

EAST AFR. PROT

10.03.04

3-11

O.A.B.
Bawing Conf
115

1917

6 July

Last previous Paper.

CIVIL SERVICE
CONDITIONS OF EMPLOYMENT

States Mr P. H. Clarke desires resolution apptg Commission of Enquiry to be placed on agenda of next session of Legge Comm cil. Believes there are justification for dissatisfaction existing and recommends appt of a Commission. Requests telegraphic reply.

212

17th
at

W. Butler Bent H. A. Steel - Butlin

I do not think we can find any obstacle in the way of a proposal of this kind.

As regards Europeans, the question of adequate remuneration for the subordinates is of vital importance in a country in which the cost of living continually tends to increase. The

Senior men may be able to contract

their expenditure to a certain extent, but those who have wives or the past can save less in years to come, and possibly save less in the future. Hence

less money for their dependents, and

Ans. to 18 July 7
Butler Conf 23 Aug 17

Next subsequent Paper.

for 3rd Aug 17
29th Aug 17
(Admin Dept)

Brasenose.

Recommendations have been forwarded

to the Government when of finance present.

40/2857/5

I send on with this 13
36487, in which
Sir H. Balfour has made informal
proposals for improving the position
of heads of dep'ts. His details are
open to a good deal of criticism, but
they need not be considered now: they
only touch the fringe of the general
question and they may require
adjustment in the light of any
arrangement of scales of salary
which may be adopted for the more
junior ranks.

In many cases the recommendations
of the Commission, when made, will
probably be of less importance than
the question what we shall have
to pay after the war to get men. In
particular, I take it that medical,
and marine, and probably
engineering, officers will be able
for many years to dictate terms.

? Telegraph approving of the
apt. of the Commission, but say
that it will be desirable to allow

attention to discussions, as by
the way, the other
members of the Committee
will be asked to do the same.
I have enclosed also (6) Standard
for examination.

In a conference recently held
also, I discussed the question of a Board
& Department of Statistics - saying that the
statistics which have been collected
will be examined at the end of this
year in order to decide whether they
are sufficient as the basis for a
sound scheme, but add that, "the
investigation, & the subsequent
establishment of a scheme, will
take some time to complete."

6 Oct. 16. 8.17.

stab.

16.8.17

i. 2A

As proposed

16.8.17

The statistics from 1911 in comparison with
the corresponding one for 1910 - with other
columns.

1910

As proposed

AFRICA PROTECTORATE.

COLONIAL No. 115.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,

NAIROBI,

BRITISH EAST AFRICA.

57
6th July 1917.

Sir,

I have the honour to inform you that Mr. P. H. Clarke, Member Legislative Council, has asked that the following resolution may be placed on the agenda of the next Session of the Legislative Council:-

"That in view of the importance of maintaining and advancing the progress and resources of the East African Protectorate, recognising how essential a competent and efficient Civil Service is to meet and assist towards such an end, and recognising how necessary it is that Civil Service should receive such remuneration as the nature of their services and the requirements of the country demand, also with the object of ascertaining what grounds exist for the unrest and feeling of dissatisfaction, etc., with the terms and conditions of their employment, what I understand is prevalent at the present time amongst all branches of the Civil Service of this Protectorate, I beg to move

"That a Commission be appointed under the Commission of Inquiry Ordinance 1912 to inquire into the general conditions of the Civil Service and the inadequacy or otherwise of the remuneration attached thereto, also to ascertain the reason of any dissatisfaction that exists at the present time and to report as to the necessity or otherwise of improving the conditions and remuneration attached to the Service and to make any recommendations that may be necessary for the immediate treatment of such matter as may be required."

Right Honorable,

W. E. G. L.

Secretary of State for the Colonies.

11, St. James's,

London.

This resolution is, of course, improperly worded, and I will arrange for it to be altered so as to make it clear that it is not the Legislative Council, but the Governor, who is authorised to appoint Commissions under the Ordinance quoted.

During the recent Session of the Council Mr Clarke on two separate occasions referred to the question of the inadequacy of the remuneration of the Protectorate Staff, first in connection with the Appropriation Ordinance and later on the motion for Adjournment.

