Infection after depressed fracture in the west of Scotland

Sande, GM; Galbraith, SL; McLatchie, G
http://hinari-gw.who.int/whalecomwww.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/whalecom0/pubmed/7003708
http://erepository.uonbi.ac.ke:8080/xmlui/handle/123456789/31367
Date: 1980

Abstract:

Of 216 compound depressed fractures of the skull seen between the years 1974-1978, nine (4%) became infected. This is significantly less than the 10% found in previous years. Efforts are being intensified to train primary surgeons, stressing the importance of immediate referral and early treatment.