

EAST AFR PROT

4353

governor Com
Balfield

1913

18th November

Last previous Paper.

Govt

LAND SALES

Colonial Report for 1910, brings a new level of responsibility to the Governor in the purchase of land from natives. It is now his duty to see that the native's rights are protected. The report also states that the Governor should have power to fix the price of land for the next five years.

To Sir Goddard,
Colombia this day on Sept 28th 1911.
 In respect of restrictions on native
 purchases and description of
 purchases. The Govt considers
 that the reasons given therefor by
 you and, I may say, agree
 with us, that in the altered
 conditions, they are not workable
 as regards the black earthy boulders
 of land when the Order comes into
 effect, the Balfield has I think
 overlooked the changes. The
 circumstances were at the date of
 3600 £ was written "the black and
 black earthy boulders might convert
 their tenanted tenures to state
 forested areas to the value of
 £1000 per acre for a period of 50

Next subsequent Paper.

Govt

Balfield

4353

before going to the Governor
till after the meeting of the
Govt put our point to him what
he gave us to say is very
different from what we said.

12/12/13

31/12/13

Yes we may put it, but the Governor is a man
with a very wide experience of land matters
and we should not press it against his
adjudication.

12/12/13

I agree with some doubts still.

1/1/14

Same doubts

EAST AFRICA PROTECTORATE

CONFIDENTIAL No. 164

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
NAIROBI,

BRITISH EAST AFRICA.

18th November 1913.

Sir,

I have the honour to submit the following observations in reply to the points raised in your Confidential despatch of the 10th ultime, regarding the restrictions which have been imposed on purchasers of land in auction sales recently held in this Protectorate. These restrictions are:-

- (1) that limiting bidders to the purchase of one farm only;
 - (2) that limiting the right to bid to persons who have not previously purchased land from the Government.
2. Both these conditions were prescribed with the same object, namely, to ensure as far as possible that every person desirous of making a first purchase of land from the Crown should have opportunity of obtaining it, and to prevent those already in possession of land from acquiring additional blocks for speculative purposes.

3. When the first auction sale was held in

THE HONOURABLE

LEWIS HARGOOD, P.C., K.B.,

SECRETARY OF STATE FOR THE COLONIES,

DOWNING STREET, LONDON S.W.

No 16791

In the last there was a large number of persons in the country who had been waiting many months for a chance of obtaining farms from Government, and I felt that it was necessary in their interests to impose the restrictions which are now the subject of discussion, in order that their wishes might not be frustrated by competition with others whose original requirements had already been satisfied, but I did not contemplate or desire that either restriction should be made a condition of future sales, and it was my intention to retain them only so long as was necessary to satisfy the demands of those who were waiting for land. This object has now been effected; the demand for land has subsided to normal dimensions, and the reasons which prompted the imposition of the restrictions having disappeared no cause remains for their further retention.

4. Moreover local conditions have undergone some change during the last six months. The demand for land is no longer pressing, and it is apparent that values have appreciated to an extent which renders it improbable that it will pay any person to hold land in an undeveloped condition on the chance of a profitable deal later on. The field of the speculator is becoming narrower, and I think it unlikely that advantage will be taken of the right of free bidding to purchase properties for a lock-up. In confirmation of my impression that it is becoming unprofitable to hold land in excess of

that

time which can be conveniently utilised, I may mention that Lord Belgrave is now putting up some ten thousand acres of land at Hjore which are to be offered by sale as consolidated lots.

4. My view therefore being that these conditions imposed have already served their purpose, and that no useful end will be attained by their retention, which under present conditions it would be difficult to justify, it does not appear necessary to say more than that I am in agreement with the opinion expressed in your despatch under reply to the effect that the retention of the first restriction under the Ordinance would be impracticable and that the removal of the second restriction is the necessary concomitant to the disappearance of the first. I have therefore telegraphed to you my recommendation that the restriction be removed and, assuming your approval of the abrogation of both conditions in respect of future sales, I propose to permit that bidding be unrestricted in respect of the number of blocks purchased and to direct that no bidder who is otherwise eligible be disqualified on account of the possession of other lands.

