



1921

Last Previous Date

Next Subsequent Date

conquists in our India ~~China~~, I recommend that when a Reserve has been definitely and finally marked out, the setting aside of the particular tract should be accompanied by a formal ceremony. I would require that a competent Government Officer, either the Sub-Commissioner of the Province, or the Collector of the District, should go round the boundary with the Chiefs, and that afterwards the representatives of the tribe should be collected together in some central place, and be given with due ceremony, by H.M. the Commissioner, a deed conveying the land to the tribe for ever. It should at the same time be made clear that the gift is absolute and that no subsequent government will have power to revoke it.

11. In this connection I would observe that I have lately laid down the following principles in dealing with requests for land by Christian Missionaries inside Native Reserves. I have told the applicants that, while I am in entire sympathy with their aims, and recognising that they wish to be as near as possible to the people among whom they have come to work, still we must do nothing to break our promises to the people. To this end I have informed the missionaries that if the Chiefs will consent, I shall make no objection to their having small plots of ground inside

choose a heavier material for a jacket and breeches instead if they want a larger area they shall need for it outside the receptacle the same form as the other clothing this seems to me to be only just. Breeches may be made of wool or cotton or silk or any other material which will hold up. Blouse, breeches and coat to be made of cotton or silk or any other material which will hold up. Blouse, breeches and coat to be made of cotton or silk or any other material which will hold up. Blouse, breeches and coat to be made of cotton or silk or any other material which will hold up. Blouse, breeches and coat to be made of cotton or silk or any other material which will hold up. Blouse, breeches and coat to be made of cotton or silk or any other material which will hold up.

*Montgomery.*

Commissioner for Safety

20. 3. 1917.

*W.W.*

HOME SECRETARY NOTE REGARDING LUBERIA DISTRICT, NATIVE  
SETTLEMENT NO.

My note of the 20th instant has been discussed with  
A.H. Mr. Jackson, Acting Commissioner, and Mr. Goldsmith,  
Acting D.G.P.W. Commissioner.

LUBERIA DISTRICT.

There was a doubt whether it was advisable to move  
some natives who are occupying land on East of the  
Luberia Kericho road.

Mr. J.B. Ainsworth, collector of Kericho, says he has  
arranged the removal with the Chief, and the Chief is  
quite satisfied. It is very important to have the road  
the boundary without break. There will of course be  
no removal until the land is actually required for  
settlers.

Mr. Bentley stated that the low lying land between the  
River Uganda and the Encampment on the N.W. of the  
proposed Reserve should be kept out of the Reserve  
because it was not really needed by the Luhya, and it  
is good land which will be sought after by settlers for  
cotton cultivation.

Mr. H. Ainsworth presses for the area being included  
so as to give room for expansion of the tankery and  
there are saltlicks there, where the Luhya take their  
cattle. He also states that the tract is unhealthy,  
and one white settler who took up land there died, and  
his partner left.

It was agreed that the lowlying land between the  
Encampment and the River Uganda be kept for the present  
outside the Reserve.

~~CONFIDENTIAL NOTE REGARDING UGANDA DISTRICT, EASTERN  
MARCH 10,~~

My note of the 20th March has been discussed with  
H.H. Mr. Jenkins, Acting Commissioner, and Mr. Hobley,  
Acting Survey Commissioner.

Uganda Reserve.

There was a doubt whether it was advisable to move  
some natives who are occupying land on East of the  
Karamoja Kericho road.

Mr. J. S. Ainsworth, collector of Kericho, says he has  
arranged the removal with the Chief, and the Chief is  
quite satisfied. It is very important to have the road  
the boundary without break. There will of course be  
no removal until the land is actually required for  
settlers.

Mr. Hobley stated that the low lying land between the  
River Uganda and the boundary on the N.W. of the  
proposed Reserve should be kept out of the Reserve  
because it was not really worked by the Indians, and it  
is good land which will be sought after by settlers for  
certain cultivation.

Mr. H. Ainsworth presses for the area being included  
so as to give room for expansion of the Indians and  
there are saltlicks there, where the Indians take their  
cattle. He also states that the tract is unhealthy,  
and one white settler who took up land there died, and  
his partner left.

