

APR 30, 1900  
The Secretary of the  
Federal Reserve Board

The question of the  
control of currency  
has been one of the  
most important subjects  
discussed in the  
annual report of the  
Federal Reserve Board  
for 1900, but the  
discussion which finds

more important  
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THE WRITING IN THIS VOLUME

IS TOO CLOSELY BOUND

INTO THE VOLUME TO

REPRODUCE IN ENTIRETY



49 Adams Rd  
Barnstable  
J. W. O. S.

469

W. H. Johnson Lt  
Nov 17 1906  
I have the  
license to inform you that  
I have forwarded to  
the Post Office for the parcel  
to the Custom Office  
to the Transportation  
Restriction Office.  
Other info will follow

In the course of the next  
few days

479

I have the honor to be  
Sir  
Your most obedient servant

J. M. Smith

To  
The Under Secretary of State  
Colonial Office  
Sir

11 Kings Bench Walk  
Temple Ct

51 110 8  
172

Mr Parker

I am enclosing the

drafts Custom Form 10  
which you have prepared.

It may I would suggest  
that each section be typed

on a separate sheet, each  
under its own heading.

It is necessary to rearrange  
the order in which the

sections follow each other.

The typesetter has

collected  
52

collected by the Chief  
 Customs & Comparison  
 provisions which he has  
 submitted for the  
 consideration of the  
 Board of Customs  
 and Excise  
 The present law  
 subject of Customs  
 is very important  
 and should be declared

created from time to time  
 by the method adopted by the  
 Board for carrying out the  
 provisions of the  
 Act of 1874  
 and of increasing the  
 value of the  
 duties of such method as  
 the Board may think fit.  
 The existing provisions  
 relating to the value of goods  
 for which duties are leviable  
 (Customs Regulation 1878 sect 9)  
 and the Sea Customs  
 Act 1874 Sect 30  
 that Act provides that  
 a definition of such  
 value which should be declared



collected by the Chief  
 Customs & Comptroller  
 of Customs which he  
 is to submit for the  
 Protection of the  
 Revenue  
 The present law  
 subject of Customs  
 is a very important  
 and a very important  
 subject which should be declared

created from time to time  
 the method adopted by the  
 Government for carrying out the  
 duties of Customs for the  
 purpose of assessing the  
 value of goods of which  
 duties are levied in  
 such manner as  
 to be most beneficial  
 to the existing  
 revenue of the  
 country  
 (Customs Regulation 1874 sect 9)  
 See Customs  
 Act 1874 sect 30  
 that Act provides, it is  
 a definition of  
 goods which should be declared

a all foot. & there is to the  
 106 a further provision  
 for fixing & publishing the  
 values from time to time  
 for the purpose of levying  
 duties (sect 22) only to the  
 extent there has been no tariff  
 value or duty collected on  
 the real value (sect 31)

The Chief of Customs is directed  
 to publish the similar regulations  
 for the Protectorate & provide  
 to be made in the draft for  
 publication of tariff values  
 from time to time. The  
 fact that tariff values have been  
 fixed by the draft & the Chief  
 of Customs who is perfectly  
 qualified to do so.

What for such work  
 The following Acts & Ordinances  
 have been inserted in forming  
 the draft

India Sea Customs Act 1876	
Sierra Leone Customs Court: Ord.	1952
Natal Customs Court: & Shipping Act	1899
Cape Customs Ord.	1864
Education Customs Ord.	1852
Gold Coast Customs Ord.	1896

The

The Enactments principally  
followed in the Sea Coast

Law Enacted by the

1802

Has power for the  
Examination of cattle &  
Sheep medicines & dipping  
preparations to avoidance  
with instructions necessary

for the Colonial Surgeon

Secretary  
T. Smith

The Enactments principally  
following are the Sea Customs  
Law Customs Act 1862  
1862

It has power for the  
extension <sup>the duty</sup> of cattle &  
Sheep, hedges & dipping  
preparations in accordance  
with instructions received  
from the Colonial Secretary

Secretary  
Colonial Office