

## ELECTROMAGNETIC TENSOR FIELD OF FIRST AND SECOND CLASS

G.P. POKHARIYAL

The author and R.S. Mishra [1] established the identities in Nijenhuis tensor for first, second and third class of electromagnetic tensor fields. The identities for first class were non zero. In this paper I have obtained the identities which are zero for first class in tensor  $M(X,Y)$ . The identities for the second class have also been obtained in  $M(X,Y)$  with respect to electromagnetic tensor field in four dimensional space-time.

**Introduction** Our operational space is the four-dimensional space-time  $V_4$  of general relativity. Let  $F$  be the electromagnetic tensor field, which is vector valued linear function on  $V_4$ . Then  $F$  satisfies its own characteristic equation [2]

$${}^{(4)}X + 2K {}^{(2)}X + kX = 0 \quad (1.1)$$

for arbitrary  $X$ , where

$${}^{(\rho)}X \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} F {}^{(\rho-1)}X, {}^{(0)}X \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} X \quad (1.2)$$

$$k \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \det |F| \quad (1.3)$$

$$4K \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} -c_1^{-1} F(F). \quad (1.4)$$

Let  $X$  be a vector field, then the operation by which  ${}^{(1)}X = F(X)$  is obtained is called a  $F$ -operation. The electromagnetic field  $F$  is said to be of the

- (i) First class if  $Kk \neq 0$
- (ii) Second class if  $K \neq 0, k = 0$
- (iii) Third class (null field) if  $K = 0, k = 0, {}^{(2)}X \neq 0$
- (iv) Fourth class if  ${}^{(2)}X = 0$ .

The equation (1.1) is the lowest recurrence relation for first class and for second class it is given by [2]

$${}^{(3)}X + 2K {}^{(1)}X = 0. \quad (1.5)$$

Let  $D$  be the Riemannian connexion in  $V_4$ , then

$$[X, Y] = D_X Y - D_Y X \quad (1.6)$$

where  $[X, Y]$  is a lie bracket.

Considering the tensor  $M(X, Y)$

$$M(X, Y) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} D_{(1)X} {}^{(1)}Y + {}^{(2)}D_X Y - {}^{(1)}D_{(1)X} Y - {}^{(1)}D_X {}^{(1)}Y \quad (1.7)$$

such that, the Nijenhuis tensor is expressed as

$$N(X, Y) = M(X, Y) - M(Y, X). \quad (1.8)$$

Making use of the equation

$$D_{ax+b\bar{x}} cY + d\bar{Y} = ac D_X Y + ad D_X \bar{Y} + bc D_{\bar{X}} Y + bd D_{\bar{X}} \bar{Y} \quad (1.9)$$

the identities in  $M$ 's are obtained.

## 2. SECOND CLASS

**Theorem (2.1).** The following identity holds for second class :

$${}^{(2)}M ({}^{(2)}X, {}^{(1)}Y) - {}^{(2)}M ({}^{(1)}X, {}^{(2)}Y) = 0. \quad (2.1)$$

**Proof.** Using equations (1.5), (1.7) and (1.9) we get the result.

**Theorem (2.2).** We have the following identity for second class :

$${}^{(2)}M ({}^{(2)}X, Y) - 2K {}^{(1)}M ({}^{(1)}X, Y) = 0. \quad (2.2)$$

**Theorem (2.3).** The following identity holds for second class :

$${}^{(2)}M ({}^{(1)}X, Y) + {}^{(1)}M ({}^{(1)}X, Y) = 0. \quad (2.3)$$

Theorems (2.2) and (2.3) can be proved like theorem (2.1).

**Note.** By the repeated application of  $F$  operation to the vector fields  $X$  and  $Y$  we can have six different theorems from each of the theorems (2.2) and (2.3).

## 3. FIRST CLASS

**Theorem (3.1).** The following identities hold for first class :

$${}^{(3)}M({}^{(2)}X, Y) - {}^{(3)}M(X, {}^{(2)}Y) + {}^{(2)}M({}^{(3)}X, Y) - {}^{(2)}M(X, {}^{(3)}Y) - k \{M({}^{(1)}X, Y) - M(X, {}^{(1)}Y)\} = 0 \quad (3.1a)$$

$${}^{(2)}M({}^{(3)}X, {}^{(2)}Y) - {}^{(2)}M({}^{(2)}X, {}^{(3)}Y) - k \{{}^{(1)}M(X, {}^{(2)}Y) + M({}^{(1)}X, {}^{(2)}Y) - {}^{(1)}M({}^{(2)}X, Y) - M({}^{(2)}X, {}^{(1)}Y)\} = 0 \quad (3.1b)$$

$${}^{(3)}M({}^{(2)}X, {}^{(1)}Y) - {}^{(3)}M({}^{(1)}X, {}^{(2)}Y) + {}^{(2)}M({}^{(3)}X, {}^{(1)}Y) - {}^{(2)}M({}^{(1)}X, {}^{(3)}Y) - k \{{}^{(1)}M(X, {}^{(1)}Y) - {}^{(1)}M({}^{(1)}X, Y)\} = 0 \quad (3.1c)$$

**Proof.** Using equations (1.1), (1.7) and (1.9) we get the result.

**Theorem (3.2).** We have the following identity for first class :

$${}^{(3)}M({}^{(2)}X, Y) + {}^{(2)}M({}^{(3)}X, Y) - k \{{}^{(1)}M(X, Y) + M({}^{(1)}X, Y)\} = 0. \quad (3.2)$$

**Proof.** Making use of (1.1), (1.7) and (1.9) we get the result.

**Note.** By the repeated application of  $F$ -operation to the vector field  $X$  and  $Y$ , we can have six different theorems like (3.2).

## REFERENCES

- [<sup>1</sup>] POKHARIYAL, G.P. and : Electromagnetic tensor fields, Nijenhuis tensor in Tensor MISHRA, R.S. (N.S.) 22(21) (1971), 249-254.  
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 [<sup>3</sup>] POKHARIYAL, G.P. and : Electromagnetic Tensor Field, Nijenhuis Tensor (III), MISHRA, R.S. Revue Fac. Sci. L'Univ. Istanbul Ser. A. 35 (1970), 1-3.

MATHEMATICS DEPARTMENT  
 KENYATTA UNIVERSITY COLLEGE  
 P.O. BOX 43844, NAIROBI  
 KENYA

## Ö Z E T

Yazar ve R.S. Mishra bundan önceki bir çalışmada [<sup>1</sup>], birinci, ikinci ve üçüncü sınıf elektromanyetik tansör alanları için Nijenhuis tansörü cinsinden özdeşlikler vermişlerdi. Birinci sınıfa ait özdeşlikler sıfırdan farklı idiler. Bu çalışmada  $M(X, Y)$  tansörü cinsinden birinci sınıf için sıfır olan özdeşlikler bulunduğu gibi,  $M(X, Y)$  cinsinden dört boyutlu uzay-zamandaki elektromanyetik tansör alanına göre ikinci sınıf için de özdeşlikler verilmiştir.