2. There is, I am afraid, a considerable amount of truth in the statement that a feeling of dissatisfaction with the terms and conditions of service exists at the present time. This feeling has, of course, been aggravated by the inflation of prices as a result of the war, but I am convinced that, quite apart from this, a considerable number of civil servants are not satisfied with their rates of pay and other service conditions. I believe that, if it had not been for the war, the question of the emoluments of the Civil Service would have been raised before, and during the past few months several cases have come to my notice where undoubtedly dissatisfaction exists. At the present time a number of civil servants, representing most of the Departments, have formed themselves into a Committee to obtain facts and figures for submission to Government.

3. Petitions were recently submitted through the General Manager of the Uganda Railway both by the European and Asiatic members of his staff. I replied to the effect that I understood that the Protectorate staff generally was organising a petition, and that that of the railway staff would be dealt with at the same time.

I drew attention, however, to the fact that, so far as war prices were concerned, civil servants could not expect to receive increased emoluments in order to enable them to maintain the same scale of living as in normal times, and that the first essential was for them to economise by simplifying their standard of living and reducing their purchases.

4. The Conservator of Forests has recently drawn attention to the rates of pay provided for European foresters, and asserts that it is impossible for any European to live on the minimum of the present scale, namely, £120 per annum. Individual petitions have also been received from junior officers of other departments.

5. I am of opinion that it will be necessary to go into the question at a very early date, and although I am naturally very reluctant to recommend that matters such as this be taken up at the present time, I nevertheless feel that, quite apart from the effects of the war, justification exists for the contention that certain members of the Staff are inadequately remunerated, and that the conditions of service generally will have to be improved if a high standard of efficiency is to be maintained and a contented staff secured. I believe one of the greatest grievances to be that there is no provision for pension for the widows and orphans of civil servants who may die during their service or after their retirement. The number of married officers in all departments is very large, and is increasing, and the mental worry caused to those who are not so fortunate as to possess any/

and private means undoubtedly detracts from the value of their services.

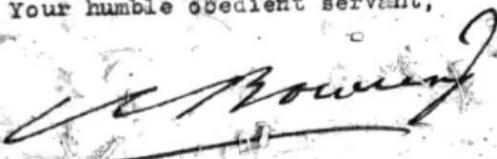
6. I feel therefore that it is my duty to recommend that the request contained in Mr Clarke's resolution be acceded to, and that a special Commission with non-official representation be appointed to go into the whole matter. I believe that Sir Henry Balfour is aware of the discontent which exists in certain quarters, and that it was only the existence of a state of war which prevented him from taking up the question two years ago.

7. I should be grateful if you would inform me by telegram whether you approve of a Commission being appointed, as indicated above, in order that I may be in a position to deal with Mr Clarke's resolution at the forthcoming session of the Legislative Council, which will probably be held early in September.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your humble obedient servant,

A handwritten signature in ink, appearing to read "J. C. Bowring".

ACTING GOVERNOR.

DRAFT.

Coden
Tela

Governo

Namibia

MINUTE.

Mr. Bromley 17/4/97

Letter is
at once

Mr. Grindle.

Mr. Lambert.

Mr. Reid.

Sir G. Fiddes.

Mr. Sted-Holland.

Mrs. Long.

Agenda

18 August

in view

of the debate of 6 July

concerning

Confidential 115^o Commission

opinions

on civil service salaries

problem

proposed offered but

consideration

in discussion in Legislative

Assembly

Council's attention should

summarise suggestion

be drawn to the Committee by

fellow members

of future financial

prosperous

position of Protectorate

and burden ~~to~~ ^{of} revenue

retarans

in respect of war

colonies

and partners

decisions

development

24/4/95

and the fact should
not be forgotten
in the deliberations of the
Committee.

3. I send you copy of your
letter to me re the
desirability of making
provision for the dividends
and other financial
affairs. This question was
considered by us (as
visitors) December 3, 1913,
and we then decided that
the trustees, however,
have no sufficient power for the
use of a basis for the
estimated dividends
which would meet the
expectations of the
and replace balance.

We thought, though,
it would be very difficult
to find a basis which
would be acceptable
to all.

[The debt due on
30383/13 West
Uganda]

directed that the
state tax credit have
been collected should be
carried at the end of
the year. It should
however be understood
that, even if the
auditors are found to
offer a sufficient basis for a
sound scheme, the
investigation and the
negotiations established
of a scheme must necessarily
take some time to complete
it.

Signed WALTER H. LANE