It was agreed that the lowlying land between the  
boundary and the River Uganda be kept for the present  
outside the area.

Proposed.

outside the strip available for white settlement, but that it be not definitely included in the Laramie Reserve for the next 2 or 4 years, until we know more of the conditions, i.e., until we know whether the Indians really need the land and whether it is suitable for white agriculture. In any case the salt lakes would have to be reserved for the Indians.

SECOND PROPOSAL.

i.e., the Commissioner agrees to come along being marked off in a single line along the proposed new road to the South Park, on condition that we find no indications of set aside traps to the plains, and that sufficient openings are left between the villages for the people to pass through freely upon their way to the west. It shall also be a condition that we receive a sum of \$1000.00 from each Indian their lands.

THIRD PROPOSAL.

The new road thru the mts. will be on the Arkansas River, as I believe. This is very favorable, for both the natives may be able to use it to get off without passing through settler's land.

However it will be well to mark a strip on the extreme West joining the South and North boundaries so that the owners of the two tracts may be able to pass through freely with each other. Mr. Almoneth says when you go to a line running due south from Devil's Ranch and the Passenger will be instructed to approach with

the following supplementary note to add to the Quotations with a request that it be dealt with in conjunction

with the

SUR  
CProposed.

outside the area available for white settlement, but that it be not indefinitely included in the Indian Reserve for the next 2 or 4 years, until we know more of the conditions, i.e., until we know whether the Indians really need it, and whether it is right for us to take it away. In any case the salt lakes would have to be reserved for the Indians.

Small Reserves.

Mr. Mr. Commissioner agrees to form being worked out in a single line along the proposed new road to New World Party, on condition that the Indians are in charge of our work there & in all places, and that sufficient openings are left between the villages for the people to pass between freely up & down the road. It must also be a condition that the Indians of those areas must know their lands.

Small Reserves.

The new road will have to be on the St. Mary's River, as whatever else is done immediately, the last two Indians may be able to walk to the office without passing through settler's land.

Agreement is will be held to having a bridge on the extreme West joining the Three and Four Reserves so that the members of the two tribes may be able to communicate freely with each other. Mr. Commissioner says there will be steps in a line running due south from Barren Ridge and the Surveyor will be instructed to arrange this.

One supplementary note is added to the following viz: a request that it be dealt with in conjunction with the

opportunity,

I have forwarded a copy of a note,  
the question of the proposed  
Chumash, and Serrano tribes,  
white settlement.

As I would very much like to have a judgment of the proposed  
station be undertaken by the Survey  
of the farms along  
the river to be provided  
and their location mapped in detail by ,

in view of the difficulty of the Department cannot  
undertake such a survey at present  
and have therefore asked my  
officers.

As I am anxious to have the principles in my  
note well understood so far as  
they affect the Indians, I will add a few words.

I enclose with this a copy of the  
recommendation of Elizur T. Farwell to the  
Secretary of Interior. I will add a copy of my note.

Very truly yours,

George C. Ladd  
1874

## Memorandum.

Copy.

I approve of farms being marked off on the south side of the Lusaka - Kericho road.

The Public Works will, I hope, be able to undertake the alignment of the Kericho - Rotik road through Bureti.

If not, I understand you can arrange that this can be done at once by the Survey Department.

Though averse to allowing Europeans to have farms within a Native Reserve as the main road ~~is~~ magnetically run through the centre of the Bureti Reserve, it would perhaps be unwise to lock up all the land suitable for homesteads along the road. A limited number can be apportioned off on uncultivated land in groups of five, but they should only be granted to applicants on condition that they are fenced.

The position of the Rotik station should be somewhere on the Nyungwiri river in order that the Collector may be in close touch with the Rotik natives.

If possible the Bureti and Rotik reserves should be made coextensive by the addition of a strip of land between the S.E. corner of the former, and the N.E. corner of the

Sov<sup>z</sup>  
25222

E.A.P.

C.F.  
B. 31  
D. 4

525

512

Yours,

Sept.

