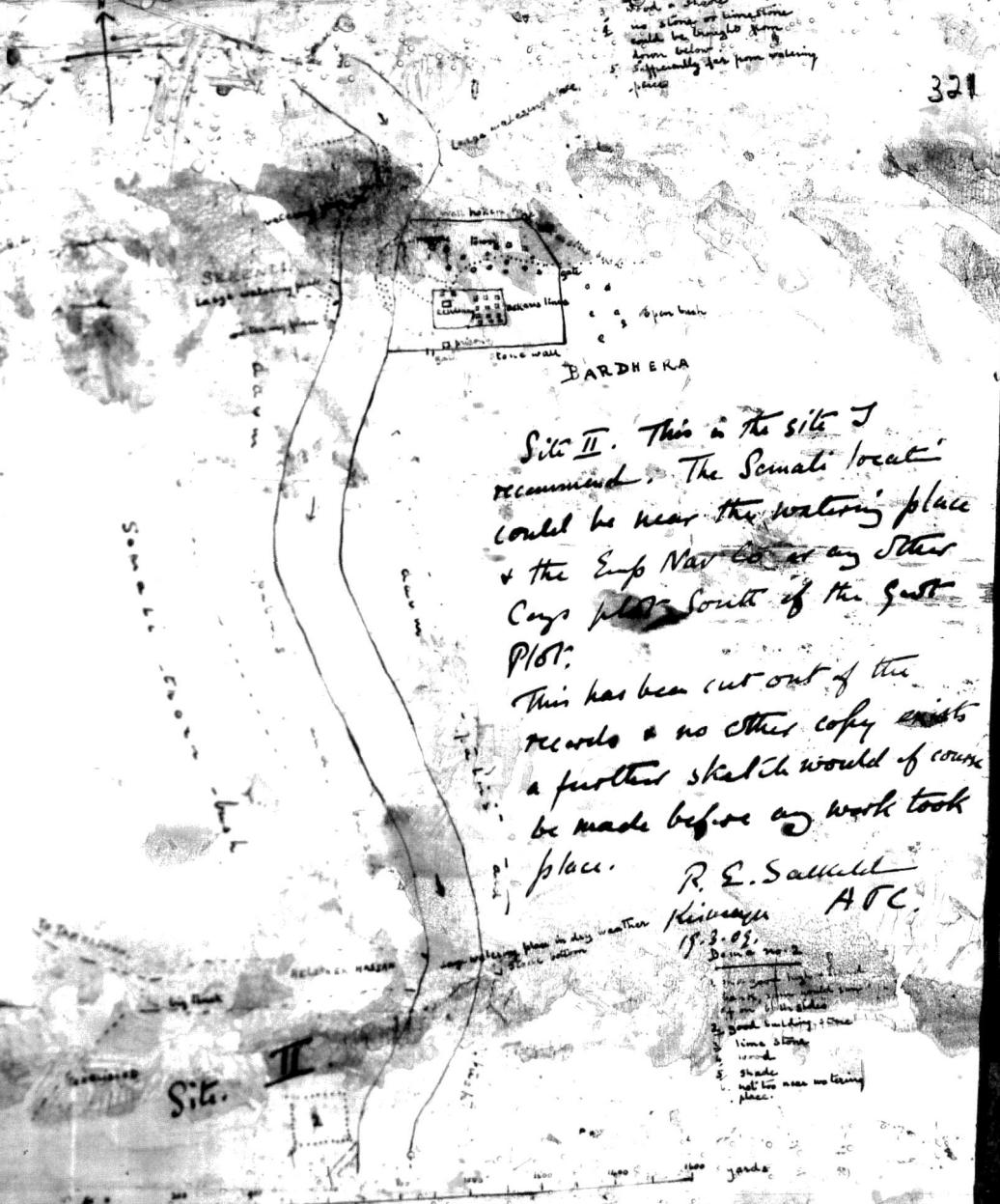
Your most obedient Servant,

W. J. C. Manganah

Assistant District Commissioner

Kismayu.

Rough Sketch of JUBA RIVER
NEAR SERBNL.



Site II. This is the site I recommended. The Semali locatiⁿ
could be near the watering place
& the Eng Nat Co. or any other
Coys plot south of the Gant
Plot.

This has been cut out of the
records & no other copy exists
a further sketch would of course
be made before any work took
place.

R. E. Sallatt
Inspector A.T.C.

19/3/03.

Draught no 2
1. The ground is very flat
2. The water is very shallow
3. The soil is very light
4. Good building stone
5. Lime stone
6. Woods
7. Shade
8. Not too near watering
place.

Scale of yards inchies to one mile.

R.F. 10560

J. L. L. - Inspector
of Irrigation and
Drainage Commissioner

5814

y. S. Gov
5814

E.A.P.

322

DRAFT.

Mapas F. Lindesay Esq.

100 25/p/f

27 Feb. 08

gentlemen

W. n. t. b. l.

letter from this dept.

+ of the 18th of May

I am directed by
Lord Elgin to inform
you that, so far as he
is aware, Mr. Williams
has not waited him
self of the permission
he gave to him to
establish a trading
station near Buda.

2 H.L. however, fears
that a Mr. Kruin
representing another
interest has adver-
-ised the job

16/1/15

1/1/08