5. With respect to the point raised in paragraph 5 of your despatch, I would refer you to paragraph 20 of my memorandum on the Land Bill of the 27th of August, 1912, and to the final sentence of paragraph 6 of your Confidential Despatch of the 8th of November, 1912. In reply thereto, I there proposed and I adhere to the

No. 39416

No. 139 - Office No. 960

No. 139 - Office No. 960

57

view that on the coming into operation of the new Ordinance all persons then holding land in the Protectorate, by whatever form of licence or title, will have the option of tenure under the new Law. Considering the old titles in substitution for leases unchanged, my nonentity, with your expressed approval of that accommodation, a clause to that effect is being inserted in the Bill, the effect of which will be that holders of occupation licences under the old law may exchange them for leases if they desire to do so. I shall be glad to see this concession taken advantage of to the widest possible extent as the greater the uniformity of title the greater the simplicity and efficiency of future procedure, and I should most strongly deprecate the enactment of any provision which would have the effect of establishing and perpetuating any sort of differentiation.

7. In reply to the final paragraph of your despatch I have to inform you that no date has yet been fixed for the holding of the next sale, and that under my circumstances it will not be advisable to hold it as early as February next. I have communicated with you to this effect in my telegram above referred to. There being no demand for land at present, I consider it desirable that the next sale should be deferred until the allocation of sufficient farms to those who have claims to land on Malibip has been completed as far as practicable. It is impossible whence the rumour emanated that a sale would take place in

February but it is certain that no authoritative
statement to that effect has been made here.

I have the honor to be,

etc. Sir,

Your humble, obedient servant,

H. C. Way Respect,

GOVERNOR.



9 January 1904

DRAFT

* * * (Conf)

Sir:

Believe

MINUTE

Mr. Astorius 34/1/94

Murphy 3

Sir G. Fiddes.

Sir H. Just.

Sir J. Anderson.

Lord Binnott.

Mr. Harcourt.

I have the honor
to acknowledge receipt of your
circular despatch No. 164 of
the 18th of October, on
the subject of the regulation
regarding the removal of
stamps in the E.A.S.

2. I observe that, at
only for the reasons
suggested in my despatch
of the 10th of October last
ago because you are of
opinion that the structure
had served their purpose
we propose that under
the new Circulars dated
and by rule which are

No. 43567

Office No. 99.

No. 16791

Office No. 99.

~~we will hold in the colonies
interplated (27/2) you would
be pleased to know that
the S. H. did not agree with
the proposal of introducing
any distinction further than
has already been made
in the bill~~

of October 1913. The Decree
which I caused to be issued on the
27th of November 1913, by which
former dispatches were issued
provided for a system of
titles of occupancy, and
licences with conditions
precedent to the grant of a
lease, and no leases of
occupation being at the
time of the passing of the
Older World under the
present of concession which
I approved, have been
granted for the grant of
^{immediate} leases. But since it is
understanded that the system
of occupation leases shall
be discontinued over the
new Order, and the result
of an automatic conversion
of titles, would be that
all holders of an occupation
titles (the number of
which has greatly increased
over the years) could
not receive the same
titles because they had

+ No. 16798
Africa No. 992

I do not however, desire to
present the point of view
in consideration you are well
of opinion that the advantages
of uniformity ~~settles~~ are so
great as to justify the conversion
of all titles irrespective of
the conditions under which
they have been granted.

I have etc

J. L. HARCOURT.

In doubt as to life would be
gained, not only by bona fide
Settlers, but also by the
would be derived from
the progress of commerce &
agriculture before you
have reported to me.

W. B. BROWN, Esq. of the
11th of July 1871. (2687)