14 August 1909

DRAFT.

E.A.P. n=489

Sir.

Sov<sup>z</sup>

MINUTE

Mr. ...  
Sir. ...  
Mr. ...  
The Hon. ...

Please be kinder  
to action. the receipt  
of your draft 2-231  
of the 10<sup>th</sup> off you will  
in connection with the  
quality of native  
resources and the lumber  
market and stick  
nitrate of the E.A.P., a  
the agreement on that, I  
submit the following observations  
to you of the 40 minutes  
and boundaries  
proposed by the C.-

1. In May, 22nd July 1909  
(25222)  
2. In July, 1st Aug 1909  
(25222)

3. In July or 23rd 1909  
(25222)

Plans for the  
and areas to protect

2. This report  
that a single line  
of fire, in close  
of red iron  
fire

and a series of

along -

the way -

you do not  
and a series of

with -

all our strength  
center of the Soviet

reserves

3. The government

attained of peace

with the area

rescue for nations

as a measure of

useful experience



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the last 3 to  
apply to the  
area to be used to  
action on the subject of  
military resources and  
in the Red West field  
of the People's  
of the People's  
and

Verbal  
Army  
to  
be carried  
by the action  
of the  
interference  
and of their  
feelings especially  
property of the  
area  
the staff  
the field

Before going to  
oppose to this proposal  
therefore it will be  
as if you will  
consider it after  
consultation with the  
Montgomery, and  
from the next a  
further extension of our  
ways to the west  
for such a step is

arrangement of the  
to my present offering  
of his ~~arrangements~~  
and arrangements should  
be made without delay for  
the induction of a wrought  
embroidery on the line of the  
a gross ~~and~~ which will  
sufficiently be covered  
for <sup>the</sup> ~~quarto~~ <sup>5th</sup> with  
after the arrangement by  
an opinion of the buying off  
~~the~~ ~~and~~ ~~and~~

~~and~~ ~~and~~ ~~and~~  
arrangements regarding  
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a gross ~~and~~ which ~~a~~ gross  
of ~~and~~ with a letter  
you should be often made  
or written ~~information~~

CO 515/29A

PUBLIC RECORD OFFICE.

526A

One Document, being a map of Luxembourg & environs

as been removed on MARCH 10 1923

H. Neary

C.O. 533 29

COPIED FROM THE ORIGINAL MAP  
IN THE LIBRARY OF THE PARLIAMENT OF  
THE UNITED KINGDOM





REPRODUCED BY AUTOMATIC  
PRINTING PROCESS



SURVEY DEPARTMENT,  
CADASTRAL BRANCH,  
East Africa Protectorate.

completely to relay the "field" after Trailing last year failed now to follow him available with the whole called portion of the line.

This circumstance naturally affects  
us all, but at the same time it must be  
remembered that the Apia Dept.  
is also situated about 15 miles  
from town how far it might  
be able to organize & envelop the  
existing labour supply in the districts

since Cd Sister would be in control of  
it, & it is impossible to suppose  
that he will take these facts into  
consideration before making his final  
negotiation, but I slightly think  
that he will do so for if he fails  
to succeed in lot of them before  
committing ourselves to any step in  
the matter of re-planting labour

as the same time however of course  
already established that certain areas  
in the Northern parts, which are suitable  
for European settlement, are only  
thinly populated, and are suitable for  
Irian settlement I don't think  
to a short run for re-planting  
existing labour would make  
any difference for the total the  
development of the area  
can only be pursued by the same

of isolated colonies. Isolated or otherwise  
are restricted to some stages by climatic means  
can never be descriptive of the origin of  
the future populations formed by General  
Montgomery. In the interests of the Govt/1977/27 will be  
reduced to a minimum if not wholly eliminated. It is  
worthy of note, however, that Europe is taking  
up land in the Soviet districts, thus part of General  
Montgomery's surroundings.

R.P.L. 7/7

objectives to be met in the first year  
of implementation of the new law is as follows.  
(1) To collect 100,000 slaves to slavery. This  
will be taken in 10 batches of 10,000 slaves in our  
countries whose population still has the right to be  
imperial before the formation of the colonies in India.  
most of them who prefer to emigrate elsewhere  
in exchange. i.e., the population of Slavery is in total  
empty handed. The objective is however, likely to be  
more limited to the States of Odisha, and it will be  
necessary to go to the extent to consider whether they  
are prepared to take the necessary steps to make  
this a full-fledged operation.

(2) The suggestion C.R. for just now, is to have  
the same number of slaves to be collected from  
the states of Bihar, Jharkhand, and West Bengal by the  
end of the year 1977/27. This will be done by the  
same method as described above.

at this day  
I am, writing to  
you & my regards to  
you in hopeing you to be  
as well as you may be & as  
to have a good time - I  
will write again & tell you  
what I have done

Yours very truly  
John C. H. Smith

for me to sell  
and see if you  
will buy it

11/14/9

at m

31. 7. 07

My dear Amelie,

I hope you will  
allow me to  
ask you to  
see me to  
the airport to look  
at the facilities  
in the area -  
for you  
Yours very  
affectionately  
John

3.7.07

Aug der Anreiche,

The sun is hot  
days for weather  
are to be  
in front looks  
it is good  
in the sun -  
now comes  
up and  
yesterday

with the Solmsen-Thomas concession that  
 the importation of Indian labour and its settlement on  
 the land was a prominent feature of the scheme; the same  
 will only be done by degrees of force to other  
 countries in the south strip, and as I have already  
 shown the inland fibre producing areas will require their  
 own supply of Indian labour.

Under the question of permitting

Indians to go to concession holders to obtain  
 employment in India may now be considered and  
 the question of a state for India may be addressed.

The areas referred to are very suitable for  
 the growth of Indian population, and then the Peshawar  
 valley with Afghanistan to the west of  
 the Indus - D. & R. railway, shall at the end of  
 fifteen years comprise 4,000, exclusive of Jammu &

the Srinagar area. The new legislature formally acting under  
 the constitution drawn up and bound by the conditions we  
 shall receive, as proposed by Major Baggett and Mr. Pyne.

COLLECTOR'S OFFICE

MARCH 16 1907

S. V. WADDE, 600

Sir,

I have the honor to report the following and continuation  
of Mr. Burt's & Mr. Macmillan's presentation.

Mr. Burt's & Mr. Macmillan's estimate of the population of the Teesta  
tributaries, I think, was exaggerated.

I take the population of the Teesta tributaries, namely, that of  
Bans and Telinga (as these people never intermix) and  
compute from Mr. Burt's & Mr. Macmillan's estimate  
that there cannot very well be over 10,000 men, old men, children and  
females, you may have about 4,000 able-bodied men fifteen  
years of age and upwards. But out of these there are  
probably about 1,000 who are not regular in their services  
and are engaged mostly by the rest or part of others.

There is no doubt that there are 1,000 or 1,200  
able-bodied men who are constantly at work, engaged  
in the public or other interests of the State. We could  
say, therefore, I suppose that about 1,000 or 1,200  
able-bodied men are constantly at work throughout the year.

During the three years April, 1904, or thereabouts probably only  
1,000 or less would be at work throughout the year, but the same  
is true for the year 1905.

As such, as you know, in April, the month of the annual  
rice harvest, 1,000 able-bodied people can earn  
nearly two to four rupees daily, which amounts  
to one rupee more than the last year, or 10  
rupees per day, or 1100 in one month.

Therefore, from your own figures in my letter

RECORDED BY PARADETTE  
DD-5104 - JUNE 1944

500

On the 20th of May, 1944, I was sent to the 1st Inf. Div. HQ, Fort Riley, Kansas, to attend the graduation ceremony of the 1st Inf. Div. HQ Platoon Leader Course. I was assigned to the 1st Platoon, Company A, 1st Inf. Div. HQ Platoon Leader Course. The course lasted for four weeks. We were taught various subjects such as tactics, leadership, and physical fitness. We also had to pass a written exam at the end of the course. The graduation ceremony was held on June 10th, 1944, at the Fort Riley Auditorium. All the platoon leaders graduated successfully.